

Subject card

Subject name and code	Technical physics, PG_00045297								
Field of study	Data Engineering								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2023		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/	2024/2025		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group				Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			English			
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits			5.0			
Learning profile	general academic pro	file	Assessmer	ment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Division of Atomic, Molecular and Optical Physics -> Institute of Physics and Applied Computer Science -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics								
Name and surname	Subject supervisor dr inż. Sebastian Bielski								
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		mgr Rengel Cane Sia						
			Aoussaj Sbai						
			dr inż. Sebastian Bielski						
			dr Mykola Shopa						
		ui iviykola Silopa							
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	et	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	15.0	15.0	15.0 0.0			0.0	45	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes include plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study hours	45		8.0		72.0		125	
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to provide students with the basic knowledge of physics helpful in further education.								
Learning outcomes	Course out	Subject outcome			Method of verification				
	optics, wave optics, nuclear and quantum physics, as well as		Student names and explains the basic physical phenomena, concepts and laws concerning electromagnetism, corpuscular and wave nature of light and the basics of quantum mechanics.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U04] Performs measurements of physical quantities and estimates their uncertainty, solves tasks in the field of mechanics, thermodynamics, waves, optics and electricity.		Student solves simple problems of quantum mechanics and electromagnetics Ability to perform simple measurements of physical quantities and to prepare reports, including error analysis.			[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			

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Subject contents	Lecture and tutorials	Lecture and tutorials						
	Electromagnetism. Electric field. Magnetic field in vacuum. Electric and magnetic field of a moving charge Gauss' law. Biot-Savart law. Magnetic field around a wire. Lorentz force. Magnetic force on a current carrying wire. Ampere's law. Interaction of two parallel long wires. Faraday's law. Maxwell's equations. Bl body radiation. Photoelectric effect. Compton effect. Bohr model. Wave-particle duality. De Broglies hypothesis. Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Schrodinger's wave equation - examples of solutions. Emission and absorption of light. Stimulated emission. Laser operation principle.							
	Laboratory							
	Perfoming a few experiments; conclusions, error analysis							
Prerequisites and co-requisites	No requirements							
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade					
and criteria	tutorials: 2 tests	50.0%	33.0%					
	lecture: exam (test)	50.0%	34.0%					
	laboratory: oral answer, report	50.0%	33.0%					
Recommended reading	Basic literature	J., Fundamentals of physics						
		University Physics, Openstax Griffiths D. J., Introduction to Electrodynamics						
		Jackson J. D., Classical Electrodynamics						
		Zubek M., Experiments in physics : first laboratory for students https://ftims.pg.edu.pl/wydzial/laboratoria-wydzialowe/experiments-physics-first-laboratory-students						
	Supplementary literature	Sidney B. Cahn, Boris E. Nadgorny, and Paul D. Scholten, A Guide To Physics Problems. Part 1: Mechanics, Relativity, and Electrodynamics						
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Technical Physics 2024/25 - Moodle ID: 38887 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=38887						
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	How does the maximum possible kinetic energy of electrons Ek depend on the incident light intensity I? We assume that the energy of each photon is greater than the work function. A) Ek does not depend on I B) Ek increases linearly with I C) Ek decreases linearly with I D) more information is needed							
	According to the Gauss' law the electric flux through any closed surface S A) is always equal to zero B) depends only on the electric charges inside S C) depends only on the electric charges outside S D) depends on both the electric charges inside and outside S							
	The inductance of a solenoid depends on (choose the right answer) A) cross-sectional area of the wire (or the diameter of the wire) and the length of the solenoid B) the length of the solenoid and the cross-sectional area of the solenoid C) the cross-sectional area of the solenoid and the current D) the current and the cross-sectional area of the wire							
		Find the electric field at a distance r from a uniformly charged plane.						
	Experiment: determine the moment of inertia of a given object.							
Work placement	Not applicable	пот арріісавіе						

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