

GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Particles that changed the history, PG_00060140								
Field of study	Civil Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Materials Engineering, Informatics, Mathematics, Transport, Management, Management, Materials Engineering, Informatics, Management, Economic Analytics, Economic Analytics, Space and Satellite Technologies, Automatic Control, Cybernetics and Robotics, Automatic Control, Cybernetics and Robotics, Green Technologies, Green Technologies, Coastal and Offshore Engineering, Mechanical and Medical Engineering, Mechatronics, Ocean Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Materials Engineering, Space and Satellite Technologies, Coastal and Offshore Engineering, Ocean Engineering, Transport and Logistics, Ocean Engineering								
Date of commencement of studies	February 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2022/2023			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group						
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			e-learning			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits			2.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit	Zakład Technologii B Mechanical Engineer	Zakład Technologii Biomateriałów -> Institute of Manufacturing and Materials Technology -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology						culty of	
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Alicja Stanisławska						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr inż. Alicja S	Stanisławska					
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	30	
	E-learning hours included: 30.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation ir classes include plan		I didactic Participation in consultation hours		Self-study SUM		SUM		
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		18.0		50	
Subject objectives	Getting to know the discoveries and events that contributed to changing the course of history, and which are related to the structural structure of substances and materials. Presentation of the way of understanding how our civilization was shaped and how the modern world functions.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K7_U71] is able to apply knowledge from humanistic, social, economic or legal sciences in order to solve problems		The student is able to indicate the differences in the properties of various materials and substances, depending on their structure and the arrangement of molecules or atoms.			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject			
	[K7_W71] has general knowledge in humanistic, social, economic or legal sciences, including their fundamentals and applications		The student is able to list the events that contributed to the change of history, placing them in the right time.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_K71] is able to explain the need to apply knowledge from humanistic, social, economic or legal sciences in order to function in a social environment		The student is able to describe the discoveries that contributed to the industrial revolution in the world as well as travel and geographical discoveries.			[SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness			
Subject contents	Description of the way of shaping civilization and functioning of the modern world. Linking chemistry and history. Presentation of 17 molecules that influenced the fate of the world. Presentation of chemical syntheses and chemical reactions that led to new discoveries. Description and explanation of the influence of small structural changes, such as the position of an atom in a molecule, on significant differences in the properties of a given substance. Discussion of the causes of the great geographical discoveries and the beginning of trade. An explanation of why and how New Amsterdam was renamed New York. Determining the influence of the role of cellulose and cotton on the beginnings of slavery and the industrial revolution in Europe. Discussing how the first explosives were created and the film industry began. Discussing the cause of the communist revolution in China. A description of accidental discoveries that gave rise to new substances such as artificial heroin.								

Prerequisites and co-requisites						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and criteria	test	56.0%	100.0%			
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Presentations used during classes				
	Supplementary literature	Penny le Couteur, Jay Burreson: Guziki Napoleona, Warszawa 2004;				
		Jan Kieniewicz, Droga morska do Indii i handel korzenny w latach 1448-1522, Przegląd historyczny, 55/4, 573-603, 1963, online: <u>https://</u> <u>bazhum.muzhp.pl/;</u>				
		George L. Brawn, Historia materiałów wybuchowych, Warszawa 2001;				
		Justyna Ubysz, Ewelina Tobiasz; Penicylina pleśń która ratuje życie; Analit 2 (2016) 152154				
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:				
		Cząsteczki, które zmieniły historię - Moodle ID: 28482 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=28482				
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	What was the reason for the desire to travel geographically in the 15th century?					
	What chemical compound contributed to the start of the industrial revolution in Europe and why?					
	What has been produced by BAYER plants in the search for a more effective aspirin?					
Work placement	Not applicable					