

Subject card

Subject name and code	PROTECTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL, PG_00058786							
Field of study	Environmental Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject		2023/2024			
Education level	on level first-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group		
						Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university			
Year of study	2		Language	Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	3		ECTS cred	S credits		2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	nt form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Environmental Engineering Technology -> Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Magdalena Gajewska					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		prof. dr hab. inż. Magdalena Gajewska					
			dr inż. Magda Kasprzyk					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
		Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	30		5.0		20.0		55
Subject objectives	Understanding the pranthropogenic activity			t and conserva	ation, an	d the ca	ause - effect	relationship of

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Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	[K6_W13] has a structured knowledge of current legal regulations regarding environmental protection, water and construction law; knows the basics of public procurement law, patent law, intellectual property protection and labor protection	The person has organized knowledge in the area of current legal regulations regarding environmental protection, water law, construction law; they are familiar with the basics of public procurement law, patent law, intellectual property protection, and labor protection.	[SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation			
	[K6_W04] possesses elementary knowledge in the field of land mechanics, ground science, land reclamation and geotechnics; has basic knowledge about the composition of air, water and soil, environmental pollution and processes responsible for their formation and ways to reduce them, knows the principles and organization of sustainable water management	has basic knowledge about the composition of air, water and soil, environmental pollution and the processes responsible for their formation and methods of reducing them, knows the principles and organization of sustainable water resources management	[SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation			
	[K6_K01] can think and act in a creative and enterprising way; can set priorities for the implementation of an individual or group task; understands the need for continuous training and professional responsibility for their activities and team	They can think and act creatively and entrepreneurially. They can prioritize to achieve individual or group tasks. They understand the need for continuous learning and take professional responsibility for their own activities and their team's activities.	[SK3] Assessment of ability to organize work			
	K6_W12	Understands the basic physical and geochemical processes occurring within the atmosphere, lithosphere, and hydrosphere, particularly in terms of the movement of water and air, geological processes, as well as the transport of heat and pollutants."	[SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation			
Subject contents	LECTURES: Polish and international low regulation and requirements for ground and underground water protection. Water as a crucial element for human beings and the environment. Classification of water quality. The role of local authorities in water protection. The characteristic of pollution sources. Eutrophication reasons and effect. Recultivation principles and methods. Phosphorus fractions and inactivation. Renaturalization of surface reservoirs- natural methods. See borne-trade as a potential source of water pollution. International agreements and cooperation towards water boddes protection. EXERCISE:Sources of water pollutions in Gdansk region. Analyses of industry influence on surface and ground water quality. Removal of phosphorous as a crucial point in wastewater treatment. Precipitation of phosphorous in natural water- recultivation. Microbiological pollution of surface water.					
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Good knowledge of the following subjects : Chemistry (SSPK7), Environmental protection (SSPK15)					
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
	Lectures -written tests	55.0%	60.0%			
	Tutorials -project in the form of the concept	50.0%	40.0%			
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Laskowski R., Migula P.: Ekotoksykologia od komórki do ekosystemu. Warszawa: Państwowe Wydawnictwo Rolnicze i Leśne 2004. [2]1Pempkowiak J.: Zarys geochemii morskiej. Gdańsk: Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Gdańskiego 1997. [3] Pyłka-Gutowska E.: Ekologia z ochroną środowiska. Warszawa: Wydawnictwo Oświata 1998. [4] Zrównoważony rozwój w polityce i badaniach naukowych. Lublin: Zeszyty Naukowe 29. PAN Komitet Naukowy przy Prezydium PAN: Człowiek i środowisko. Politechnika Lubelska 2001.				
	Supplementary literature Rozporządzenia i akty prawne oraz raporty, porozumienia i międzynarodowe dot. ochrony wód.					
	eResources addresses	s addresses Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:				

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	1. Explain the concept of sustainable development2. What does the term: water bodies mean3. Give the method of classification of the state of surface water bodies4. Specify what elements are assessed when classifying the cleanliness of surface waters5. Give the classification of the ecological status of surface waters6. What are the principles of water management in Poland?7. What are the water management instruments in Poland8. Explain the concepts of transitional waters and coastal waters9. List the main sources of surface water pollution10. Describe the importance of air purity on water quality and the eutrophication process11. Give the reasons for the eutrophication process12. Explain the steps in the eutrophication process13. Explain the concept of "internal power" and explain the mechanism and factors triggering this process?14. Explain the importance of thermal stratification of lakes in the eutrophication process15. Explain the importance of the sorption capacity of sediments in terms of phosphorus16. What does the term reclamation mean17. List the stages of the remediation process18. On what basis is the reclamation method selected19. What does the term mean: internal power, interstitial waters20. Give the methods and types of reclamation21. List technical methods of reclamation22. Give examples of reclamation with high interference in the ecosystem of a water reservoir23. Give examples of reclamation with low interference with the ecosystem of a water reservoir24. What is and when can the "removal of hypolimnion water" be applied?25. Give and briefly describe methods of phosphorus inactivation in lake remediation26. Compare phosphorus inactivation in the water column and in bottom sediment, give advantages and disadvantages and disadvantages explain the principle of rehabilitation by phosphorus inactivation in bottom sediments?28. What are the advantages and disadvantages of rehabilitation with the use of dredging?29. What does the term stratified aeration mean?31. What are aligitatics and where are t
Work placement	Not applicable

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