



Subject card

Subject name and code	Mechanics of materials, PG_00059365						
Field of study	Mechanical Engineering						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2023	Academic year of realisation of subject			2022/2023		
Education level	second-cycle studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Part-time studies	Mode of delivery			blended-learning		
Year of study	1	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	1	ECTS credits			4.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Zakład Mechaniki, Wytrzymałości i Sterowania Złożonych Obiektów Technicznych -> Institute of Mechanics and Machine Design -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk					
	Teachers	dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk mgr inż. Grzegorz Banaszek					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	18.0	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36
	E-learning hours included: 18.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	36	10.0		54.0		100
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic issues related to the strength of materials and strength of structures: 1.Fundamentals of applied mechanics - models of loads, models of materials and structures, methods of strength of materials and structures; loads, structure, stress and strain. 2.Types of structures, design and operation. 3.Environment, models and changes of loads. 4.Strength of materials and structures. Loads on structures, methods of predicting the stress in structure. 5.Specific issues related to strength of materials and structures.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K7_W01] possesses a profound mathematical knowledge useful in the analysis and description of the operation of complex mechanical systems, technological processes and operating properties of machines and devices; is familiar with the main development trends	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This applies to the topics mentioned in the purpose of the subject. Many of these topics relate to mechanical and medical engineering. A student may consider the complex problems concerning the strength of materials as the complex tension, compression, torsion and bending problems. A student is able to consider the complex problems of strength of materials associated with the thin-walled and thick shells.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
	[K7_W02] possesses a wide and profound knowledge on continuum mechanics and materials strength within the range of modelling and simulating multi-function mechanical systems	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This includes the topics mentioned in the subject purpose and later. The student has the ability to assess the usefulness of the presented content both from the point of view of designing technical objects and their operation in the broadly understood technology, energy and environmental protection. A student is able to consider the phenomena of the loads impact on the elasto-plastic fixed body for the complex state of strength of structure. A student is able to assess the complex state of loads and stress. A student is able to assess the complex states of loads, stress and deformation using the strength hypotheses and energy-based methods.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects
	[K7_U06] when solving engineering problems on design, technology and operation of machines is able to assess and classify typical methods and tools, define systemic and ex-technical aspects using modern calculating methods and design tools or modifying the current ones	The student has the ability to solve basic problems related to the strength of materials, including the performance of simple engineering tasks. A student is able to solve hyper-static and non hyper-static problems of strength of the bars, beams and structures of a elasto-plastic character. A student is able to investigate the mechanical characteristics of the structures. A student is able to solve the 2-D and 3-D finite element strength of materials problems. A student is able to solve the strength of materials problems in different fields of technology.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task
Subject contents	Lectures concern the presentation of selected issues, including: the basics of strength of materials, strength of a straight bar, strength analysis for statically indeterminate bar systems, torsional strength of bars, bending strength of beams, deformations of bent beams, shearing of bars, states of stresses and strains, methods of stress determination and deformations for statically indeterminate bar systems, evaluation of the strength of bars and bar systems using energy methods, bar buckling, complex strength problems, strength of curved bars, strength of thin-walled bars, calculation of statically indeterminate bar (beam) systems using the force or three-moment method, strength analysis plates and coatings, strength of tanks, strength of thick-walled coatings, stresses in press-fit joints, cracking and fatigue strength, vibrations of linear-elastic systems and the finite element method FEM (MES).		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	The student should have basic information in the field of applied physics and mathematics, mathematical analysis, numerical methods, solid state mechanics, including kinetics and dynamics, technical drawing and the basics of programming. A student is able to solve the ordinary and partial differential equations. A student has the selected knowledge in maths: linear algebra, analytical geometry, trigonometry, differential and integral calculus. A student has the selected knowledge in general mechanics: statics, kinetics, dynamics. A student has the knowledge in strength of materials at a level of B.Sc. course - WMI and WMII.		

Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
		half term exam, final exam	56.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>Literatura:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bąk R., Burczyński T.: Wytrzymałość materiałów z elementami ujęcia komputerowego. WNT, Warszawa 2001. 2. Dyląg Z., Jakubowicz A., Orłóś Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa, t. I 1996, t. II 1997. 3. Misiak J.: Mechanika techniczna. Statyka i wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa 1996. 4. Kaliński K. J.: Nadzorowanie procesów dynamicznych w układach mechanicznych. Gdańsk: Wydaw. PG 2012. 5. Gallagher R. H.: Finite element analysis fundamentals. New Jersey: Prentice Hall 1975. 6. Niezgodziński M.E., Niezgodziński T.: Wzory, wykresy i tablice wytrzymałościowe. Warszawa: WNT 1996. 7. Walczyk Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. Wyd. PG, Gdańsk t. I 2000, t. II 2001. 8. Żmuda J.: Projektowanie konstrukcji stalowych. Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, 2016. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kaliński K.: Materiały do wykładów z przedmiotu "Wytrzymałość materiałów" sem IV. 2. Banasiak M.: Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne z wytrzymałości materiałów. PWN, Warszawa 2000. 	
	Supplementary literature	<p>Literatura uzupełniająca:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ship Construction by D. J. Eyres, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2001. 2. Elements of Modern Ship Construction by David J. House, 2010. 3. Ship Construction 7th Edition, by George J Bruce, Butterworth-Heinemann, May 2012. 4. Ship Construction and Welding by Mandal, Nisith Ranjan, Springer Series on Naval Architecture, Marine Engineering, Shipbuilding and Shipping. 	
	eResources addresses	<p>Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:</p> <p>Mechanika materiałów, PG_00059365, 2022-2023 - Moodle ID: 28796 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=28796</p> <p>Mechanika materiałów, PG_00059365, 2022-2023 - Moodle ID: 28796 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=28796</p>	

<p>Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed</p>	<p>1. Assembly stresses - arise as a result of correcting dimensional differences of the connected elements of the structure. Example. To install a bar of length l between two vertical walls, increase its length by D. A tensile force N appears in the cross-section of the bar, which causes assembly stresses.</p> <p>2. Example. A beam with a length of $2l$ and stiffness EI, pinned at its ends, is loaded with a uniformly distributed load q acting on length l. Formulate the equation of deflection angles and deflection axis and determine the deflection angle and deflection at point B.</p> <p>Additionally:</p> <p>Analysis of combined stress of a bar under bending and tension (compression).</p> <p>Analysis of stress of a bar under oblique bending.</p> <p>Analysis of stress of hiper-static structures by the force method.</p> <p>Analysis of stress and deformations of plates under bending.</p> <p>Application of FEM method to solve the 2-D and 3-D structures stress problems.</p>
<p>Work placement</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>