

SDAŃSK UNIVERSITY 的 OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Electrotechnics and electronics, PG_00044580								
Field of study	Transport								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2020		Academic year of realisation of subject			2021/2022			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits			4.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			exam			
Conducting unit	Department of Electri	g of Transport -> Faculty of Electrical and Control Engineering							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor	dr hab. inż. Krzysztof Karwowski							
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr inż. Sławomir Judek dr hab. inż. Krzysztof Karwowski						
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Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	45.0	15.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	75	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:								
	ELEKTROTECHNIKA I ELEKTRONIKA (PG_00044580) - Moodle ID: 20390 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=20390								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes include plan				Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study hours	75		5.0		20.0		100	
Subject objectives	Students is able to solve simple DC circuits and AC circuits, both single phase and three phase. Student is able to interpret the parameters of electrical equipment. Characterized electrical devices. Student is able to perform simple measurements of voltage, current and power of DC/AC circuits. Interpret the results of the measurements. Distinguished between analog and digital electronic and telecommunications devices.								
Learning outcomes				Subject outcome			Method of verification		
[K6_W04] has to informatics, elec- telecommunical and control, info technologies, co geodesy and sa which is useful how it can be a		cs, automation ion ter graphics, e navigation iderstanding	Student has a basic knowledge on electrical engineering. Student is able to characterize selected electrical equipment. Student is able to characterize electronic and telecommunications equipment. Student is able to plan and perform simple measurements of electrical quantities.		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge				
	[K6_W03] has basic knowledge of hydromechanics, thermodynamics, machine design, materials science and electrical engineering required for understanding the principles of construction and operation of means of transport		Student is able to use the terms related to electrified transport infrastructure and vehicles.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U01] able to use technical documentation and literature, databases and other sources of transport related information; able to interpret information, make logical links and formulate opinions and conclusions based on the above		Students can use the technical documentation of electrical engineering. Student is able to look for and interpret new developments in the technical literature.			[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			

circuits. Ohm's, and Kirchhoff's law. Electric power and energy similarity method, node method and Thevenin method. DC nor bias point. Alternating current (AC) linear electric circuits. Meth waveforms on the resistance, inductance and capacitance. Co Power in AC circuit. Method of solution of AC circuits: similarity resonance - the resonant frequency. Three-phase electric circuit voltage in power electrical systems. Electric and magnetic field circuits. Transformers. Basic concepts of rotating machines. D control. Power electronics in modern electrical engineering. Pc power electronic circuits – converters and inverters. Electric in diagrams. Electrical safety. Protection in low voltage installatio and characteristics of semiconductor devices. Diodes. Transis with operational amplifier. Amplifiers. Generators. Power supp to microprocessors. Representation of numbers. Selected app of signals, types of transmission channels. Protocols and netw circuit, matching the source to the load. Kirchhoff method. AC using complex numbers. The concept of impedance, reactance power in AC circuits. Active power, reactive and apparent pow the current drawn from the mains supply mixed group of receiv concepts: line and phase voltage, line and phase currents for t The concept of three-phase power system. Simplified one-wire Operational amplifier circuits. LABORATORY Resonant circuit	LECTURE Classification of electric signals and elements of electric circuits. Direct current linear electric circuits. Ohm's, and Kirchhoff's law. Electric power and energy. The methods of electric circuits solutions: similarity method, node method and Thevenin method. DC non-linear electric circuits. Linearized circuit in bias point. Alternating current (AC) linear electric circuits. Method of determining of voltage and current waveforms on the resistance, inductance and capacitance. Complex numbers method. Phenomena of resonance - the resonant frequency. Three-phase electric circuits. Compensation of reactive power and voltage in power electrical systems. Electric and magnetic field. Sources of electricity. Magnetic coupling circuits. Transformers. Basic concepts of rotating machines. DC and Induction machines. Motor speed control. Power electronics in modern electrical engineering. Power switching devices. Review of standard power electroic a safety. Protection in low voltage installations. Low-voltage distribution circuit diagrams. Electrical safety. Protection in low voltage installations. Deversite electronics. Constructions and characteristics of semiconductor devices. Diodes. Transistors. Optoelectronics elements. Active circuits with operational amplifier. Amplifiers. Generators. Power supplies. Introduction to logic circuits. Introduction to microprocessors. Representation of numbers. Selected applications of microprocessors. The transmission of signals, types of transmission channels. Protocols and networks. TUTORIALS DC circuits. Power in DC circuit, matching the source to the load. Kirchhoff method. AC circuits. Representation of the waveforms using complex numbers. The concept of impedance, reactance, equivalent circuit method. The concept of power in AC circuits. Active power, reactive and apparent power, power factor of the system. Calculation of the current drawn from the mains supply mixed group of receivers. Symmetrical three-phase circuits, basic concepts line and phase voltage, line and pha					
Prerequisites Basic knowledge on matematics and physics. and co-requisites Basic knowledge on matematics and physics.						
Assessment methods Subject passing criteria Passing thresho	ld Percentage of the final grade					
and criteria Practical exercise 60.0%	20.0%					
Exam 60.0%	60.0%					
Report from laboratory exercises 60.0%	20.0%					
Bolkowski S., Brociek W. Zadania. Warszawa: WN dla nieelektryków. Warsz Układy półprzewodnikow Pasierbiński J.: Elementy	Bolkowski S.: Teoria obwodów elektrycznych. Warszawa: WNT, 2007. Bolkowski S., Brociek W., Rawa H.: Teoria obwodów elektrycznych. Zadania. Warszawa: WNT, 2007. Pr. zb. : Elektrotechnika i elektronika dla nieelektryków. Warszawa: WNT, 2007. Tietze U. Schenk Ch.: Układy półprzewodnikowe. Warszawa: WNT, 2009. Rusek M., Pasierbiński J.: Elementy i układy elektroniczne w pytaniach i odpowiedziach. Warszawa: WNT, 2006.					
Zbiór zadań wraz z wybra publication). Judek S., Ka Elektrotechnika, elektroni	Judek S., Karwowski K.: Elektrotechnika, elektronika i telekomunikacja. Zbiór zadań wraz z wybranymi rozwiązaniami. (internal publication). Judek S., Karwowski K., Karkosiński D., Mizan M.: Elektrotechnika, elektronika i telekomunikacja. Instrukcje do laboratorium (internal publication).					
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example questions/ 3. Discuss the construction of DC and AC motors and show Characterize the electrical supply installations.	 Discuss the construction of DC and AC motors and show the ways to adjust the angular velocity. Characterize the electrical supply installations. Characterize electronic and power electronics components. 					
Work placement Not applicable	Not applicable					