



## Subject card

Subject name and code	Strenght of materials towards applications , PG_00053661						
Field of study	Mechanical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2020	Academic year of realisation of subject			2022/2023		
Education level	first-cycle studies	Subject group					
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	3	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	6	ECTS credits			2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Institute of Mechanics and Machine Design -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk					
	Teachers	dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
	Address on the e-learning platform: <a href="https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=12477">https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=12477</a>						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		0.0		0.0	30
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic issues related to the strength of materials, from the basis of material strength, simple strength cases, complex strength to energy methods in strength and the basics of the FEM method.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	K6_U01	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This includes the topics mentioned in the subject purpose and later. The student has the ability to assess the usefulness of the presented content both from the point of view of designing technical objects and their operation in the broadly understood technology, energy and environmental protection.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task
	K6_U07	The student has the ability to solve basic problems related to the strength of materials, including the performance of simple engineering tasks using the adequate methods, models, tools and design criteria based on regulations.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task
	K6_W06	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This applies to the topics mentioned in the purpose of the subject. Many of these topics relate to mechanical engineering.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
	K6_W12	The student has the ability to analyze the basics of material strength, the compressive / tensile strength of a straight bar, strength analysis for statically indeterminate bar systems, torsional strength of bars, beam strength - bending, deformation of a bent beam, bar shear (shear bar), stress states, stress state and deformations, methods of determining stresses (shear forces, bending moments) and deformations for statically indeterminate bar systems, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of bars and bar systems - energy methods, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of beams and frames using the Maxwell method -Mohra, bar buckling, basics of the finite element method FEM. The student has the ability to model issues related to the strength of materials in the field of rigid bodies, biomechanics, mechanical systems, vibrations and basic mechanical structures.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
Subject contents	The lectures concern, in turn: the basis of material strength, the compressive / tensile strength of a straight bar, strength analysis for statically indeterminate bar systems, torsional strength of bars, beam strength - bending, deformation of a bent beam, bar shear (shear bar), stress states, state of stress and deformations, methods of determining stresses (shear forces, bending moments) and deformations for statically indeterminate bar systems, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of bars and bar systems - energy methods, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of beams and frames using the Maxwell method -Mohra, bar buckling, basics of the finite element method FEM.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	The student should have basic information in the field of applied physics and mathematics, mathematical analysis, numerical methods, solid state mechanics, including kinetics and dynamics, technical drawing and the basics of programming.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Half term and final egzam	56.0%	100.0%

Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Bąk R., Burczyński T.: Wytrzymałość materiałów z elementami ujęcia komputerowego. WNT, Warszawa 2001.</li> <li>2. Dyląg Z., Jakubowicz A., Orłóś Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa, t. I 1996, t. II 1997.</li> <li>3. Misiak J.: Mechanika techniczna. Statyka i wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa 1996.</li> <li>4. Kaliński K. J.: Nadzorowanie procesów dynamicznych w układach mechanicznych. Gdańsk: Wydaw. PG 2012.</li> <li>5. Gallagher R. H.: Finite element analysis fundamentals. New Jersey: Prentice Hall 1975.</li> <li>6. Niezgodziński M.E., Niezgodziński T.: Wzory, wykresy i tablice wytrzymałościowe. Warszawa: WNT 1996.</li> <li>7. Walczyk Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. Wyd. PG, Gdańsk t. I 2000, t. II 2001.</li> <li>8. Żmuda J.: Projektowanie konstrukcji stalowych. <a href="http://WydawnictwoNaukowePWN">Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN</a>, 2016.</li> </ol>
	Supplementary literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ship Construction by D. J. Eyres, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2001.</li> <li>2. Elements of Modern Ship Construction by <a href="#">David J. House</a>, 2010.</li> <li>3. Ship Construction 7th Edition, by <a href="#">George J Bruce</a>, Butterworth-Heinemann, May 2012.</li> <li>4. Ship Construction and Welding by <b>Mandal</b>, Nisith Ranjan, <a href="#">Springer Series on Naval Architecture, Marine Engineering, Shipbuilding and Shipping</a>.</li> </ol>
	eResources addresses	<p>Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:</p> <p>Strength of materials towards applications, PG_00053661, 2022-2023 - Moodle ID: 28798  <a href="https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=28798">https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=28798</a></p>
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Assembly stresses - arise as a result of correcting dimensional differences of the connected elements of the structure. Example. To install a bar of length <math>l</math> between two vertical walls, increase its length by <math>D</math>. A tensile force <math>N</math> appears in the cross-section of the bar, which causes assembly stresses.</li> <li>2. Example. A beam with a length of <math>2l</math> and stiffness <math>EI</math>, pinned at its ends, is loaded with a uniformly distributed load <math>q</math> acting on length <math>l</math>. Formulate the equation of deflection angles and deflection axis and determine the deflection angle and deflection at point B.</li> </ol>	
Work placement	Not applicable	