

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Organic Chemistry, PG_00059032							
Field of study	Materials Engineering, Materials Engineering, Materials Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/2024		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
						Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits		5.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		exam			
Conducting unit	Department of Organic Chemistry -> Faculty of Chemistry							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor dr hab. inż. Grzegorz Cholewiński							
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	ect Seminar		SUM
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	45
	E-learning hours inclu	uded: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours						Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	45		5.0		75.0		125
Subject objectives	Getting familiar with t factors determining the					ups of o	organic comp	ounds as

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Loorning outcomes		0.1: 4.4	
Learning outcomes	K6_U05	Subject outcome  Understanding the influence of the elements of a chemical compound's structure on its reactivity and physicochemical properties. A rational attempt to predict the properties and	Method of verification  [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information
	K6_K01	reactivity of a new compound based on its structure.  Due to the interdisciplinary nature of materials engineering, the diversity of factors determining the properties of materials, including organic compounds,	[SK2] Assessment of progress of work
		the student understands the need to improve professional and personal competences; is aware of own limitations and knows when to turn to experts, is able to appropriately define priorities for the implementation of tasks defined by himself/herself or others.	
	K6_U01	Understands the importance and knows the methods for measuring parameters that identify a chemical substance (phase transition temperatures, refractive index, optical rotation).	[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information
	K6_W02	Knows the structure of basic groups of chemical compounds and its influence on the reactivity and physicochemical properties of substances that are components of materials.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge

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and polyenes. Diels-Alder reaction.  5. Aromatic hydrocarbons: benzene - structure and basic properties. Electrophilic substitution reactions - reaction mechanism, directing influence of substituents. Aromatic hydrocarbons with fused rings.	Subject contents	resonance. Hybridized orbitals sp	s. Chemical bonds: covalent, polar, 3, sp2, sp in the structures of organi ecules. Intermolecular interactions.	ionic. Lewis structures, formal charge, ic molecules. Acids and bases in		
Rules of priority in determining configuration (R, S). Nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions.  4. Unsaturated hydrocarbons: alkenes and alkynes - structure, preparation, properties. Addition reactions to double and triple bonds. The concept of fautomerism. Properties of conjugated unsaturated systems: dienes and polyness. Diels-Aldor reactions.  5. Aromatic hydrocarbons: benzene - structure and basic properties. Electrophilic substitution reactions - reaction mechanism, directing influence of substituents. Aromatic hydrocarbons with fused rings.  6. Alcohols and phenols: structure, properties, basic reactions of alcohols and phenols. Synthesis of alcohol based on organomagnesium compounds.  7. Ethers, epoxides: structure, properties and methods of synthesis of ethers. Acidic cleavage of ethers. Epoxide ring opening reactions. Crown ethers.  8. Aldehydas and ketones: nomenclature, synthesis and chemical Properties, Nucleophilic addition to the carbonyli Group. Oxidation and reduction. Cannizzaro reaction, enolate lons, aldof condensation.  9. Carbonylic acids and their derivatives: structure and nomenclature of carbonylic acid. Carbonylic acid derivatives: esters, acid halides, anhydrides, nitriles and amides. Nucleophilic substitution in the acyl group.  10. Amines: nomenclature, structure, basicity and preparation of amines. Basic reactions, diazonium salts, azo dyes.  Prerequisites  Assessment methods and criteria  Subject passing criteria  Passing threshold Percentage of the final grade exam 60.0% 50						
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Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	1. Based on the occuring chemical reactions, explain the significant amounts of heat released during the complete combustion of ethyne (acetylene).  2. Pentaerythritol (formally: 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-propane-1,3-diol) is a tetrahydric alcohol that is widely used as an intermediate in chemistry and technology, e.g. a substrate for the synthesis of stabilizers for polymer materials. It is formed in the reaction of formaldehyde with an excess of ethanal under basic conditions. Present occuring chemical reactions.  3. Explain the effect of molecular structure on the boiling point: ethanal 20.2 °C, ethanol 78.4 °C, acetic acid 117.9 °C.
Work placement	Not applicable

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