

GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Chemistry of Proteins and Nucleic Acids, PG_00037518								
Field of study	Biotechnology								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	4		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	7		ECTS credits			2.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Microb	oiology -> Facu	Ity of Chemistry	y -> Wydziały F	Politech	niki Gda	ańskiej		
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Ra						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers								
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	30	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes includ plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study St		SUM	
	Number of study hours	30 2.0			18.0 50				
Subject objectives	Introduction to protein and nucleic acid structure and function.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	K6_W06								
	K6_W02								
Subject contents	LECTURE Physicochemical properties of amino acids: side chain properties, chirality of amino acids. Structural implication of the peptide bond: electronic structure, definitions of dihedral angles, and . Sterically allowed regions of dihedral angles the Ramachandran plot. Protein secondary structures - interactions: hydrogen bonds, VdW interactions, hydrophobic efect. Classification of secondary structures: right handed - helix, 310-helix, -helix, parallel beta sheet, antiparallel beta sheet, mixed beta sheet, loop regions. The moment dipole of -helix, intrisinic twist of beta sheets. Adjustment of secondary structures in protein structures. Geometry of interactions between helices: the knobs in the hole and ridges in the grooves packed. Geometry of interactions sheet' sheet, sheet/ helix. Methods of presentation of secondary structures in protein structures. Topology diagrams as method of representation protein triaty structure. Supersecondary structures (motifs) secondary structure elements with a specific geometric arrangement frequently found in proteins. Domain the fundamental functional and structurally stabile unit of protein tertiary structure. Tertiary protein structure the -domain structures: the coiled-coil arrangement, examples: GCN4 transcription factor; the four-helix bundle domain, examples: cytochrome b562, Rop protein. Other -domain structures: the hemoglobin structural aspects of sickle-cell anemia, the bacterial muramidase. Tertiary protein structure the alpha-beta domains. The alpha-beta barrel (TIM barrel), examples: triosephosphate isomerase, methylmalonyl-coenzyme A mutase, pyruvate kinase. The alpha-beta structures. The up-and- down barrels, examples: retinol-binding protein RBP, superoxide dismutase SOD. The proteins with Greek key and jelly roll motifs. The Neuraminidase and the hemagglutinin proteins of influenza virus as examples of structures containing the antiparallel beta sheet and jelly roll motifs. Thermodynamic parameters describing protein folding/unfolding: H, S and Cp. Phen								
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Fundamentals of bloc	memistry and p	onysical chemis	stry.					

Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	Two selection tests during the semester.	60.0%	0.0%				
	Lecture - the final evaluation includes an oral examination - for the classroom mode.	60.0%	100.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	A.Fersht, Structure and Mechanism in protein science, Freeman 2000.					
		A.Cooper, Biophysical Chemistry, RSC 2004. C.Branden & J.Tooze, Introduction to protein structure, Garland 1999.					
	Supplementary literature No requirements						
	eResources addresses						
Example issues/	Impact of amino acid residue structure on protein function.						
example questions/ tasks being completed	Influence of peptide bond structure on the process of protein folding.						
	Enzymatic catalysis on the example of serine proteases.						
	Secondary structure of proteins - association with the structure of peptide bond and properties of side residues.						
	Kinetic and thermodynamic stability of proteins.						
	Hierarchical structure of proteins - motives and domains.						
Work placement	Not applicable						

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