

Subject card

| Subject name and code | Chemistry and Technology of Bioactive Compounds, PG_00054748 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|--------|---|---------|-----|--|
| Field of study | Biotechnology | | | | | | | | |
| Date of commencement of studies | October 2022 | | Academic year of realisation of subject | | | 2024/2025 | | | |
| Education level | first-cycle studies | | Subject group | | | Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study | | | |
| Mode of study | Full-time studies | | Mode of delivery | | | at the university | | | |
| Year of study | 3 | | Language of instruction | | | Polish | | | |
| Semester of study | 6 | | ECTS credits | | | 3.0 | | | |
| Learning profile | general academic profile | | Assessment form | | | assessment | | | |
| Conducting unit | Department of Pharmaceutical Technology and Biochemistry -> Faculty of Chemistry | | | | | | | | |
| Name and surname | Subject supervisor | | dr inż. Andrzej Skwarecki | | | | | | |
| of lecturer (lecturers) | Teachers | | | | | | | | |
| Lesson types and methods | Lesson type | Lecture | Tutorial | Laboratory | Projec | t | Seminar | SUM | |
| of instruction | Number of study hours | 45.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 45 | |
| | E-learning hours included: 0.0 | | | | | | | | |
| Learning activity and number of study hours | Learning activity | Participation in didactic classes included in study plan | | Participation in consultation hours | | Self-study | | SUM | |
| | Number of study hours | 45 | | 3.0 | | 27.0 | | 75 | |
| Subject objectives | The main aim is to familiarize the students with modern medicinal chemistry issues. | | | | | | | | |
| Learning outcomes | Course outcome | | Subject outcome | | | Method of verification | | | |
| | K6_W02 | | The student can propose a mechanism for the interaction of biologically active organic compound with its molecular target. The student can propose an organic compound structure with the potential for binding molecular targets. | | | [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge | | | |
| | K6_U02 | | The student knows the basic issues of modern drug synthesis. The student is able to design a synthetic path for an organic compound. | | | [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject | | | |
| | K6_W03 | | The student knows the main organic reactions used in drug synthesis. The student is able to carry out a retrosynthetic analysis. The student knows the drug development way from finding a lead compound to place a drug to the market | | | [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge | | | |

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| Subject contents | What is the medicine? Intermolecular interactions. Drug classification. Drug names. The role of organic synthesis in the design and development of drugs. Structural features affecting the degree of difficulty in the synthesis of biologically active compounds. A synthetic approach in the creation of biologically active compounds. Retrosynthetic analysis. Disconnections of C-C bond. Transformation of functional groups, umpolung, disconnections of the C-heteroatom bond, disconnections of the C=C bond, examples of synthons and their corresponding reagents. Protective groups and latent functional groups. Cyclic systems in the synthesis of drugs. The importance of cyclic systems. Carbocycles and heterocycles. Strategy for the synthesis of cyclic systems. Intramolecular cyclization. Intermolecular cyclization. Coupling reactions combined with cyclization reactions. Baldwin rules. Chirality in the synthesis of biologically active compounds. The importance of chirality for the pharmaceutical industry. Resolution of racemic mixtures. Asymmetric synthesis. Solid phase synthesis. Parallel synthesis. Combinatorial synthesis. Synthesis of lead molecules. Characterization of the lead molecule. Lead compounds scaffold. Synthesis of libraries of chemical compounds. Click chemistry in the synthesis of lead molecules. Analogue synthesis of lead molecules. SAR testing and pharmacophore identification. Simplifying the structure of the lead molecule. Optimization of the drug structure. Total synthesis. Synthesis of natural products and their analogues. Isolation from natural sources. Semi-synthetic methods and total synthesis. Tissue cultures and genetic engineering. Analogues of natural products. Production of medicines on an industrial scale. Research and development of drug synthesis route. Optimization of the conditions of the drug synthesis process. Synthesis of isotope-labeled compounds. Isotopes used in labeling of molecules. Introduction of hydrogen and carbon isotopes. Drugs containing stable and radioactive isotopes. Selec | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Prerequisites and co-requisites | Organic chemistry and elements of Biochemistry are required. | | | | | | |
| Assessment methods | Subject passing criteria | Passing threshold | Percentage of the final grade | | | | |
| and criteria | Test III | 60.0% | 34.0% | | | | |
| | Test II | 60.0% | 33.0% | | | | |
| | Test I | 60.0% | 33.0% | | | | |
| Recommended reading | "Chemia Medyczna. Podstawowe zagadnienia" G.L. Patrick. Wydawnictwa Naukowo-Techniczne. Warszawa 2005 "An itroduction to medicinal chemistry" G.L. Patrick. Oxford Univer Press. Nowy Jork 2017 An introduction to drug synthesis, G.L. Patrick. Oxford University F Nowy Jork 2015 | | | | | | |
| | Supplementary literature "Wybrane zagadnienia z metod poszukiwania i otrzymywania śro leczniczych" Pod redakcją Katarzyny Kieć-Kononowicz. Wydawn Uniwersytetu Jagiellońskiego. Kraków 2006 | | | | | | |
| | eResources addresses | | | | | | |
| Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed | | | | | | | |
| Work placement | Not applicable | | | | | | |

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