



Subject card

Subject name and code	, PG_00049088						
Field of study	Chemistry						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2022	Academic year of realisation of subject			2021/2022		
Education level	second-cycle studies	Subject group		Optional subject group			
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	1	ECTS credits			3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form		assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Analytical Chemistry -> Faculty of Chemistry						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Agata Kot-Wasik				
	Teachers		dr inż. Paweł Kubica dr inż. Weronika Hewelt-Belka prof. dr hab. inż. Bożena Zabiegała prof. dr hab. inż. Agata Kot-Wasik				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM	
	Number of study hours	30	10.0		35.0	75	
Subject objectives	The aim of the lectures is to familiarize students with various techniques that enable separation of mixtures of substances. Separation techniques with the special attention to chromatographic techniques, belong to the most commonly used laboratory techniques. No modern chemical laboratory can exist without them. The student will be acquainted with techniques such as: modern liquid chromatography, capillary gas chromatography, liquid chromatography, supercritical fluid chromatography, capillary electrophoresis, two-dimensional techniques, identification process.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	K7_W02		has ordered, expanded knowledge related to modern analytical chemistry related to the use of chromatographic methods		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects		
	K7_K01		is aware of the connections between chemical and related sciences as well as the necessity to broaden their knowledge		[SK1] Assessment of group work skills [SK2] Assessment of progress of work		
	K7_U02		has the ability to express, in an accessible way, the acquired knowledge and presenting the results of scientific discoveries concerning chemistry and using information techniques to deepen their knowledge and willing to obtain information on the latest discoveries		[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information		
Subject contents	Chromatography. Efficiency, selectivity, resolution, analysis time - the key goals of optimization. Achievements (milestones) of Tswiet today. Efficiency, selectivity, resolution, analysis time - the key goals of optimization. Modern gas chromatography. Methods of introducing analyte into the column, detection, applications. Gas and liquid chromatography as complementary techniques, similarities and differences in the optimization of separation conditions. Contemporary performance liquid chromatography. Mechanisms of retention, interaction, mobile phases, flow, detection, applications. Ultra-fast liquid and gas chromatography. Fast and ultra-fast chromatographic analysis. Chromatography of the mobile phase in supercritical state. Advantages and disadvantages of SFC. Chiral chromatography. Separation of enantiomers GC, HPLC, SFC. Combined techniques. Multidimensional chromatography. Theoretical basis and Appliance, cons, advantages and applications of techniques GCxGC and LCxLC. Electromigration techniques: CE, MECK, ITP.						

Prerequisites and co-requisites	basic knowledge of analytical chemistry		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	attendance, class participation, final essay tests of each part	60.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	W. Szczepaniak, Metody instrumentalne w analizie chemicznej, PWN, W-wa, 1996.Z. Witkiewicz , Podstawy chromatografii, WNT, W-wa, 2000. <a href="http://www.scribd.com/doc/298285751/Wspo%C5%82czesna-Chromatografia-Cieczowamateriały_naukowe_dostępne_w_bazach_biblioteki_PG">http://www.scribd.com/doc/298285751/Wspo%C5%82czesna-Chromatografia-Cieczowamateriały_naukowe_dostępne_w_bazach_biblioteki_PG</a>	
	Supplementary literature	scientific data (publiactions) available in Elsevier, ScienceDirect, Webof Science	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<p>Give four main parameters of capillary GC columns and briefly discuss their impact on the resolution.</p> <p>Define retention factor and explain what is the measure. Give ways how it can be improved.</p> <p>Explain why the capillary columns with a thin film of stationary phase most favorable choice is hydrogen.</p> <p>Define range of applications (general) GC. In addition, replace the four different specific applications (what and in which the sample) of that art.</p> <p>The construction of the chromatographic column used in HPLC.</p> <p>Equipment requirements to UPLC.</p> <p>Differences between the LC and SFC.</p>		
Work placement	Not applicable		