

Subject card

Subject name and code	Information Systems Security, PG_00055353							
Field of study	Electronics and Telecommunications							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/2024		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
						Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	4		ECTS credits		3.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Teleinformation Networks -> Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Informatics							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Bartosz Czaplewski					
	Teachers		dr inż. Bartosz Czaplewski					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation i classes including		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	45		3.0		27.0		75
Subject objectives	Knowledge of information security threats and methods of information protection against these threats.							

Data wydruku: 03.05.2024 23:30 Strona 1 z 3

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	[K7_U07] can apply advanced methods of process and function support, specific to the field of study	Student understands, identifies and classifies the methods of symmetric cryptography, asymmetric cryptography, steganography, digital fingerprinting.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			
	[K7_W03] Knows and understands, to an increased extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum.	Student identifies, classifies and recognizes threatens of information security during data transmission and basic cryptographic systems. Student identifies and classifies security services and mechanisms.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_W08] Knows and understands, to an increased extent, the fundamental dilemmas of modern civilisation, the main development trends of scientific disciplines relevant to the field of education.	The student understands and identifies the challenges related to the distribution of keys, the creation of a secure channel, the resistance of asymmetric cryptography to the operation of quantum computers. The student knows and understands how critical it is for modern civilization to maintain an appropriate level of information security.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_U06] can analyse the operation of components, circuits and systems related to the field of study; measure their parameters; examine technical specifications; interpret obtained results and draw conclusions	The student is able to run, measure and analyse the most important symmetric and asymmetric encryption algorithms.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			
	[K7_W06] Knows and understands, to an increased extent, the basic processes taking place in the life cycle of devices, facilities and technical systems.	Student analyses encryption and decryption processes as well as estimates cryptographic system resistance to malicious attacks.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
Subject contents	1. Information system security 2. Basic information security aspects 3. Network security model 4. Basic aspects of cryptographic systems 5. Cryptanalysis methods 6. Classic ciphers 7. Introduction to block ciphers 8. Data Encryption Standard (DES) 9. Design principles for block ciphers 10. Block cipher modes 11. Double and triple encryption (3DES) 12. International Data Encryption Algorithm (IDEA) 13. Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 14. Link encryption and end-to-end encryption 15. Key distribution methods 16. Generating pseudo-random numbers 17. RC4 stream cipher 18. Asymmetric cryptographic systems 19. RSA system 20. Distribution of public keys 21. Diffie-Hellman algorithm 22. ElGamal algorithm 23. Elliptic-curve cryptography 24. The future of asymmetric cryptography 25. Asymmetric cryptography resistant to attacks of quantum computers 26. Message authentication 27. One-way hash functions 28. Rainbow tables 29. Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) 31. The basics of steganography 32. Digital fingerprinting 33. Reversible Data Hiding					
Prerequisites and co-requisites						

Data wydruku: 03.05.2024 23:30 Strona 2 z 3

Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade	
and criteria	measurement reports	50.0%	40.0%	
	final test	50.0%	60.0%	
Recommended reading	Basic literature	B. Schneier, Kryptografia dla praktyków, WN-T, Warszawa 2004J. Fridrich, Steganography in Digital Media: Principles, Algorithms, and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2010N. Ferguson,B. Schneier, Kryptografia w praktyce, Helion, 2004W. Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, Principles and Practice, Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall, 2005M. Stamp, Information Security: Principles and Practice, J. Wiley, 2011		
	Supplementary literature	B. Czaplewski, Nowe metody łącznego fingerprintingu i deszyfracji do zabezpieczania obrazów kolorowych, rozprawa doktorska, WETI PG, 2015YQ. Shi, X. Li, X. Zhang, HT. Wu, B. Ma, Reversible Data Hiding: Advances in the Past Two Decades, IEEE Access, 2016		
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Information Systems Security 2023 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/mood		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	none			
Work placement	Not applicable			

Data wydruku: 03.05.2024 23:30 Strona 3 z 3