

Subject card

Subject name and code	Advanced Mathematics, PG_00047393								
Field of study	Electronics and Telecommunications								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2022/2023			
Education level	second-cycle studies Subject group		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
				Sub rese		Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			English			
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			6.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			exam			
Conducting unit	Mathematics Center -> Vice-Rector for Education								
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr Magdalena Musielak						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr Magdalena Musielak						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	45	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes include plan			Self-study		SUM		
	Number of study hours	45		15.0		90.0		150	
Subject objectives	The use of specialized mathematical tools to technical subjects.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	complex and non-typical problems related to the field of study by:n-appropriate selection of source information and its critical analysis, synthesis, creative interpretation and presentation,n-		Student uses the notion of linear space, linear transformation, determines matrices of linear transformations in different bases, demonstrates methods for solving differential and integral equations, analyzes stability of linear and nonlinear systems of differential equations.			[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			
	[K7_W01] Knows and understands, to an increased extent, mathematics to the extent necessary to formulate and solve complex issues related to the field of study.		Student knows the basic concepts and theorems of linear algebra, knows the basics of functional analysis, knows the types of differential and integral equations, knows theorems and techniques of solving ordinary differential equations and partial differential equations.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			

Data wydruku: 03.05.2024 21:58 Strona 1 z 2

Subject contents	Linear space. Basic concepts. Linear subspace. Basis and dimension of linear space. Coordinates of vecto to the base. Linear operators. Basic concepts. Matrix of linear transformation. Change of basis matrix. Hilbert Space. Space L ² [-,].						
	First order ordinary differential equations. Basic concepts. Separable equations. Bernoulli equation. Lagrange equation and Clairauta equation. Exact equations. Intergrating factor. Second order equations reducible to first order. Higher order linear equations with constant coefficients. Higher order Euler equations. Second order linear equations with nonconstant coefficients. Systems of differential equations. Qualitative analysis of solutions of ordinary differential equations. Lapunov stability. Integral equations. Basic terminology. Classification. Volterra and Fredholm equation. Transforming differential equations into integral equations. Methods for solving integral equations. Successive approximations, iterated kernels, resolvent. Partial differential equations. Basic concepts. First order partial differential equations. Linear partial differential equations of second order. Methods to solve linear partial differential equations of second order. Classification of equations. Reducing equations to canonical form. Wave equation in one dimensional case. Wave equation. Heat conduction equation. Laplace equation.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites							
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
	Written examination	50.0%	80.0%				
	Homework assignments	0.0%	20.0%				
Recommended reading	 Tveito, A., Winther, R., Introduction to Partial Differer Equations, Springer L. C. Evans, Partial Differential Equations, AMS. Hochstadt, H., Integral Equations, A Wiley-Interscien Publications M.I.Krasnov, G.I.Makarenko, A.I. Kiselev, Problems a in the calculus of variations., Mir Publishers. Debnath, L., Mikusinski, P., Hilbert Spaces with Appl Edition, Elsevier Academic Press 						
	Supplementary literature	 Simmons, George F., Differential equations with applications and historical notes, Third Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group Asmar, Nakhle H., Partial Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems with Fourier Series, 2nd Edition, Pearson 					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:					
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	 Verify if the given transformation T: R_{2x2}R₂[x] is linear. In case of positive answer find ker T, im T, dim ker T, dim im T. T ([a b; c d])= ax²+(b-c)x +d (R_{2x2},+,·) vector space of real matrices of order 2, with addition and scalar multiplications, (R₂[x],+,·) vector space of real polynomials of order at most 2, with addition and scalar multiplications.) Solve the following nonhomogeneous linear equation. y""+y"=(x-1)/(x²). Examine stability of equilibrium points of the system {x'=xy+2y^2; y'=(y-1)(x+2)} Find the integral surface passing through given curve (u)/(x) + y (u)/(y)=u²y, y=t, y=t², u=1. Classify the equation and find its characteristics (²u)/(x²) - 2 cos x (²u)/(xy) - (3 + sin² x) (²u)/(1 y²) - y (u)/(y)=0. Find the resolvent kernel, if K(x,t)=x² t²; a=-1, b=1. 						
	(u)/(y)=0.		- u)/(x y) -(3 +sin- x) (- u)/(i y-) -y				

Data wydruku: 03.05.2024 21:58 Strona 2 z 2