

Subject card

Subject name and code	Signal Processing, PG_00047908								
Field of study	Electronics and Telecommunications								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2021		Academic year of realisation of subject		2022/2023				
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits		4.0				
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	ent form		exam			
Conducting unit	Department of Teleinformation Networks -> Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Informatics								
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Marek Blok						
	Teachers		dr inż. Maciej Sac						
			dr hab. inż. Marek Blok						
			dr inż. Bartosz Czaplewski						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	45	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	ng activity Participation ir classes includiplan				Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study hours	45		4.0		51.0		100	
Subject objectives	Student uses basic analog and discrete-time signal processing algorithms and tools. Student analyzes signals and systems in the time and frequency domains. Student designs elementary discrete-time systems.								

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Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification				
	[K6_U09] can carry out a critical analysis of the functioning of existing technical solutions and assess these solutions, as well as apply experience related to the maintenance of technical systems, devices and facilities typical for the field of studies, gained in the professional engineering environment	Student is able to design and analyze a simple digital signal processing system.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools				
	[K6_W03] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum	Student knows and describes the basic tools and algorithms of analog and discrete-time and digital signal processing methods. Student knows the structures and methods of designing basic systems of discrete-time signal processing.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects				
	[K6_W31] Knows the definitions of measurement error and uncertainty, measurement methods, including digital methods of time, frequency and phase measurements, transducer properties and knows digital signal processing systems.	Student knows the structures and methods of designing basic systems of discrete-time signal processing.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects				
	[K6_U07] can apply methods of process and function support, specific to the field of study	Student is able to choose the right tool for the analysis and design of discrete-time systems and assess obtained results.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools				
	[K6_U08] while identifying and formulating specifications of engineering tasks related to the field of study and solving these tasks, can:n- apply analytical, simulation and experimental methods,n- notice their systemic and non-technical aspects,n-make a preliminary economic assessment of suggested solutions and engineering work n	Student uses the basic tools of signals and discrete-time systems analysis.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools				
Subject contents	1. Classification of signals. 2. Representation of continuous-time signals in the frequency domain. Continuous Fourier transformation. 3. Properties of continuous Fourier transformation. Analogue signal spectrum. 4. Discrete-time Fourier transformation (DTFT). 5. Properties of the DTFT. Discrete-time signal spectrum. 6. Processing of a discrete-time signal by a linear system. 7. Discrete-time complex signal instantaneous amplitude, phase and angular frequency. 8. Hilbert transformation of a discrete-time signal. Applications. 9. Complex envelope of a discrete-time band-pass signal. 10. Analog to digital conversion 11. Digital to analog conversion. 12. Quantization noise and its additive model. 13. Estimating the signal to quantization noise power ratio. 14. Difference equations for discrete-time linear systems having finite (FIR) and infinite (IIR) impulse responses. 15. Block schemes of discrete-time systems. 16. The Z transformation. 17. Transfer function of a discrete-time system. 18. Discrete-time systems of finite impulse response. 19. Discrete-time systems of infinite impulse response. 20. Realizability of dicrete-time systems in real time versus causality. 21. Stability. Minimum-phase discrete-time systems. 22. Introduction to digital FIR and IIR filtering. 23. Examples of designing elementary digital filters. 24. Discrete Fourier transformation (DFT). 25. Fast Fourier transformation (FFT). Applications. 26. Relationships between: DTFT, DFT and Z transformations. 27. Discrete linear convolution. 28. Circular convolution. Applications. 29. Introduction to interpolation and designation.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Interpolation and decimation. 30. Applications of interpolation and decimation. No requirements						
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
	Written exam	50.0%	50.0%				
	Midterm colloquium	50.0%					
Recommended reading	Basic literature	A.V. Oppenheim, R.W. Schafer with J. R. Buck: Discrete-Time Signal Processing. Prentice Hall International, 1999.					
	Supplementary literature	S.W.Smith: The scientist and engineer's guide to digital signal processing, California Technical Pub,1997					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Przetwarzanie sygnałów - zima 2022/23 - Moodle ID: 23760 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=23760					

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	Practically used operator of averaging over two neighboring samples is given in the form of its impulse response. Find and write down the formula for its difference equation and its frequency responses: complex response, amplitude response, phase response and group delay response. Draw these characteristics as functions of variable omega. Also draw the structure of this operator as a filter. Is this FIR or IIR filter? How do you recognizable that? Using DFT and IDFT find and write down the output of digital FIR filter of given impulse response on given input signal. Draw the spectra of signals at input and output of the filter in carthesian form and the transfer function of the filter based on estimated DFT-s, while the spectra and transfer function are the complex sequences of 4-point length. On the examination sheet each student will find matrix formulas needed for evaluation of 4-point DFT and IDFT.
Work placement	Not applicable

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