

Subject card

Subject name and code	Fundamentals of Economics, PG_00038583								
Field of study	Nanotechnology								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2020		Academic year of realisation of subject			2020/2021			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Humanistic-social subject group			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			2.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Nonlinear Analysis and Statistics -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics						s		
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Krzysztof Świetlik						
	Teachers	dr inż. Krzysztof Świetlik							
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	:t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	30	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Podstawy ekonomii (N/FT1001H3) - Nowy - Moodle ID: 10081 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=10081								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		18.0		50	
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic elements of microeconomic and macroeconomic knowledge and practical problems of the functioning of the modern market economy.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K6_U71] is able to apply knowledge from humanistic, social, economic or legal sciences in order to solve problems in a social environment		The student is able to find the right information of an economic and financial nature			[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			
	[K6_W71] has general knowledge in humanistic, social, economic or legal sciences		The student knows basic economic laws, understands their actions, knows how to refer them to the functioning of the company			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_K71] is conscious of the need to apply knowledge from humanistic, social, economic or legal sciences in order to function in a social environment		The student can find solutions to economic problems in the company			[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice			

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Subject contents	1) Economics as a science.						
	2) Market, demand and supply.						
	3) Flexibility of demand and its use.						
	5) Analysis of production costs.						
	6) Forms of organizing markets.						
	4) Measuring national income.						
	5) Production and its growth.						
	6) World economy - development trends.						
	7) Problems of the labor market.						
	8) The banking system and its importance in the economy.						
	9) Inflation in the economy.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites							
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
	Written test	50.0%	100.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	N.Gregory Mankiw, Mark P. Taylor - 2009	– Mikroekonomia. PWE Warszawa,				
		N.Gregory Mankiw, Mark P. Taylor – Makroekonomia. PWE Warszawa, 2009					
	Supplementary literature	Rene Lustiger - 12 ikon ekonomii. Studio Emka 2007					
	eResources addresses	Podstawy ekonomii (N/FT1001H3) - Nowy - Moodle ID: 10081 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=10081					
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	 Try to estimate the opportunity cost of the selected decision in company management. Explain the difference between economics (analysis) and economy (normative analysis). List the factors (at least 3) that can cause the demand curve to shift to the right X (good X is a normal good). Plot the limit of production possibilities for X and Y goods. What do the points lying on the border, what is below and what above the border mean? Draw demand curves for salt, cosmetics, Dior perfumes, cars, coal 						

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