

## 。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Introduction to cognitive science, PG_00045307								
Field of study	Data Engineering								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2023		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/	2024/2025		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group Humanistic-social subject group			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Englis	English		
Semester of study	4		ECTS credits		3.0				
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessmer	ent form		assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Social Sciences and Philosophy -> Faculty of Management and Economics								
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr Mateusz Bonecki						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr Mateusz Bonecki						
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		30	
	E-learning hours inclu	ided: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation i classes incluc plan			Self-study SUM		SUM		
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		43.0		75	
Subject objectives	During the classes students will learn how the interdisciplinary project of the cognitive sciences was created and what are its basic paradigms. Fundamental problems within this field of inquiry will be discussed along with the most typical attempts at solving them.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K6_W11] has knowledge of the role of man in social structures and the impact of their decisions on economic situation of business entities		Student knows the history of cognitive science, its basic paradigms and assumptions.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_K05] understands the need for self-improvement through systematic acquisition of knowledge and skills.		Student is able to present the latest trends and developments in cognitive science.			[SK2] Assessment of progress of work			
	[K6_U14] can apply knowledge from the field of humanities or social sciences to solve problems.		Student is able to analyze and explain away given problem within the framework of a given research perspective.			[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			

Subject contents	1. The specifity of explaining in cogr	nitive science. What is explanation? (	Competence and realization,				
	functional and mechanistic explanat		, , ,				
	2. Symbolic computation. Newell's and Simon's GPS as a model of cognition.						
	3. Neurologically inspired computation. Marr's theory of vision, three levels of explanation.						
	4. Numerologically inspired computations. Connectionist model of learning of English verbs in the past tense by Rumelhart and McClleland.						
	5. Dynamic systems in explanation of children' developmental processes (Thelen, Smith).						
	6. Probabilistic models (Bayesian models) of human rationality (Oaksford, Chater).						
	7. Logic and thinking: Wason's selection task from the perspective of non-monotonic logics.						
	<ul><li>8. Behavioral or cognitive robotics? Phonotaxis of crickets modelled by a robot.</li><li>9. Explanatory role of representation. Classical approach.</li></ul>						
	10. Explanatory role of representation. Imagery debate.						
	11. Explanatory role of representation. Connectionism.						
	12. Explanatory role of representation. Behavioral robotics.						
	13. Simulations, computations, modelling. Chinese room. Artificial Intelligence.						
	14. Modelling in cognitive science. Explanatory pluralism.						
Prerequisites							
and co-requisites		<b></b>					
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold 40.0%	Percentage of the final grade 30.0%				
	Active participation Final test	50.0%	70.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol> <li>JOHNSON-LAIRD, P., 1999, Komputer a umysł. Wstęp do nauk poznawczych, przeł. P. Jaśkowski, Protext, Poznań.</li> <li>PINKER, S., 2002, Jak działa umysł, przeł. M. Koraszewska, KiW, Warszawa.</li> </ol>					
		<ol> <li>URCHS, M., 2009, O procesorach i procesach myślowych. Elementy kognitywistyki, Wydawnictwo UMK, Toruń.</li> <li>CLARK, A., 2001, Mindware: An Introduction to the Philosophy of Cognitive Science, Oxford University Press, Oxford.</li> </ol>					

	Supplementary literature	<ol> <li>E. Feigenbaum i J. Feldman, Maszyny matematyczne a myślenie, PWN, Warszawa.</li> <li>John Searle, Umysły, mózgi i programy, w: B. Chwedeńczuk (red.), Filozofia umysłu, Warszawa 1995.</li> <li>R. Piłat, Czym jest świadomość, Warszawa 1993.</li> </ol>			
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:			
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Enumerate and discuss basic theories of mind				
	Discuss the problem of representation in cognitive sciences				
	What is the emobodied cognition?				
	Discuss the probabilistic model of cognition.				
Work placement	Not applicable				

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