



Subject card

Subject name and code	Model Organisms, PG_00058236						
Field of study	Biotechnology						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2023	Academic year of realisation of subject			2022/2023		
Education level	second-cycle studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	1	ECTS credits			2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Microbiology -> Faculty of Chemistry						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr inż. Martyna Mroczyńska-Szeląg					
	Teachers	dr inż. Martyna Mroczyńska-Szeląg dr hab. Beata Zalewska-Piątek					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM	
	Number of study hours	30	2.0		18.0	50	
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to gain knowledge by the student about model organisms, their rational use and ethical issues related to their use and the principles of conducting research with their use. In order to test their knowledge in practice, students will solve a research problem, which will consist in the selection of a model organism and its justification for the proposed research, as well as the preparation and description of the proposed experiment.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K7_W03] has a structured knowledge of biotechnological applications of model organisms, microorganisms and viruses in the context of conducting bioprocesses and obtaining desired substances	The student has knowledge of model organisms from various groups of organisms, e.g. bacteria, fungi, invertebrates and vertebrates. The student understands the risks associated with the use of model organisms.	[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
	[K7_K04] is aware of the need to solve problems and perform tasks, independently formulate questions to solve a given problem or task; is able to plan the execution of a larger task by dividing it into partial tasks and draw up an appropriate schedule	The student is able to pose appropriate theses and questions that will first allow the selection of the appropriate model of the organism for research. He can plan individual tasks and select control groups. The student knows the ethical aspects related to the use of model organisms.	[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice
	[K7_U03] can propose applications of model organisms, microorganisms, viruses and biomolecules derived from them to perform bioprocesses and obtain desired substances	The student is able to determine the advantages and disadvantages of individual model organisms. The student is able to choose the appropriate model organism for research in order to obtain reliable results.	[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task
	[K7_U09] is able to design experiments and analyze experimental results, is able to prepare and present papers, reports, documentation of experiments, technological processes using correct scientific and specialist terminology, and to prepare a correct bibliography	Students can design an experiment using a model organism, carry out measurements, read the results, then analyze the collected data and draw conclusions.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools
Subject contents	First research using model organisms. Advantages, disadvantages and problems of using model organisms. How to choose the right model organism. Model bacteria and their applications. Mechanisms of cell infection and pathogenesis using viral models. Model mushrooms and their application. Archaea, protists as model organisms and their application. Invertebrates as new models for studying infections and toxicity of compounds. Vertebrates as model organisms in research on organogenesis, physiology, immunology and biomedical research. Potentially new model organisms, e.g. <i>Stephanopyxis turris</i> , <i>Stentor coeruleus</i> , <i>Naegleria Grubri</i> .		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	The student must have knowledge about the hazards while working in a microbiological laboratory, and be able to use basic microbiological techniques. Therefore, it is advisable for the student to pass the subject of general microbiology.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	The percentage share in the final grade is 50% for lectures and laboratories. Lecture components: colloquium + project task; component laboratories: reports	60.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Brylińska J., Kwiatkowska J. Laboratory animals. Methods of breeding and experiments. UNIVERSITAS, Krakow, 1996 Ankeny, Rachel A., and Sabina Leonelli. <i>Model organisms</i> . Cambridge University Press, 2020. Striedter, Georg. <i>Model Systems in Biology: History, Philosophy, and Practical Concerns</i> . MIT Press, 202	
	Supplementary literature	Greczek-Stachura, Magdalena. Paramecium as a model organism in pharmacological research. Scientific Publishing House of the Pedagogical University, Kraków, 2013.	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczenie: Organizmy Modelowe, BT II stopień, 2022-2023 - Moodle ID: 29635 https://enauczenie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=29635	
Example issues/example questions/tasks being completed	1. Experiments with which model organisms require approval from the ethics committee? 2. List the advantages of <i>G. mellonella</i> as a model organism. 3. Describe one experiment you know of using an invertebrate model organism.		
Work placement	Not applicable		