

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Heat Transfer, PG_00055400								
Field of study	Mechanical Engineering								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024	2024/2025		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			field	Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
						Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the	at the university		
Year of study	3		Language of instruction			Polish	Polish		
Semester of study	5		ECTS credits			2.0	2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit	Institute of Energy -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology								
Name and surname	Subject supervisor	dr hab. inż. Rafał Andrzejczyk							
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr hab. inż. R	afał Andrzejcz	yk				
			dr inż. Stanisław Głuch						
			dr hab. inż. Michał Klugmann						
		dr inż. Paweł Szymański							
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	30	
	E-learning hours inclu	uded: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation ir classes includ plan				Self-study		SUM		
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		18.0		50	
Subject objectives	Presentation of the main mechanisms and laws of heat transfer. The lecture introduces methods of solving heat conduction, heat transfer and radiative heat transfer problems occurring in technology. The basis for calculations of heat exchangers iare provided/.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K6_W09] possesses basic knowledge within the range of thermodynamics and fluid mechanics, construction and operation of heat generating devices, process equipment, including renewable energy sources, cooling and air conditioning		Understands issues related to thermal and refrigeration technology. Can formulate a problem and analyze it.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U06] is able to use mathematical and physical models for analysing the processes and phenomena occurring in mechanical devices within the range of material strength, thermodynamics and fluid mechanics		Has the basics for designing recuperators. Knows how to determine the average temperature difference in a heat exchanger. Is familiar with the procedure of HX design			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject			
	[K6_U07] is able to design a typical construction of a mechanical device, component or a testing station using appropriate methods and tools, adhering to the set usage criteria		Has the basics for designing recuperators. Knows how to determine the average temperature difference in a heat exchanger.			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			

Subject contents	Presentation of the main mechanisms and laws of heat transfer. Methods of solving problems occurring in technology in terms of conduction, heat transfer and radiation heat transfer. Methods of heat transfer intensification. Boiling and condensation. Fundamentals of heat exchanger design.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	THermodynamics I, Fluid mechanics I, Mathematics						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	lecture	60.0%	65.0%				
	laboratory	60.0%	35.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	1.Mikielewicz D., Heat transfer - lecture notes.					
		2.F. Incropera, D. deWitt, Fundamentals of heat and mass transfer, 5th edition, CRC Press, 2007.					
		3.Wiśniewski S., Wiśniewski T., Wymiana ciepła, WNT, 2007.					
		eat exchangers, Wydawnictwo PG,					
	Supplementary literature	Any heat transfer textbook					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:				
		D: 41619					
	https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=4161 Wymiana ciepła Laboratorium - Moodle ID: 41716 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=4171						
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	separating two fluids at different te wall separating two fluids. 3. Defin transfer. 4. Provide a definition of examples of geometric similarity, s phenomena. 6. Derive the concept number. What can be assumed wh relationship for the minimum radius it differs from the Biot number. 9. c system of low heat conduction resi temperature. Bring an expression of the differential equation of the time conduction resistance considering heat flux through a one-sided finned discuss the forms of this equation equation, Laplace equation. 13. De state the assumptions under which under which these equations are d the approximation. When are the la Analogies between heat and mom discuss the methods of determinin convection and free convection. G these numbers. 18. droplet and filr boiling . Conditions of bubble grow Discuss the boiling curve. 20. boili heated channel with a low heat flux example of the application of this c theoretical analysis of heat exchar sizing. 23. give a method for detern	https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=41716 1. illustrate the known modes of heat transfer using the example of heat transfer through a multilayer wall separating two fluids at different temperatures. 2. derive Peclet's equation for heat transfer through a single wall separating two fluids. 3. Define the thermal resistance of conduction, transfer, and convective heat transfer. 4. Provide a definition of heat flux density in a two-dimensional temperature field. 5. Discuss examples of geometric similarity, state why geometric similarity is not sufficient in physical modeling of phenomena. 6. Derive the concept of Biot's number from the definition, explain how it differs from Nusselt's number. What can be assumed when Biot's number goes to zero? 7. critical radius of insulation. Derive the relationship for the minimum radius of insulation. 8. derive the definition of the Nusselt number, explain how it differs from the Biot number. 9. derive the relationship for calculating the time-varying temperature in a system of low heat conduction resistance, assuming that the body is cooled in a medium of constant temperature. Bring an expression describing the temperature field for the general case of a system with low heat conduction resistance considering radiative heat transfer and constant theat flux. 11. Give the formula for heat flux through a one-sided finned surface from a sketch with explanation. 12. Fourier-Kirchoff equation - discuss the forms of this equation arising from appropriate assumptions, i.e. Fourier equation, Poisson equation, Laplace equation. 13. Derive the differential equation for the temperature distribution in a rod, and state the assumptions under which a rectangular rib can be analyzed in this manner. State the assumptions under which these equations are derived. 14. hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layer. Purpose of using the approximation. When are the layers of equal thickness and when are they of different thickness. 15. Analogies between heat and momentum transfer. Purpos					
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Work placement	Not applicable						

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