

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Essentials of Statistics, PG_00049595								
Field of study	Management								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/2024			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			English			
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits			5.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			exam			
Conducting unit	Department of Economic Sciences -> Faculty of Management and Economics								
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	prof. dr hab. Stanisław Kot							
	Teachers		dr inż. Sabina						
			prof. dr hab. Stanisław Kot						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	30.0	0.0		0.0	45	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes includ	n didactic led in study	Participation i consultation h	Participation in consultation hours		udy	SUM	
	Number of study hours	45	10.0		70.0		125		
Subject objectives	The skills of statistical analysis of business environment, resources and analysis of internal processes and use of information techniques for this purpose.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K6_W09] knows the basic conditions concerning norms and standards covering particular areas of the organization's functioning, taking into account cultural norms		The student knows how to analyze the enterprise environment, use statistical analysis methods and statistical programs.			[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U07] observes the principles of business ethics to the managerial activities undertaken, and also uses appropriate regulations and legal rules and normative systems		The student uses correct methods in the analysis of statistical data.			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			
	[K6_U03] points to the cultural differences that affect the functioning of organisations and their management methods in different parts of the world		The student correctly interprets the statistical data.			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			

Subject contents	1. Elements of probability. The concept and the representation of the distribution characteristics of						
	2. Measures of statistical location: arithmetic mean, geometric mean, fashion, median, quartiles)						
	3. Measures of dispersion (variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation, spacing kwartylowy)						
	4. Asymmetry and flattening distribution, measures of asymmetry (the third time relative kwartylowy skewness coefficient), a measure of flattening (relative fourth moment, kurtosis)						
	5. Analysis of two-dimensional random variables, analysis of interdependencies between quantitative traits (correlation, Pearson's correlation coefficient, linear regression: function parameters, measurements match)						
	6. Analysis of the correlation between quality characteristics (rank correlation coefficients, contingency coefficients)						
	 Statistical indices (individual and aggregate indices price, volume and value Laspeyres, Paasche and Fisher indexes Single base and chain) 						
	8. Elements of descriptive analysis of time series (function linear and non-linear trend, periodic fluctuations in relative and absolute, calculated over the average level of the phenomenon and the trend trend, random fluctuations)						
	9. The expected value, variance and standard deviation of a random variable displacement.						
	10. Selected distributions of discrete variables (zerojedynkowy distribution, binomial, Poisson)						
	11. Continuous random variable, the notion of probability density function						
	12. Normal distribution, standardization of normal random variable.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	the basis of mathematical analysis, t	the basis of probability					
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	Final exam (laboratory)	50.0%	50.0%				
	Final exam (lecture)	50.0%	50.0%				
Recommended reading		 Freund J.E., R.E. Walpole (1987), Mathematical Statistics, Prentice-Hall, (4th edition). Gudmund R., Iversen Mary G.(1997). Statistics. The Conceptual Approach. Springer, New York, NY. Mendenhal W. I, D.D. Wackerly (2007), Mathematical Statistics with Applications, Thomson Learning (7th edition). Othmar W. Winkler, (2009). Interpreting Economic and Social Data. A Foundation of Descriptive Statistics. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg Wasserman, L. (2004). All of Statistics, A Concise Course in Statistical Inference. Springer, New York, NY. 					
	Supplementary literature	 Greń J. "Statystyka matematyczna-modele i zadania" PWN, Warszawa, 1999 lub wydania późniejsze. Fisz M., "Rachunek prawdopodobieństwa i statystyka matematyczna, PWN, Warszawa 1969. Kot S.M., Sokołowski A., Jakubowski J. "Statystyka", Difin, Warszawa, 2007 Krysicki W, J.Bartos, W.Dyczka, K.Królikowska, M.Wasilewski "Rachunek prawdopodobieństwa i statystyka matematyczna w zadaniach", część II, PWN, Warszawa 1986 					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Essentials of statistics 2023/24 - Moodle ID: 34507 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=34507					
Example issues/	Task.						
example questions/ tasks being completed	During the research on the test station determines the basic parameters of a random motor vehicle leaving the production line. Amount of fuel consumed on the basis of produced cars had a normal distribution with an average 6.5 litres/100 km and variance 2.4 litres squared/100 km squared. If the variance of consumed fuel of a random car is more than 2.7 litres squared/100 km squared this car is aimed to replace the motor.						
	1. Calculate what percentage of cars back to improve						
	2. Calculate the percentage of cars are within a span of plus / minus 75% of the standard deviation relative to the mean value						
	Questions.						
	 What is the distribution of characteristics? What is the decomposition of a time series? Present and review the components of the time series. Give the central limit theorem. 						
Work placement	Not applicable						

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