



Subject card

Subject name and code	Microprocessor Engineering, PG_00038098						
Field of study	Automation, Robotics and Control Systems						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2020	Academic year of realisation of subject			2021/2022		
Education level	first-cycle studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	4	ECTS credits			5.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Control Engineering -> Faculty of Electrical and Control Engineering						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr inż. Andrzej Kopczyński					
	Teachers	dr hab. inż. Ryszard Arendt dr inż. Robert Smyk dr inż. Paweł Kowalski dr inż. Andrzej Kopczyński					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	60
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
TECHNIKA MIKROPROCESOROWA [2021/22] - Moodle ID: 20224 https://enauzanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=20224							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours	Self-study	SUM		
	Number of study hours	60	8.0	57.0	125		
Subject objectives	Understanding the basic concepts and issues concerning the operation of microcontrollers and microprocessor systems. Getting to know the methods and tools for programming microprocessors and their peripherals.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome			Method of verification		
	K6_U01	Student is able to applicate a proper literature and develop simple programs using C language an Assembler for microcomupers 8051 family and ARM Cortex M3.			[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment		
	K6_W05	Student explain the rules of microprocesor system work, distinguish base types of microprocesor systems architectures, describes base glases of memories and I/O uP system devices, knows base intefeaces.			[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects		
	K6_K02	Student can work in group and use specialized tools for family 8051 and ARM microprocesors for creation and staring programs.			[SK1] Assessment of group work skills		

Subject contents	<p>LECTURE Microprocessor - the idea and history. Methods of data representation in microprocessor systems. Data encoding standards. Basic arithmetic and logical operations on binary data. Microprocessor system, the basic components and architecture. Internal structure and operating principle of a typical microprocessor. Programming in assembler and C language. Tools to build and run the software. Implementation of embedded software in the system. Microcontrollers from 8051 family: internal structure, modes of operation, the list of instructions. Characteristics of integrated peripheral components: ports, time-counters, interrupt controller, serial transmission system. Memory of microprocessor systems - types, characteristics, structure. Principles of cooperation between central processing unit, memory and I/O devices. Coupling of typical peripheral devices to the microprocessor. Methods of parallel and serial data transmission. Methods of measuring time and frequency. A/C and C/A converters. Microcontrollers of other families: AVR, PIC, ARM. Examples of the use of microcontrollers in automation systems.</p> <p>LABORATORY The aim of the laboratory is to acquire the practical skills of microcontroller programming and knowledge of tools used for this purpose. Laboratory classes consist of the preparation and testing of simple programs written in C and Assembler. The programs are tested on evaluation boards with microcontrollers from 8051 and STM32F1 family and typical elements of the input/output.</p>											
Prerequisites and co-requisites	<p>1. Basic knowledge of digital technology. 2. Ability to program in C language.</p>											
Assessment methods and criteria	<table border="1" data-bbox="448 607 1487 712"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="448 607 794 640">Subject passing criteria</th> <th data-bbox="794 607 1141 640">Passing threshold</th> <th data-bbox="1141 607 1487 640">Percentage of the final grade</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 640 794 674">Written exam</td> <td data-bbox="794 640 1141 674">60.0%</td> <td data-bbox="1141 640 1487 674">50.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 674 794 712">Practical exercise</td> <td data-bbox="794 674 1141 712">60.0%</td> <td data-bbox="1141 674 1487 712">50.0%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade	Written exam	60.0%	50.0%	Practical exercise	60.0%	50.0%
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Written exam	60.0%	50.0%										
Practical exercise	60.0%	50.0%										
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Starecki T.: Mikrokontrolery 8051 w praktyce, Wydawnictwo BTC, Warszawa 2002 2. Bogusz J.: Programowanie mikrokontrolerów 8051 w języku C w praktyce, BTC, Warszawa 2005 3. Gałka P., Gałka P.: Podstawy programowania mikrokontrolera 8051, MIKOM, Warszawa 2002 4. Rydzewski A.: Mikrokomputery jednokładowe rodziny MCS-51. WNT, Warszawa 1992 5. Paprocki P.: Mikrokontrolery STM32 w praktyce, BTC, Warszawa 2009 6. Galewski M.: STM32. Aplikacje i ćwiczenia w języku C, BTC, Warszawa 2011 7. Gazarkiewicz R., Kowalik R.: Dydaktyczny system mikroprocesorowy DSM-51, PWN, Warszawa 2006 										
	Supplementary literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bogusz J.: Lokalne interfejsy szeregowo, BTC, Warszawa 2004 2. Dąca W.: Mikrokontrolery - od układów 8-bitowych do 32-bitowych. Wydawnictwo MIKOM, Warszawa 1992 3. Hadam P.: Projektowanie systemów mikroprocesorowych, Wydawnictwo BTC, Warszawa 2004 										
	eResources addresses											
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<p>Sample topics of laboratory exercises:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The use of the microcontroller input/output ports 2. Logic controller function implementation 3. 7-segment LED display driver implementation 4. The use of LCD alphanumeric display 5. The use of the microcontroller timers 6. Interrupts handling 7. Communication via UART interface 											
Work placement	Not applicable											