

关。GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY 创 OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Geomatics, PG_00044798								
Field of study	Geodesy and Cartography								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2022/2023			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the	at the university		
Year of study	1		Language	of instruction	า	Polish			
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			3.0			
Learning profile	general academic pro	ofile	Assessment form			asses	assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Geode	esy -> Faculty c	of Civil and Env	ironmental Eng	gineerin	g			
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Jakub	Szulwic					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers								
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	45	
	E-learning hours inclu	uded: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes includ plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study SUM		SUM	
	Number of study hours	45		6.0		24.0		75	
Subject objectives	The student understands the basics and has the ability to apply the principles of analytical description of the Earth in various areas of geodesy and cartography. The student uses spatial reference systems, geodetic coordinate systems, types of maps used in geodesy and cartography and related fields, taking into account the current legal status. The student becomes familiar with modern methods of surveying, satellite / aerial imaging and GNSS positioning.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification				
	[K6_U06] can solve geodetic tasks and select measurement methods for typical engineering tasks including the curvature of the Earth and the impact of gravity		measuring equipment depending on the task. Understands the effects of measurement errors			[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task			
[K6_W05] knows and understands the basic principles in the field of geomatics, mathematical and thematical cartography, including reference systems and coordinate frames associated with cartographic elaborations, and has knowledge about establishing and modernizing geodetic networks, taking into account the current legal status		The student knows and defines reference systems, coordinate systems (in force in the Republic of Poland and in the European Union), types of maps used in geodesy and cartography and related fields. The student understands the basics of applying the principles of analytical description of the Earth in various areas of geodesy and cartography. The student knows the current legal status in the field of Geodetic and Cartographic Law.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation				

Subject contents	Modern measuring technologies in geodesy and cartography - a review of solutions - 3 hours.Geodetic and cartographic systems - 6 hours.Foucault's pendulum - operating principle, connection with the Earth's rotation; a look in the context of the introduction to geodetic gravimetry 3 hours.Earth as a measuring surface: introduction to physical geodesy, cartographic mapping, the concept of measurement accuracy, methods of geodetic measurements - 3 hours.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites							
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
	Assessment of the presentation in the field of measurement methods.	50.0%	25.0%				
	Assessment of factual knowledge obtained during lectures (test).	60.0%	50.0%				
	Assessment of the practical task carried out in the field.	50.0%	25.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	 Piotr Banasik, Piotr Cichociński, Józef Czaja, Władysław G Krystian Kozioł, Robert Krzyżek, Jacek Kudrys, Marcin Liga Bogdan Skorupa. Podstawy geomatyki. Wydawnictwo AGH ISBN: 978-83-7464-320-7 Stefan Przewłocki. Geomatyka. Wydawnictwo PWN, 2019. ISBN 9788301155292 					
Supplementary literature		Current press materials and articles indexed in journal databases (Web of Science, Scopus or Google Scholar): https://scholar.google.pl/schhp?hl=pl http://www.webofknowledge.com/ and https://www.scopus.com/ - access via https://pg.edu.pl/biblioteka-pg/alfabetycznie and https://geoforum.pl/geodezja/wprowadzenie https://geoforum.pl/geodezja/systemy-uklady https://geoforum.pl/geodezja/transformacja https://geoforum.pl/geodezja/grawimetria					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:					

	I: Please provide definitions: quasi geoid, orthodrome, ellipsoidal height. Please compare the geodetic coordinate systems: 1965 and PL-2000. Please characterize the azimuth mapping and provide the shape of the meridians and parallels grid for one example (please name the example, assigning to the mapping type). Please describe mapping distortions in the PL-2000 system.What is standardization in geodesy? Please provide examples of at least five standards used in geodesy. II Please compare the geodetic coordinate systems: 1942 and PL-2000. Please compare the geodetic coordinate systems: 1942 and PL-2000. Please compare the geodetic coordinate systems: 1942 and PL-2000. Please compare the geodetic coordinate systems: 1942 and PL-2000. Please characterize the cylindrical projection and give the shape of the meridians and parallels grid for one example (please name the example, assigning to the projection type). Please describe the mapping distortions in 1965 (for zones 1-4). What are the reasons for using normalization in geodesy? Please provide examples of at least five standards used in geodesy.
Work placement	Not applicable