

## 。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Technologies of receiving nanomaterials, PG_00028253								
Field of study	Nanotechnology								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2023		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/2025			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
						Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the	at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish	Polish		
Semester of study	4		ECTS credits			4.0	4.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Division of Nanomaterials Physics -> Institute of Nanotechnology and Materials Engineering -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics								
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Wojciech Sadowski						
	Teachers		dr inż. Marta Prześniak-Welenc						
			prof. dr hab. inż. Wojciech Sadowski						
			dr inż. Michał Winiarski						
			dr hab. inż. Natalia Wójcik						
		Daniel Jaworski							
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	45	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation ir classes includ plan					Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study 45 hours			5.0		50.0		100	
Subject objectives	Review of technolog	ies used to pro	oduce and stud	y nanomaterials	s and na	nostruc	ctures.		

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	K6_U10	The student is able to predict and assess potential negative biological and ecological effects of producing nanostructures on an industrial scale and their practical applications.	[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			
	K6_U09	The student has the ability to design and implement processes for producing nanostructured materials.	[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject			
	K6_W05	The student has basic knowledge of inorganic and organic chemistry, physical chemistry and chemical thermodynamics	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	K6_U06	The student is able to present in a simple and accurate way technological and scientific problems related to the production and application of nanostructures to specialists in related sciences and to initiate and coordinate interdisciplinary cooperation.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
	K6_W06	The student has basic knowledge of the science of the structure of materials and their physico- chemical properties.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
Subject contents	Materials in modern technology. The scale of physical phenomena. Research tools used in nanotechnology. Methods of producing nanoparticles in the liquid, gas and solid phases. Methods of producing nanofibers. Carbon nanomaterials. Synthesis of fullerenes, carbon nanotubes, graphene. Methods of obtaining nanolayers. CVD vapor deposition methods, Vapor phase epitaxy (VPE) and its application to obtain nanostructures. Physical vapor deposition (PVD methods). Vacuum vaporization. Cathodic sputtering. Pulsed laser deposition (PLAD) technique. MBE molecular beam epitaxy. Sol-gel technology. Nanoceramics technology. Nanopowders and nanosinters. Mechanical synthesis. Forming and sintering of nanopowders. Nanometal technology. Rapid cooling and crystallization of amorphous materials. Nanocomposites technology. Methods of imaging the structure of nanomaterials using atomic force microscopy and electron microscopy. Application of the X-ray diffraction method to determine the size of crystallites and study the size distribution of nanocrystallites. Tomographic methods, nanoindentation. Theoretical, technical and economic limits of miniaturization. Examples of the use of nanotechnology in everyday life.					
Prerequisites and co-requisites						
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
	Written exam - sets of 3 questions	50.0%	50.0%			
	Laboratory	100.0%	50.0%			
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol> <li>Michael F. Ashby, Paulo J. Ferreira and Daniel L. Schodek; Nanomaterials, Nanotechnologies and Design; Elsevier, 2009</li> <li>Donglu Shi, Zizheng Guo and Nicholas Bedford; Nanomaterials and Devices; Elsevier, 2015</li> <li>Bangwei Hang; Physical Fundamentals of Nanomaterials; Elsevier, 2018</li> <li>Kelsall R.W., Haley J.W., Geghegan M (Eds.), Nanoscale Science and Technology, John Wiley &amp; Sons Ltd</li> </ol>				
	Supplementary literature	<ol> <li>Dobrzański L.A.: Podstawy nauki o materiałach i metaloznawstwo. Materiały inżynierskie i podstawy projektowania materiałowego. WNT. 2002.</li> <li>M.Ashby, H.Shercliff, D.Cebon, Inżynieria materiałowa, T1, T2, Wydawnictwo Galaktyka, Łódź, 2010</li> <li>Blicharski M., Wstęp do inżynierii materiałowej, Wydawnictwo Naukowo Techniczne, Warszawa 2001</li> </ol>				
		Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Technologie otrzymywania nanomateriałów - Moodle ID: 44723 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=44723				
	eResources addresses	Technologie otrzymywania nanoma				
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	eResources addresses  1. Knowledge of basic concepts in th 2. Knowledge of the principles of op 3. Characteristics of the "top-down" 4. Ability to select nanostructured te 5. Knowledge of the basic properties	Technologie otrzymywania nanoma https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodl ne field of nanotechnology. eration of devices and instruments us and "bottom-up" methods chnology.	e/course/view.php?id=44723 sed in nanotechnology.			

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