

Subject card

Subject name and code	, PG_00048799								
Field of study	Green Technologies								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2021		Academic year of realisation of subject			2021/2022			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study				
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university				
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			English			
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			10.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			exam			
Conducting unit	Mathematics Center -> Vice-Rector for Education								
Name and surname	Subject supervisor	dr Hanna Guze							
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers dr Hanna Guze								
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	:t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	45.0	45.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	90	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
	Adresy na platformie	eNauczanie:							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes include plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study hours	90				150.0 250		250	
Subject objectives	Students obtain competence in using methods of mathematical analysis (single variable calculus) and knowledge how to solve simple problems that are found in the field of engineering, in particular connected to green technologies and environment protection.								
Learning outcomes	Course out	come	Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K6_W01] has a basic knowledge from some branches of mathematics and physics useful for formulating and solving simple problems in the field of environmental technologies and modern analytical methods		Student explains the concept of limit and continuity of functions and gives a graphic interpretation of discontinuity points. Student uses the first and second derivative of a function to analyze its properties. Student uses definite integral to solve geometrical problems. Student recognizes the importance of skillful use of basic mathematical apparatus in terms of study in the future.		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation				
	[K6_U03] is able to use information and communication technologies relevant to the common tasks of engineering, is able to use known methods and mathematical-physical models to describe and explain phenomena and chemical processes [K6_K01] understands the need for learning throughout life, can inspire and organize the learning		Student combines knowledge of mathematics with knowledge from other fields. Student uses methods of mathematical description of phenomena in the physical and chemical processes. Student recognizes the importance of self-expanding knowledge and takes the		[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice				
	process of others. Is aware of his/ her own limitations and knows when to ask the experts, can properly identify priorities for implementation, critically evaluate his knowledge		challenge and takes the challenge of working with a group to solve a problem. Student is able to process the acquired information, analyze and interpret it, is able to draw conclusions and reason opinions.			[SK1] Assessment of group work skills [SK2] Assessment of progress of work			

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Subject contents	The sets of numbers and set notation. Basic mathematics symbols.							
edajest semente	Functions of one variable: definitions, graphs, properties, continuity, limits, absolute value, equations and inequalities with absolute value, polynomials, rational functions, power functions, trigonometric and inverse trigonometric functions, exponential and logarithmic functions, equations and inequalities involving these functions, applications to mathematical modeling.							
	Sequences of numbers: arithmetic and geometric, explicit and recurrence form, boundness and monotonicity, limits of sequences.							
	Single variable calculus: definition of the derivative and differential, Rolle's and Lagrange's theorems their applications, L'Hospital's Rule, monotonicity and local/global extrema (optimization problems), hi order derivatives, concavity, inflection points, applications of single variable differential calculus to curve sketching, related rates and approximation problems.							
	Definite and indefinite integral: Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, basic integration formulas (integration by substitution, by parts, by partial fractions), improper integrals, geometrical applications of definite integral and applications to other fields							
Prerequisites and co-requisites								
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade					
and criteria	Activity during classes and small tests	50.0%	5.0%					
	Final written and/or oral exam	50.0%	50.0%					
	Tests	50.0%	45.0%					
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Sherman K. Stein, Calculus and analytic geometry, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 4th edition, 1987, George B. Thomas, Jr., Ross L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic Geometry, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 7th edition, 1988 Joyce S. Batty, Pure Mathematics - The core syllabus for A level, Boo 1, Schofield & Sims Ltd., 1986,						
	Supplementary literature	Matematyka - Podstawy z elementa	ami matematyki wyższej, pod					
		redakcją B. Wikieł, Wydawnictwo PG, Gdańsk 2009,						
		K.T. Jankowscy, Zbiór zadań z matematyki, cz.1, PG Gdańsk,						
		M.Gewert, Z.Skoczylas, Analiza matematyczna 2, Oficyna Wydawnicza GiS, Wrocław 2002						
	eResources addresses							

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Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	1. Find the domian and the range of the function f(x) = Calculate the inverse of the function.
	2. Find the derivative of f(x)= . Find the intervals on which the function is convex and decreasing.
	3. Sketch the graph of the function f(x)= . Identify any local extrema and points of inflection.
	4. Find the limit of the sequence/function.
	5. Find the indefinite integral of the function f(x).
	6. Find the volume of a solid of revolution obtained by rotating the graph of the function f(x)= about the OX-axis.
Work placement	Not applicable

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