

## SDAŃSK UNIVERSITY 的 OF TECHNOLOGY

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Numerical modeling of thermal-flow processes, PG_00057392							
Field of study	Mechanical Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	February 2023		Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/2024		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			5.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Energy and Industrial		Apparatus -> Faculty of Mechanica			Engineering and Ship Technology		
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Paweł Ziółkowski					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	30.0		0.0	60
	E-learning hours inclu	ided: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes includ plan	n didactic ed in study	Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	60		10.0		55.0		125
Subject objectives	Presentation of issues concerning mathematical modelling of power installations, including thermodynamic cycles and selected devices of power installations using commercial codes, so that the student is able to properly model the process and interpret the results. Presentation of capabilities of CFD code.							
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification		
[K7_W03] possesses a profound knowledge on thermodynamic processes and their simulation, knows simulation methods and programs aiding the design and operation of power generating machines and process equipment, including renewable energy sources, air conditioning and cooling		student is able to transform technical problem into mathematical model, applies apropriate mathematical simulation methods			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects			
	renewable energy sources, air conditioning and cooling							
	[K7_U06] when solving engineering problems on design, technology and operation of machines is able to assess and classify typical methods and tools, define systemic and ex-technical aspects using modern calculating methods and design tools or modifying the current ones		student is able to theoretically and experimentally formulate mathematlical model of technical problem, is conscious of the role and apply mathematical model linearization, knows standard mathematical models, can adapt standard mathematical model to the technical problem			[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools		
[K7_W09] possesses prof knowledge on the direction development of constructi machines, devices, calcula methods and systems aid design, materials and thei properties, manufacturing methods and diagnostics, measurement equipment		profound ections of truction of alculating s aiding the t their uring stics, control- nent	Students acquire knowledge about the possibilities of designing and optimizing the operation of heat- flow devices using numerical modeling.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects		

Subject contents	Repeat the information on thermodynamic cycles and broaden the information on their modeling with the use of commercial tools. Presentation of balances, constitutive equations, the way of setting conditions in CFD codes. Regulation and control of devices in the context of heat exchangers. Presentation of capabilities of CFD and CFM code.							
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Thermodynamics. Mathematics I,II, III, physics, fluid mechanics, solid mechanics							
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade					
	Laboratory	56.0%	0.0%					
	Written exam	56.0%	70.0%					
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Ziółkowski, Learning materials Also available in electronic form						
		Stephen Turns: Thermal-Fluid Sciences an integrated approach. Cambrige University Press, New York 2006.						
		Wolfgang Altmann: Practical process control for engineers and technicians. Newnes, Oxford 2005.						
		Rolf Kehlhofer: Combined-cycle gas & steam turbine power plant. The Fairmont Press, Lilburn, 1991						
	Supplementary literature	F. M. White - Fluid Mechanics, McC	Graw-Hill, 2011					
		https://www.imp.gda.pl/en/imp-pan-publishing/transactions-of-the- institute-of-fluid-flow-machinery/articles/by/129/						
		https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1742-6596/1101/1/012050/pdf						
		http://journals.pan.pl/dlibra/publication/119103/edition/103642/content						
		https://www.mdpi.com/1996-1073/13/7/1656						
		https://www.e3s-conferences.org/articles/e3sconf/pdf/2019/63/ e3sconf_rdpe2019_01023.pdf						
		https://www.imp.gda.pl/files/transactions/139/04_paper.pdf						
		https://www.imp.gda.pl/files/transactions/138/138_03.pdf						
	eResources addresses	esources addresses Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:						

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Balance of mass, momentum and energy in 0D and 3D approach.
	Analysis of the physical phenomenon and the possibility of analysis in the numerical code.
	Solving engineering problems using advanced commercial tools.
	Creating a numerical model
	Discretization of numeric model - types of mesh and their main characteristics
	Ways of defining of thermal and flow boundary conditions
	Analysis of received the results of numerical simulations and their interpretation
Work placement	Not applicable