



Subject card

Subject name and code	Random Processes and Mathematical Statistics, PG_00047514						
Field of study	Automatic Control, Cybernetics and Robotics						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2023		Academic year of realisation of subject		2022/2023		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		English		
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits		2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Teleinformation Networks -> Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Informatics						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Mariusz Domżałski				
	Teachers		dr inż. Mariusz Domżałski				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		4.0		16.0	50
Subject objectives	Knowledge of basic methods of random processes analysis and basics of mathematical statistics.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K7_W02] Knows and understands, to an increased extent, selected laws of physics and physical phenomena, as well as methods and theories explaining the complex relationships between them, constituting advanced general knowledge in the field of technical sciences related to the field of study		Student identifies, classifies and describes basic types of random processes, analyses their properties, calculates parameters and characteristics of random processes. Student describes principles of parameter estimation, properties of estimators, principles of hypotheses verification, calculates estimates and verifies statistical hypotheses.		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	[K7_U03] can design, according to required specifications, and make a complex device, facility, system or carry out a process, specific to the field of study, using suitable methods, techniques, tools and materials, following engineering standards and norms, applying technologies specific to the field of study and experience gained in the professional engineering environment		Student identifies, classifies and describes basic types of random processes, analyses their properties, calculates parameters and characteristics of random processes. Student describes principles of parameter estimation, properties of estimators, principles of hypotheses verification, calculates estimates and verifies statistical hypotheses.		[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment		

Subject contents	1. One-dimensional random variables- discrete, analog, mixed- common description with the aid of generalized probability density function, statistical moments, cumulants, characteristic function, generating function 2. Random vectors- real and complex, description methods, statistical moments- auto-correlation matrix and auto-covariance matrix and their properties; cross-correlation matrix and cross-covariance matrix and their properties 3. Linear transformations of random vectors and their properties 4. Diagonalization of auto-correlation matrix and diagonalization of auto-covariance matrix with the aid of unitary method; use of singular value decomposition of data matrix 5. Diagonalization of auto-correlation matrix and auto-covariance matrix with the aid of triangular method; use of QR decomposition of data matrix. 6. Definition and classification of random processes (RP); ensemble of realizations averaging method; cumulative probability distribution function, probability density function of RP. 7. Moments of RP, autocorrelation function, autocovariance function, cross-correlation and cross-covariance functions, RP stationarity in wide- and strict-sense; other stationarity definitions; RP ergodicity; time-averages. 8. RP examples- Bernoulli, binomial, random walking, discrete Wiener, Markov . Periodic RP, cycle-stationary RP. Gauss RP. 9. Markov chains (MC)- homogeneity and stationarity of MC, classification of states; Kolmogorov-Chapman equation, random walking RP as MC. 10. Description of RP in frequency domain- power spectral density and its properties, physical interpretation. Sampling theorem for RP. White noise, band-pass white noise, discrete white noise. 11. Response of linear systems to RP inputs. 12. Moving average (MA) RP, autoregressive (AR) RP, autoregressive moving average (ARMA) RP. 13. Properties of MA, AR and ARMA RP- autocorrelation function, Youle-Walker equations. 14. Properties of MA, AR and ARMA RP- power density functions. 15. Methods of estimation, point and interval estimation, estimation of random variable parameters, maximum likelihood estimators, properties of estimators, Cramer-Rao bound. Verification of statistical hypotheses. 16. RP parameters estimation- mean value estimation, estimation of autocorrelation function and autocorrelation matrix. 17. Estimation of power density function of RP- correlogram, periodogram, Blackmann-Tukey, Welch, Bartlett algorithms. 18. Estimation of power density function of RP using linear models AR, MA, ARMA.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	No requirements		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
		50.0%	60.0%
	Midterm colloquium	50.0%	40.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	A. Papoulis, Probability, Random Variables, and Stochastic Processes, McGraw-Hill, 1991 Hwei P. Hsu, Theory and Problems of Probability, Random Variables and Random Processes, McGraw-Hill, 1997	
	Supplementary literature	Therrien, C. W. Discrete Random Signals and Statistical Signal Processing. Prentice-Hall, 1992.	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	For random process $X(t)=A \sin(\omega_0 t)+B \cos(\omega_0 t)$, where A and B are independent random variables calculate mean value, auto-correlation function, auto-covariance function and answer the question: is this random process wide-sense stationary?		
Work placement	Not applicable		