

表 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Databases, PG_00047666							
Field of study	Informatics							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2021		Academic year of realisation of subject		2022/2023			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction		Polish	Polish		
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits		6.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessmer	ent form		exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Softw	are Engineerin	g -> Faculty of I	Electronics, Te	lecomm	unicatio	ons and Infor	matics
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Krzysztof Goczyła					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		prof. dr hab. inż. Krzysztof Goczyła					
		mgr inż. Małgorzata Pykała						
			dr inż. Michał Wróbel					
			dr inż. Aleksandra Nabożny					
			dr hab. inż. Agnieszka Landowska					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	15.0	15.0		0.0	60
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation in classes include plan					Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	60		26.0		64.0		150
Subject objectives	The objective of the s design of relational d related problems. Th with some issues of	atabases and one problems cor	querying them i	n SQL, on tran	sactiona	al proce	essing, data s	ecurity nad

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	[K6_U07] can apply methods of process and function support, specific to the field of study	The student is able to analyze simple business processes in terms of database construction.	[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			
	[K6_W03] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum	The student knows how to create a security model for a relational database, using SQL constructs.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_W04] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, the principles, methods and techniques of programming and the principles of computer software development or programming devices or controllers using microprocessors or programmable elements or systems specific to the field of study, and organisation of systems using computers or such devices	The student knows how to embed SQL statements into programs written in procedural languages, and also knows what for and how to use 4GL languages.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U42] can apply tools and methods of designing, optimization, monitoring, management, increasing reliability and protection from safety hazards in local and distributed information systems and applications	The student is able to introduce data security mechanisms into the database model and its implementation.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			
	[K6_U06] can analyse the operation of components, circuits and systems related to the field of study, measure their parameters and examine technical specifications	The student is able to analyze the effectiveness of SQL query implementation and apply the appropriate indexes.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
Subject contents	 Database system architecture 2. Functions of a Database Management System (DBMS) 3. Entity sets, entity attributes, entity keys, relationships 4. Entity relationship diagrams (ERDs) - general concepts 5. Creating entity relationships diagrams 6. Ralational database - definitions 7. Integrity rules: entity integrity, referential integrity 8. From an entity relationship diagram to a relational database schema 9. Relational algebra: set-theoretic operators 10. Relational algebra: relational operators 11. SQL - an overview, origins, standards 12. Creating tables 13. Populating tables with data 14. Simple queries 15. SQL expressions - simple and conditional 16. Queries with aggregate functions 17. Queries with grouping 18. Queries with joins 19. Queries with outer joins 20. Nested queries 21. Queries for UPDATEs, deletes and bulk inserts 22. Views, operations on views, updatable views 23. Cursors, sequential processing of query results 24. Normalization of relational databases: 2nd and 3rd normal form 25. Boyce-Codd normal form 26. Normalization of relational databases: 4th and 5th normal form 27. Transactional processing in databases - basics 28. Isolation levels in transactions 29. Transactional processing and SQL standards 30. Rules for development of correct database applications in concurrent environments 31. Identification, authenticatrion and authorization in databases 32. Authorization of SQL operations on data: views, GRANT and REVOKE statements 33. Distributed database systems - transparency rules, architecture, fragmentation, replication 34. Non-relational databases - intriduction, object-relational datatypes; applications. Introduction to NoSQL databases. CAP Theorem. 					
Prerequisites and co-requisites	No prerequisites					
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
	Project	50.0%	25.0%			
	Written exam	50.0%	50.0%			
Recommended reading	Practical exercise Basic literature	50.0% 25.0% P.Beynon-Davies. "Systemy baz danych". WNT 2000. C.J.Date. "Wprowadzenie do systemów baz danych". WNT 2000. M.Gruber. "SQL", wydanie drugie. Helion 2000 K.Goczyła, A.Landowska., M.Piechówka. "Bazy danych". Materiały do wykładu. Gdańsk, 2009				
	Supplementary literature	No requirements				
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:				

 Formulate queries do a relational database 2. What are operators of relational algebra? When is the second, third and fourth normal form violated? What do ACID rules mean? Design and implement a relational database Design transacions ina relational database.
 Not applicable