

Subject card

| Subject name and code | Data mininig methods, PG_00045761 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|--------|---|---------|-----|--|
| Field of study | Technical Physics | | | | | | | | |
| Date of commencement of studies | February 2023 | | Academic year of realisation of subject | | | 2022/2023 | | | |
| Education level | second-cycle studies | | Subject group | | | Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study | | | |
| Mode of study | Full-time studies | | Mode of delivery | | | at the university | | | |
| Year of study | 1 | | Language of instruction | | | Polish | | | |
| Semester of study | 1 | | ECTS credits | | | 4.0 | | | |
| Learning profile | general academic profile | | Assessment form | | | assessment | | | |
| Conducting unit | Department of Theoretical Physics and Quantum Information -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics | | | | | | | | |
| Name and surname | Subject supervisor | | prof. dr hab. Józef Sienkiewicz | | | | | | |
| of lecturer (lecturers) | Teachers | | prof. dr hab. Józef Sienkiewicz | | | | | | |
| | | dr hab. inż. Maciej Demianowicz | | | | | | | |
| Lesson types and methods of instruction | Lesson type | Lecture | Tutorial | Laboratory | Projec | t | Seminar | SUM | |
| | Number of study hours | 30.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 30.0 | 60 | |
| | E-learning hours inclu | arning hours included: 0.0 | | | | | | | |
| Learning activity and number of study hours | Learning activity | Participation in didactic classes included in study plan | | Participation in consultation hours | | Self-study | | SUM | |
| | Number of study hours | 60 | | 5.0 | | 35.0 | | 100 | |
| Subject objectives Teach students basic and advanced methods for the analysis of large data sets. Teach a critical approach to the results you receive. Teach the preparation of presentations containing theoretical content and relevant examples. | | | | | | | | | |
| Learning outcomes | Course outcome | | Subject outcome | | | Method of verification | | | |
| | [K7_U06] Can apply obtained knowledge of physics to exact sciences, natural and technical sciences. | | | | | [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment | | | |
| | [K7_W04] Has enhanced knowledge of mathematical, numerical and simulation methods applied in the description and modelling of physical phenomena. | | Has in-depth knowledge of mathematical, numerical and simulation methods used in the description and modeling of data. | | | [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation | | | |

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| Definitions, stages and aims of data exploration process. Basic structures and models used data exploration. Using algorithms in exploration of big data. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2. Basic definitions of descriptive statistics, including tests and confidence intervals 3. Data preprocessing. Data Cleaning and handling missing data. Removing variables that are no useful. Choosing independent variables. Exploratory Data Analysis. 4. Modelling of linear regression. The least squares method. Correlation and determination coefficients. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 5. Modelling of multiple regression. Model assumptions and verifications. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 6. Logistic regression. Estimation of highest reliability. Interpretation of results. Conc on reliability of independent variables. | | | | | | |
| 7. Naive Bayes and Bayesian networks. The Maximum Posteriori classification. The posteri odds ratio. Balancing the data. Naive Bayes classification. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8. Supervised and unsupervised methods. Methodology of supervised modelling. k-nearest neighbour algorithm 9. Decision trees. Application of the C4.5 i CART algorithms to real data. Decision rules. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 10. Neural networks. Encoding of input and output data. Sigmoid activation function. Learning rate. | | | | | | |
| 1. 11. The Kohonen networks. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| 12. Association rules. Affinity and market basket analysis. Generalized rule induction Method. J-measure | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13. Hierarchical clustering methods. k-means clustering 14. Restricted Boltzmann's machine. Structure. Learning. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 15. Model evaluation techniques for the description, estimation, prediction and classification tasks. Error rate. False positives, and false negatives | | | | | | |
| Seminar: Reports on selected problems of data exploration. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Basics of mathematics, including | descriptive statistics. Basics in p | hysics. Inquisition and criticism. | | | |
| Subject passing criteria | Passing threshold | Percentage of the final grade | | | | | | | | | | |
| Assessment of presentation Assessment of task fulfillment | 50.0% | 50.0% | | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic literature | Literature: | 30.0% | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | Daniel T. Larose, Data Mining Me Sons, Inc | ethods and Models, John Wiley & | | | | | | | | | | |
| | data exploration. Using algorithm 2. Basic definitions of descriptions of descriptions. 3. Data preprocessing. Data Cleuseful. Choosing independent value of the second | data exploration. Using algorithms in exploration of big data. 2. Basic definitions of descriptive statistics, including tests a 3. Data preprocessing. Data Cleaning and handling missing data useful. Choosing independent variables. Exploratory Data Analysis 4. Modelling of linear regression. The least squares method. coefficients. 5. Modelling of multiple regression. Model assumptions and verification. Coefficients. 6. Logistic regression. Estimation of highest reliability. Interpora reliability of independent variables. 7. Naive Bayes and Bayesian networks. The Maximum Posterioriodis ratio. Balancing the data. Naive Bayes classification. 8. Supervised and unsupervised methods. Methodology of suneighbour algorithm 9. Decision trees. Application of the C4.5 i CART algorithms to reinciphour algorithm 10. Neural networks. Encoding of input and output data. Signorate. 11. The Kohonen networks. 12. Association rules. Affinity and market basket analysis. General measure 13. Hierarchical clustering methods. k-means clustering 14. Restricted Boltzmann's machine. Structure. Learning. 15. Model evaluation techniques for the description, estimation, premore rate. False positives, and false negatives Seminar: Reports on selected problems of data exploration. Basics of mathematics, including descriptive statistics. Basics in premore and presentation for sessing criteria Passing threshold Assessment of presentation for So.0% Assessment of task fulfillment for Data Mining, John Wiley & So.0% Daniel T. Larose, Discovering Kr to Data Mining Methods and presentation for the data fulfillment for Data Mining, John Wiley & So.0 Daniel T. Larose, Data Mining Methods and presentation for the data fulfillment for Data Mining Methods and presentation for the data fulfillment for Data Mining Methods for Da | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | Supplementary literature | Internet pages | | | |
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| | eResources addresses | Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: | | | |
| Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed | Boltzmann machines. 2. What advice would you give to | ifferences between neural networks, Kohonen networks and limited a person who is proceeding to data mining? algorithm that determines the credit risk based on the given data: | | | |
| Work placement | Not applicable | | | | |

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