

关。GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY 多 OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Computers Graphics, PG_00047658							
Field of study	Informatics							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/2024		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		research in the field of study at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	3			ECTS credits		4.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	ent form		exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Intelligent Interactive Systems -> Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Informatics							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr inż. Jacek Lebiedź						
	Teachers		mgr inż. Jerzy Redlarski					
			dr inż. Agata Kołakowska					
			dr inż. Jacek Lebiedź					
Losson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	45		1.0		54.0		100
Subject objectives	The purpose of education is to acquire the ability to create images using standard graphics APIs (libraries Allegro, GDI, Xlib, OpenGL i DirectX) and to implement transformation of 2D and 3D images.							

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K6_W01] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, mathematics necessary to formulate and solve simple issues related to the field of study	Student uses mathematical models to define the image.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge
	[K6_W42] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, architecture, design principles and methods of hardware and software support for local and distributed information systems, including computing systems, databases, computer networks and information applications, as well as the principles of human cooperation with computers and computer- aided teamwork	Student is aware of the hardware support of the rendering pipeline in graphic units and understands what programming of shaders is.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge
	[K6_U43] can analyse date and formulate, apply and assess appropriate formal models and algorithms for solving problems in the field of information systems and applications	Student is able to implement basic graphic algorithms.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment
	[K6_U01] can apply mathematical knowledge to formulate and solve complex and non-typical problems related to the field of study and perform tasks, in an innovative way, in not entirely predictable conditions, by:n- appropriate selection of sources and information obtained from them, assessment, critical analysis and synthesis of this information,n- selection and application of appropriate methods and toolsn	Student analyzes the problems and develop appropriate models, data structures and numerical and heuristic algorithms for graphics applications.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment
	[K6_U07] can apply methods of process and function support, specific to the field of study	Student understands the rendering pipeline and is able to modify its steps.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment

Subject contents	recognition 3. Applications of compute chniques in computer graphics – in basic transformations (scaling, rotati environments: MS Windows, X Windows, X Viongonger, Subspaces 8. Linear dep space, vector coordinates in base of linear spaces 10. Visual perception, metamerism 12. Theoretical and tec TekHVC color models 15. RGB colo YUV, YIQ, YCbCr color models 19. Itransformations of coordinates syste orthogonal and orthonormal base, wand interior of set, dense in itself self forms of images and representation representation methods 24. Compar graphics devices 25. Hardware of raster graphics: monito vector graphics: plotters, digitizers – neighborhood 29. Image digitization Image digitization – quantization, dit concept of curve, straight lines, segr curve representation: common equa line, circle, conics 34. Bézier curves Casteljau's algorithm for point of Béd discrete geometry, discrete segment numerical, conditional (Bresenham's midpoint algorithm, multistep Gill alg algorithms for antialiased straight lin conversion algorithms for circular armidpoint algorithm, for plane and polyhed distance between two slanting straig line and plane, two planes in space, Sutherland line-clipping algorithm 47. Sutherland-Hodgman polygon-clippi typefaces: serif and sans-serif, mont formats: Type 1, TrueType, OpenTy 53. Units of measure in typography, publishing, basic concepts, typesetti properties. Kernel and image of linear representation of linear transformation 58. 3D graphics – prirepresentation, spatial-partitioning remodeling, tessellation, Bézier and B algorithm, single contour tracing algorithm, single contour tracing algorithm, and high-pass filters 74. Image procesion – idea, simple matrix and linear operator, Invariant space, Banach theorem 82. Data co 83. Lossless image compression: Hidictionary coding (LZ77, LZ78, LZW image compression - idea, simple matrix and linear operator, Invariant space, Banach theorem 82. Data co 83. Lossless image compression: Fractal cot 83. Lossless image compression: Fractal cot 83. Loss	ion, translation) by mechanism of sta dow; graphics systems: standard API is: addition and multiplication by scal- endence and independence of vecto f linear space 9. Transformation from human eye, receptors: rods and con- hinical color models 13. CIE XYZ color r model 16. CMY, CMYK color mode Cartesian plane and space, points ar ems 20. Euclidean plane and space, se- ector product 21. Topological space, is, coherent sets, homeomorphisms 2 methods 23. Vector graphics – concor- ison of raster and vector graphics, ve- ister graphics: graphics cards – cons rs, projectors, scanners, digital came technologies 28. Digital geometry – – sampling, condition of compatibility hering, error diffusion 31. Lines in Eu- ments of straight lines, conics on plar titon, confounded equation, parametr – definition and features 35. B-spline zier curve and de Boor-Cox algorithm t, properties 38. Scan-conversion algo algorithm, midpoint algorithm), struc porthm – implementation 40. Aliasing e segments: Gupta-Sproull algorithm cs and other conics: numerical, cond rsion algorithms for Bézier curves and n of point and segment in respect of ron in space 44. Distance of point fro pht lines in space 45. Angle of depress segment shading by point and segm 7. Cyrus-Beck parametric line-clipping pagaorithm 49. Typography, fonts, j ospaced and proportional; Times Roi pe, other formats 52. Ligatures – def Didot's and Pica systems: typograph ng mistakes: orphans and widows 58 ar transformation, composing of linear on, examples of linear transformatior thogonal projection, perspective proj nciples, rendering pipeline 59. Geom epresentation (concept of voxel), con -splines surfaces 61. Visible-surface cision algorithms, generation of shadd Illumination modeling – Phong illum ing – normal-vector interpolation 66. c operations: addition, multiplication 1 . Matrix determinant, matrix order 69 tible matrix 70. Image processing – contor 73. Image processing – contor 74. Image processing – thinning: con more 3. Implementation of simple proc al of square m	pattern recognition 4. Basic d graphical API 5. Implementation of ndard graphical API 6. Graphical , DirectX, OpenGL; graphics ar, linear (vector) space and its rs, base and dimension of linear base to base, isomorphisms of es 11. Color – trichromacy theory, or model 14. CIE LUV, CIE LAB, dis 17. HSV, HLS color models 18. divectors, coordinates systems, scalar product, canonical base, open and closed sets, boundary 22. Raster graphics – concept, ept, forms of images and ector graphics emulation for raster truction, history of development 26. eras – technologies 27. Hardware of concept of pixel, pixel y of region with sampling grid 30. uclidean geometry, history of e and in space 32. Methods of ic equation 33. Equations of straight es – definition and features 36. De n for point of B-splines 37. Line in iorithms for straight line segments: ctural 39. Bresenham's algorithm, g and antialiasing – scan-conversion n, Wu's algorithm 41. Scan- itional (Bresenham's algorithm, d B-splines: parametric (iterative straight line and plane in space, ission of two straight lines, straight ient 46. Clipping lines – Cohen- g algorithm 48. Clipping polygons – parameters of fonts 50. Types of man, Helvetica, Courier 51. Font inition, examples, kerning, tracking ic point, cicéro, pica 54. Desktop 55. Linear transformation and its ar transformation 56. Matrix is: translation, scaling, rotation, axis ection as an example of linear eletric solid modeling: boundary structive solid geometry 60. Surface determination: image-precision ows 62. Texturing: concept of texel, ination model 64. Gouraud shading Global illumination methods: ray by scalar, product, unit matrix, . Transpose of a matrix, symmetric contour tracing: all contours tracing ur filling: contour filling by parity ncept of skeleton, basic thinning neear and non-linear filters, low-pass low-pass and high-pass filters 75. acian filter – edges detection 76. closing 77. Image transformations: redures for transformation stracing ur length encoding (RLE) 86. Lossy e compression: w
-	MPEG standard		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	No requirements		
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
and criteria	Practical exercise	60.0%	50.0%
	Midterm colloquium	53.0%	50.0%

Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. Angel E.: Interactive Computer Graphics. A Top-Down Approach Using OpenGL (3rd Edition). Addison Wesley 2003. 2. Foley J. D., van Dam A., Feiner S. K., Hughes J. F.: Computer Graphics: Principles and Practice, (2nd Edition). Addison-Wesley, Reading 1990. 3. Hill F. S. jr., Kelley S. M.: Computer Graphics using OpenGL (3rd Edition). Pearson Education 2007. 4. Pharr M., Humphreys G.: Physically Based Rendering. From Theory to Implementation (2nd Edition). Morgan Kaufmann 2010. 5. Schneider Ph. J., Eberly D. H.: Geometric Tools for Computer Graphics. Morgan Kaufmann 2003.	
	Supplementary literature	1. Shreiner D., Sellers G., Kessenich J., Licea-Kane B.: OpenGL Programming Guide. The Official Guide to Learning OpenGL, Version 4.3 (8th Edition). Addison-Wesley 2013. 2. Varcholik P.: Real-Time 3D Rendering with DirectX and HLSL: A Practical Guide to Graphics Programming (Game Design). Addison-Wesley 2014.	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Grafika komputerowa - Moodle ID: 34212 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=34212	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Application for drawing of given solid using a particular graphics API.		
Work placement	Not applicable		