

Subject card

Subject name and code	Management of Database Systems, PG_00047963							
Field of study	Informatics							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2020		Academic year of realisation of subject		2023/2024			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university			
Year of study	4		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	7		ECTS credits		3.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	sessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Software Engineering -> Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Informatics							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Grzegorz Gołaszewski					
	Teachers		dr inż. Grzegorz Gołaszewski					
		dr hab. inż. Agnieszka Landowska						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	30.0	0.0		0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation in classes include plan				Self-study S		SUM	
	Number of study hours	45		3.0		27.0		75
Subject objectives	Subject aims at practical knowledge and skills of database systems administration, including security, efficiency and integrity management.							

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Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	[K6_W43] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, standards and methods of IT systems administration, monitoring of processes occurring in them and immunising them to undesirable phenomena and activities	The student knows the issues of administering database systems, including: - rules of user and permissions administration, - rules for database and instance management, - rules for tracking and optimizing database performance, - rules for creating data copies and data recovery.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U42] can apply tools and methods of designing, optimization, monitoring, management, increasing reliability and protection from safety hazards in local and distributed information systems and applications	The student is able to perform tasks in the field of administering database systems, including: - demonstrates the ability to install the Oracle database system, - demonstrates database and instance management skills, - demonstrates the ability to manage users, - demonstrates the ability to track and optimize database performance - demonstrates the ability to restore a database after a failure.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
	[K6_U06] can analyse the operation of components, circuits and systems related to the field of study, measure their parameters and examine technical specifications	The student demonstrates the ability to administer database systems, in particular: - to analyze and audit the security policy of the database system, - to measure of query performance, - to monitor database instance performance.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
	[K6_W41] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, the operation and evaluation criteria of data processing, storage and transfer methods, including computational algorithms, artificial intelligence and data mining	The student knows the issues of administering database systems, including: - rules for managing access to data (security policy), - principles of securing against data loss (rules for data backup and recovery).	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U09] can carry out a critical analysis of the functioning of existing technical solutions and assess these solutions, as well as apply experience related to the maintenance of technical systems, devices and facilities typical for the field of studies, gained in the professional engineering environment	The student is able to assess the state and performance of the database and instance.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
Subject contents	Introduction to database systems management. DBA tasks. Database system architecture, an example of Oracle DBMS Management of logical and physical database structures. Database system security: privileges, roles and users Database system security: creating archives and restoring Database system security: replication. Database system performance: tracking Database system performance: database tuning, capacity planning Database system performance: query optimization mechanisms Database system performance: clusters Tailure models of database systems and restore processes. Bug tracking and problem solving. Automation of DBA tasks					
Prerequisites and co-requisites						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and criteria	Midterm colloquium	50.0%	50.0%			
	Practical exercise	50.0%	50.0%			

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Recommended reading	Basic literature				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Lecture: 1. Christian Antognini, "Troubleshooting Oracle Performance", Apress 2008 2. Elke Phelps, Paul Jackson, "Oracle Applications DBA Field Guide", Apress 2006 3. Ron Ben Natan, "HOWTO Secure and Audit Oracle 10g and 11g", Taylor & Francis Group 2009 4. Sam R. Alapati, "Expert Oracle Database 11g Administration", Apress 2009 Laboratory: 1. Oracle Database 2 Day DBA, 19c. 2. Oracle Database Database Administrators Guide, 19c 3. Oracle Database Database Installation Guide, 19c for Linux 4. Oracle Database Database Client Installation Guide, 19c for Linux 5. Oracle Database Database 2 Day + Performance Tuning Guide, 19c			
		 Oracle Database Database Performance Tuning Guide, 19c Oracle Database SQL Language Reference, 19c 			
	Supplementary literature	No requirements			
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:			
		Zarządzanie Systemami Baz Danych 2023/2024 - Moodle ID: 30895 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=30895			
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	 Design a security policy in accordance with the given requirements and implement it. Describe the storage structures used in the Oracle system and explain their mutual relations. Why is an inconsistent copy of data is called an online copy? How can you restore consistent data from an inconsistent backup? 				
Work placement	Not applicable				

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