

Subject card

Subject name and code	Urban catchment hydrology, PG_00059948								
Field of study	Environmental Engineering								
Date of commencement of studies	February 2023		Academic year of realisation of subject			2022/2023			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			4.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessmer	Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Geotechnical and Hydraulic Engineering -> Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering						Engineering		
Name and surname	Subject supervisor	dr hab. inż. Katarzyna Weinerowska-Bords							
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr hab. inż. Katarzyna Weinerowska-Bords						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	15.0		0.0	60	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
	Additional information: A supporting e-course on the e-Nauczanie platform has been prepared for the course: https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=25177								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study hours	60		5.0		48.0		113	
Subject objectives	Recognizing and understanding the problems of the impact of urbanization on hydrological processes and the formation of runoff from the catchment. Ability to select and apply computational methods and tools. Undertanding the relationship between the type, scale and rank of the problem and the method of solution and the required accuracy of calculations. Understanding of non-technical aspects affecting the work of an engineer. Developing the skills of critical evaluation of analyzes Sensitization to engineering mindfulness.								

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K7_U06 Student can determine the amount of rainwater in catchment runoff. Student can assess the capacity of existing channels. Student can select and adjust computational methods to runoff calculation in the analyzed case. Evaluates the influence of the choice of the method and computational simplifications on the efficiency and accuracy of the solution. K7_W09 Student has in-depth knowledge of the mathematical description of processes conditioning the outflow of urbanized basins. Student knows simplified and more complex methods for determining the outflow from the catchment. Recognizes and understands the non-technical aspects of engineering activities in determining the outflow of rainwater from the urbanized basin. K7_W06 Student has in-depth knowledge of the correct selection of parameters and methods of knowledge of the correct selection of parameters and methods of showledge of the correct selection of parameters and methods of showledge is subject [SU3] Assessment of a use knowledge analyse information [SU3] Assessment of a use knowledge subject [SU1] Assessment of the correct selection of parameters and methods of subject [SU4] Assessment of the correct selection of parameters and methods of showledge is methods and tools use knowledge analyse information [SU3] Assessment of the correct selection of parameters and methods of showledge is methods and tools use knowledge analyse information [SU3] Assessment of a use knowledge is method to runoff calculation in the analyzed asse. Evaluation in the analyzed asse. E	bility to bility to from the						
of the mathematical description of processes conditioning the outflow of urbanized basins. Student knows simplified and more complex methods for determining the outflow from the catchment. Recognizes and understands the non-technical aspects of engineering activities in determining the outflow of rainwater from the urbanized basin. K7_W06 Student has in-depth knowledge of the correct selection of knowledge	actual						
of the correct selection of knowledge	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge						
calculating the flow in the network of open channels. He knows the engineering tool supporting calculations of unsteady flow in a network of channels or stormwater sewers/collectors.	actual						
K7_U03 Student is able to prepare reports on the analyzes of the amount of stormwater requiring management in the catchment area. Student is able to select and present the key results of calculations, interpret them and draw conclusions. [SU5] Assessment of a present the results of ta [SU2] Assessment of a analyse information	ask						
runoff from the catchment. Urbanized catchment and its specificity. Definition of the "rain-runoff" classification of models used in calculations supporting design. Physical and geographical characteristic the catchment and their influence on the formation of the outflow from the catchment. Rain as the factor determining runoff from the catchment. Precipitation formulas. The concentration time of runoff catchment - definition, methods of determination and role in runoff calculations. Global and integring catchment runoff modeling. Synthetic hyetograms. Methods of determination of effective precipite Conceptual and hydrodynamic models of surface runoff and channel flow. Fundamentals of apply HMS software. Tutorials: practical aspects of determining the parameters and calculating runoff catchment. Exercises in determining selected catchment characteristics. Calculation of the runoff concentration time from the catchment, selection of the authoritative rain, the use of global moded determine the culminating value of the runoff intensity and the amount of rainwater to be manage catchment. Project: catchment analysis and calculations of the amount of rainwater using two types.	Lecture: Hydrological cycle in a natural and urbanized catchment. Processes determining the formation of runoff from the catchment. Urbanized catchment and its specificity. Definition of the "rain-runoff" model and classification of models used in calculations supporting design. Physical and geographical characteristics of the catchment and their influence on the formation of the outflow from the catchment. Rain as the basic factor determining runoff from the catchment. Precipitation formulas. The concentration time of runoff from a catchment - definition, methods of determination and role in runoff calculations. Global and integrated catchment runoff modeling. Synthetic hyetograms. Methods of determination of effective precipitation. Conceptual and hydrodynamic models of surface runoff and channel flow. Fundamentals of applying HEC-HMS software. Tutorials: practical aspects of determining the parameters and calculating runoff from the catchment. Exercises in determining selected catchment characteristics. Calculation of the runoff concentration time from the catchment, selection of the authoritative rain, the use of global models to determine the culminating value of the runoff intensity and the amount of rainwater to be managed in the catchment. Project: catchment analysis and calculations of the amount of rainwater using two types of models - global and integrated. Practical applying HEC-HMS software. Comparison of results. Discussion of the impact of simplifications on the obtained calculation results.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites Basic knowledge of hydrology and simple methods of calculating the design discharge in a storm drainage system is required.	Basic knowledge of hydrology and simple methods of calculating the design discharge in a stormwater drainage system is required.						
Assessment methods and criteria Subject passing criteria Passing threshold Percentage of the fire fire for the fire fire fire fire fire fire fire fir	nal grade						
Tutorials (excercises) 70.0% 10.0%							
Tutorials - final test 60.0% 25.0%							
Final exam (lectures, theory) 60.0% 30.0%							
Project - tasks and reports 100.0% 17.5%							

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Recommended reading	Supplementary literature	Weinerowska-Bords K.: Hydrologia obszarów miejskich opowiedziana inaczej. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Gdańskiej, Gdańsk (2022) Weinerowska-Bords K.: Wpływ uproszczeń na obliczanie spływu deszczowego w zlewni zurbanizowanej. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Gdańskiej, Gdańsk (2010) Hydrologic Modeling System HEC-HMS. Technical Reference Manual https://www.hec.usace.army.mil/software/hec-hms/documentation.aspx Hydrologic Modeling System HEC-HMS. Users Manual (2022) https://www.hec.usace.army.mil/software/hec-hms/documentation.aspx Szymkiewicz R., Gąsiorowski D.:Podstawy hydrologii dynamicznej. Wydawnictwa Naukowo-Techniczne, Warszawa (2010)6. Banasik K.: Wyznaczanie wezbrań powodziowych w małych zlewniach zurbanizowanych, Wydawnictwo SGGW, Warszawa (2009)7. Kotowski A.: Podstawy bezpiecznego wymiarowania odwodnień terenów. Wydawnictwo Seidel-Przywecki, Warszawa (2011)8. Edel R.: Odwodnienie dróg. Wyd. Komunikacji i Łączności,			
		Warszawa (2009)9. Ozga-Zieliński B. (red): Modele probabilistyczne opadów maksymalnych o określonym czasie trwania i prawdopodobieństwie przewyższenia projekt PMAXTP. Seria Publikacji naukowo-Badawczych IMGW-PIB, Warszawa (2022).10. Kotowski A., Kaźmierczak B., Dancewicz A. :Modelowanie opadów do wymiarowania kanalizacji, Monografia PAN, Warszawa (2010)11. Highway Hydrology. Publ. of US Department of Transportation (2002)12. Akan, A.O., Houghtalen, R.J.: Urban Hydrology, Hydraulics and Stormwater Quality. Engineering Applications and Computer Modeling. John Wiley and Sons, Inc. (2003)13. Chow, V.T.: Handbook of Applied Hydrology. McGraw Hill Book Company, New York (1964)14. McCuen, R. H.: Hydrological Analysis and Design. Practice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey (2005)			
	eResources addresses	Podstawowe https://press.pg.edu.pl/book/789 - Text of the book: Weinerowska-Bords K.: Hydrologia obszarów miejskich opowiedziana inaczej. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Gdańskiej, Gdańsk (2022) (15.02.2023) Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:			
example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	 Explain the impact of urbanization processes on the course of a selected hydrological process in urban areas (e.g. infiltration, interception) Explain the term of time of runoff concentration and its role in hydrological calculations. Determine the the time of runoff concentration in the analyzed area. Using the rational method, determine the peak value of the outflow rate from the selected area. Explain the role (in the hydrological context) of the lag coefficient in the method of constant rainfall rates. 				
Work placement	Not applicable				

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