

Subject card

Subject name and code	Strength of materials	for Manageme	nt and Product	ion Engineerir	ng, PG_0	00502	56	
Field of study	Management and Production Engineering, Management and Production Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2020		Academic year of realisation of subject		2021/2022			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits		6.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	Assessment form		exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Mechanics and Mechatronics -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor Teachers		dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk					
, ,			mgr inż. Katarzyna Pytka mgr inż. Grzegorz Banaszek dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project Semin		Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	30.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	75
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	75		9.0		66.0		150
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic issues related to the strength of materials, from the basis of material strength, simple strength cases, complex strength to energy methods in strength and the basics of the FEM method.							

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Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	K6_K03	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This includes the topics mentioned in the subject purpose and later. The student has the ability to assess the usefulness of the presented content both from the point of view of designing technical objects and their operation in the broadly understood technology, energy and environmental protection.	[SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness [SK2] Assessment of progress of work [SK1] Assessment of group work skills [SK3] Assessment of ability to organize work [SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice			
	K6_W02	The student has the ability to analyze the basics of material strength, the compressive / tensile strength of a straight bar, strength analysis for statically indeterminate bar systems, torsional strength of bars, beam strength - bending, deformation of a bent beam, bar shear (shear bar), stress states, stress state and deformations, methods of determining stresses (shear forces, bending moments) and deformations for statically indeterminate bar systems, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of bars and bar systems - energy methods, determination of elastic energy, stresses and frames using the Maxwell method -Mohra, bar buckling, basics of the finite element method FEM. The student has the ability to model issues related to the strength of materials in the field of rigid bodies, biomechanics, mechanical systems, vibrations and basic mechanical structures.	[SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	K6_U01	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This applies to the topics mentioned in the purpose of the subject. The student has the ability to solve basic problems related to the strength of materials, including the performance of simple engineering tasks.	[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
Subject contents	The lectures concern, in turn: the basis of material strength, the compressive / tensile strength of a straight bar, strength analysis for statically indeterminate bar systems, torsional strength of bars, beam strength - bending, deformation of a bent beam, bar shear (shear bar), stress states, state of stress and deformations, methods of determining stresses (shear forces, bending moments) and deformations for statically indeterminate bar systems, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of bars and bar systems - energy methods, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of beams and frames using the Maxwell method -Mohra, bar buckling, basics of the finite element method FEM.					
Prerequisites and co-requisites	The student should have basic information in the field of applied physics and mathematics, mathematical analysis, numerical methods, solid state mechanics, including kinetics and dynamics, technical drawing and the basics of programming.					
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and criteria	Zaliczenie kolokwium i egzaminu	56.0%	100.0%			

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Recommended reading	Basic literature	 Bak R., Burczyński T.: Wytrzymałość materiałów z elementami ujęcia komputerowego. WNT, Warszawa 2001. Dyląg Z., Jakubowicz A., Orłoś Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa, t. I 1996, t. II 1997. Misiak J.: Mechanika techniczna. Statyka i wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa 1996. Kaliński K. J.: Nadzorowanie procesów dynamicznych w układach mechanicznych. Gdańsk: Wydaw. PG 2012. Gallagher R. H.: Finite element analysisfundamentals. New Jersey: Prentice Hall 1975. Niezgodziński M.E., Niezgodziński T.: Wzory, wykresy i tablice wytrzymałościowe. Warszawa: WNT 1996. Walczyk Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. Wyd. PG, Gdańsk t. I 2000, t. II 2001. Żmuda J.: Projektowanie konstrukcji stalowych. Wydawnictwo 			
	Supplementary literature	Naukowe PWN, 2016. 1. Ship Construction by D. J. Eyres, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2001. 2. Elements of Modern Ship Construction by David J. House, 2010. 3. Ship Construction 7th Edition, by George J Bruce, Butterworth-			
	eResources addresses	Heinemann, May 2012. 4. Ship Construction and Welding by Mandal , Nisith Ranjan, <u>Springer Series on Naval Architecture</u> , <u>Marine Engineering</u> , <u>Shipbuilding and Shipping</u> .			
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Assembly stresses - arise as a result of correcting dimensional differences of the connected elements of the structure. Example. To install a bar of length I between two vertical walls, increase its length by D. A tensile force N appears in the cross-section of the bar, which causes assembly stresses.				
	2. Example. A beam with a length of 2l and stiffness El, pinned at its ends, is loaded with a uniformly distributed load q acting on length I. Formulate the equation of deflection angles and deflection axis and determine the deflection angle and deflection at point B.				
Work placement	Not applicable				

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