

Subject card

Subject name and code	Model Organisms, PG_00058236							
Field of study	Biotechnology							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2022/2023		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Microbiology -> Faculty of Chemistry							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Martyna Mroczyńska-Szeląg					
	Teachers		dr inż. Martyna Mroczyńska-Szeląg					
			dr hab. Beata Zalewska-Piątek					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project		Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		18.0		50
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to gain knowledge by the student about model organisms, their rational use and ethical issues related to their use and the principles of conducting research with their use. In order to test their knowledge in practice, students will solve a research problem, which will consist in the selection of a model organism and its justification for the proposed research, as well as the preparation and description of the proposed experiment.							

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification				
e e p rr e p a	K7_U09] is able to design experiments and analyze experimental results, is able to prepare and present papers, reports, documentation of experiments, technological processes using correct scientific and specialist terminology, and to prepare a correct bibliography	Students can design an experiment using a model organism, carry out measurements, read the results, then analyze the collected data and draw conclusions.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools				
s ir to is la ta	K7_K04] is aware of the need to solve problems and perform tasks, independently formulate questions o solve a given problem or task; s able to plan the execution of a arger task by dividing it into partial asks and draw up an appropriate schedule	The student is able to pose appropriate theses and questions that will first allow the selection of the appropriate model of the organism for research. He can plan individual tasks and select control groups. The student knows the ethical aspects related to the use of model organisms.	[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice				
k a n c b	K7_W03] has a structured knowledge of biotechnological applications of model organisms, nicroorganisms and viruses in the context of conducting pioprocesses and obtaining Jesired substances	The student has knowledge of model organisms from various groups of organisms, e.g. bacteria, fungi, invertebrates and vertebrates. The student understands the risks associated with the use of model organisms.	[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects				
o n b p	K7_U03] an propose applications of model organisms, nicroorganisms, viruses and biomolecules derived from them to berform bioprocesses and obtain desired substances	The student is able to determine the advantages and disadvantages of individual model organisms. The student is able to choose the appropriate model organism for research in order to obtain reliable results.	[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task				
H ar or cc bi	First research using model organisms. Advantages, disadvantages and problems of using model organisms. How to choose the right model organism. Model bacteria and their applications. Mechanisms of cell infection and pathogenesis using viral models. Model mushrooms and their application. Archaea, protists as model organisms and their application. Invertebrates as new models for studying infections and toxicity of compounds. Vertebrates as model organisms in research on organogenesis, physiology, immunology and biomedical research. Potentially new model organisms, e.g. <i>Stephanopyxis turris, Stentor coeruleus,</i> <i>Naegleria Grubri.</i>						
and co-requisites	The student must have knowledge about the hazards while working in a microbiological laboratory, and be able to use basic microbiological techniques. Therefore, it is advisable for the student to pass the subject of general microbiology.						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	The percentage share in the final grade is 50% for lectures and aboratories. Lecture components: colloquium + project task; component laboratories: reports	60.0%	100.0%				
Recommended reading Ba	asic literature	Brylińska J., Kwiatkowska J. Laboratory animals. Methods of breeding and experiments. UNIVERSITAS, Krakow, 1996					
		Ankeny, Rachel A., and Sabina Leonelli. <i>Model organisms</i> . Cambridge University Press, 2020.					
		Striedter, Georg. <i>Model Systems in Biology: History, Philosophy, and Practical Concerns</i> . MIT Press, 202					
	supplementary literature	Greczek-Stachura, Magdalena. Paramecium as a model organism in pharmacological research. Scientific Publishing House of the Pedagogical University, Kraków, 2013.					
el	Resources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Organizmy Modelowe, BT II stopień, 2022-2023 - Moodle ID: 29635 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=29635					
example questions/	1. Experiments with which model organisms require approval from the ethics committee? 2. List the advantages of G. mellonella as a model organism. 3. Describe one experiment you know of using an invertebrate model organism.						
tasks being completed							