



## Subject card

Subject name and code	Physical basis of microcontroller measurement systems, PG_00051072						
Field of study	Technical Physics						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2021		Academic year of realisation of subject		2023/2024		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Optional subject group		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	3		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	6		ECTS credits		3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Zakład Fizyki Teoretycznej i Informatyki Kwantowej -> Instytut Fizyki i Informatyki Stosowanej -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Paweł Syty				
	Teachers		dr inż. Paweł Syty				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	45		5.0		25.0	75
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the structure and basic methods of designing and programming simple embedded systems based on microcontrollers, i.e. specialized IT systems responsible for performing strictly defined tasks - mainly related to monitoring and control. The physical basis of the functioning of sensors (receptors) and actuators (effectors / actuators) as the basic components of this type of systems will be discussed.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	K6_W02		The student is able to explain the physics of the functioning of selected electronic components (receptors and effectors) used in embedded systems.		[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	K6_W06		The student is able to describe the functioning of an embedded system on the basis of electronics.		[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	K6_U06		The student is able to estimate the technical and economic feasibility of building an embedded system.		[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information		
	K6_U05		The student is able to design, build and program simple, specialized embedded systems based on selected microcontrollers.		[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment		

Subject contents	<p>Lecture: Discussion of the physical basis of operation of basic measurement systems based on selected microcontrollers. Detailed programme A. Hardware platforms: a. Arduino (Uno, Mega, Nano, Pro Mini, etc.) - a platform based on 8-bit microcontrollers from the Atmel AVR family b. Raspberry Pi - a family of 32/64-bit single board minicomputers based on microprocessors from the ARM family (11, Cortex) c. ESP8266 / ESP32 - 32-bit RISC microcontroller with built-in WiFi / Wifi+Bluetooth transmission, making it convenient to connect the system to the Internet d. Raspberry Pi Pico - a microcontroller board based on the Raspberry Pi RP2040 chip e. STM32 - a family of 32-bit microcontrollers from the ARM Cortex family</p> <p>B. Programming languages: a. C/C++ - in the context of programming for Arduino / ESP8266 / STM32 b. Python - a general-purpose scripting language, particularly convenient for programming for the Raspberry Pi c. MicroPython - a version of Python for microcontrollers</p> <p>C. Programming tools and support hardware: a. Arduino IDE - a development environment for Arduino and ESP8266, including the necessary libraries b. NodeMCU - a framework/circuit software to facilitate ESP8266 programming in the context of the Internet of Things c. Sensors (e.g. temperature, pressure, distance, rain, motion, colour, sound), motors, LCD/LED displays, GPS, GSM, RFID devices, camera support, etc. d. Web services for the collection and presentation of measurement data</p> <p>Most topics will be illustrated with a demonstration of the operation of a particular device / hardware / programming language.</p> <p>Project: During the first weeks, students will learn, under the supervision of the instructor, how to work with the hardware and will build and program basic systems (e.g. control of LEDs, buzzer, motor, relay, measurement of temperature, atmospheric pressure, distance, recognition of movement, rain, colour, use of GPS, GSM and RFID devices, etc.).</p> <p>Then, students will present self-prepared prototypes of embedded systems projects for the chosen platform (including implementation), e.g. - internet radio with remote control (Raspberry Pi + WiFi + remote control / infrared sensor / Python) - room access control system (Arduino + RFID / C++) weather station with WWW reporting (Arduino + selected sensors + ESP8266 / C++) - room monitoring with WWW reporting (Arduino + selected sensors + ESP8266 / C++) - wheeled self-driving robot (Arduino + distance and obstacle sensors + robot platform with motors and wheels / C++) - home automation (Arduino or Raspberry Pi + sensors + effectors / C++ or Python) - webcam with object recognition (Raspberry Pi + camera / Python + OpenCV library)</p> <p>Hardware (microcontroller boards, sensors, effectors, etc.) will be made available to students for the duration of their projects. It is also possible to design the system in TinkerCad or an equivalent service.</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Basic knowledge of programming Basic knowledge of electronics		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Passing the theoretical part	50.0%	20.0%
	Completion of the project	50.0%	80.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Michael J. McGrathClíodhna Ní Scanaill, Sensor Technologies. Healthcare, Wellness, and Environmental Applications. Apress, 2013 Andy King, Programming the Internet of Things. O'Reilly Media, 2021 Vedat Ozan Oner, Developing IoT Projects with ESP32. Packt Publishing, 2021	
	Supplementary literature	Husan Mahey, Robotic Process Automation with Automation Anywhere. Packt Publishing, 2020	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Fizyczne podstawy mikrokontrolerowych układów pomiarowych (2023/2024) - Moodle ID: 34270 <a href="https://enauzanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=34270">https://enauzanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=34270</a>	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Internet radio with remote control (Raspberry Pi + WiFi + remote control / infrared sensor / Python)</li><li>- room access control system (Arduino + RFID / C++) weather station with reporting on the website (Arduino + selected sensors + ESP8266 / C++)</li><li>- room monitoring with reporting on the website (Arduino + selected sensors + ESP8266 / C++)</li><li>- wheeled self-propelled robot (Arduino + distance and obstacle sensors + robot platform with motors and wheels / C++)</li><li>- home automation (Arduino or Raspberry Pi + sensors + effectors / C++ or Python)</li><li>- webcam with object recognition (Raspberry Pi + camera / Python + OpenCV library)</li></ul>		
Work placement	Not applicable		