



Subject card

Subject name and code	Circuits and Signals, PG_00047549						
Field of study	Automatic Control, Cybernetics and Robotics						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2023	Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/2024		
Education level	first-cycle studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	2	ECTS credits			4.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Marine Electronic Systems -> Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Informatics						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr inż. Piotr Grall					
	Teachers	dr inż. Kamil Stawiarski dr hab. inż. Iwona Kočańska dr inż. Piotr Grall					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	45		4.0		51.0	100
Subject objectives	Equipping a student with knowledge and skills acquired in studying the basics of analogue circuits and signals. The knowledge is sought to be useful in further professional studies and practice.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome			Method of verification		
	[K6_U03] can design, according to required specifications, and make a simple device, facility, system or carry out a process, specific to the field of study, using suitable methods, techniques, tools and materials, following engineering standards and norms, applying technologies specific to the field of study and experience gained in the professional engineering environment	Ability to analyze and design typical simple devices / systems using the experience and standards gained in the direction of AiR course.			[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment		
	[K6_W03] Knows and understands, to an advanced extent, the construction and operating principles of components and systems related to the field of study, including theories, methods and complex relationships between them and selected specific issues - appropriate for the curriculum	Student knows the methods of analysis of linear analog circuits and elementary nonlinear systems, knows the analytical approach in the time domain, s-domain, the phasor approach and spectral analysis using the Fourier series, as well as a simulation approach in the analysis of circuits.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		

Subject contents	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Basic electric circuit variables and their units. 2. Models of basic electric circuit elements. 3. Static and dynamic parameters of basic electric circuit elements. 4. Linearity and time invariance of electric circuits. 5. Quasistationarity versus a long delay-line. 6. Operational amplifier and its typical applications. 7. Analysis of circuits containing operational amplifiers. 8. Independent voltage and current sources, ideal and real. Controlled sources. 9. Kirchhoff's current and voltage laws. 10. One-port, two-port and multi-port - examples. 11. Analysis of linear circuits: connection of elements, equivalent resistance, transformation "triangle-to star", current and voltage divisors. 12. The principle of superposition. 13. Thevenin and Norton equivalent circuits. 14. The loop-current and the node-voltage methods. 15. Standard continuous-time signals. Causality. 16. The Laplace transformation. 17. Transfer function. Examples. 18. Transients in basic linear circuits. 19. Steady -state response of basic linear circuits. 20. Phasor circuits. 21. Maximum power transfer - load match. 22. Time-domain circuit characteristics. 23. Frequency responses of linear circuits. 24. Stability. 25. Resonant circuits. 26. Examples of analysis of resonant circuits. 27. Nonlinear circuits - responses for constant and sinusoidal excitations. 28. The Fourier series. 29. The spectrum of a periodic function. Circuit response for a periodic function. 30. Circuit analysis computer programs. 											
Prerequisites and co-requisites												
Assessment methods and criteria	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">Subject passing criteria</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Passing threshold</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Percentage of the final grade</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Midterm colloquium</td> <td>51.0%</td> <td>30.0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Written exam</td> <td>51.0%</td> <td>70.0%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade	Midterm colloquium	51.0%	30.0%	Written exam	51.0%	70.0%
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Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Refer what we mean by 'equivalent circuits'. In a linear network given, determine in steps the equivalent Thevenin parameters and discuss the possible methods of solution. 2. Give a definition of a causal signal. Calculate, in a given first-order circuit the step and/or the impulse response. 3. List the known properties of the Laplace transformation. Based solely on that knowledge (without direct referring to Laplace formula, if possible) perform how to calculate the transform of an exemplary piece-wise linear/constant causal signal. 4. Discuss the application of the method of phasors and give an example of an RLC circuit in which you have to determine analytically the output waveform. How does the solution modify in case we change the excitation from cosinus to sinus or vice versa? 5. Consider we have a periodic signal. Give a definition of it's spectra in Fourier terms. Calculate and/or sketch the spectra of a square wave. 											
Work placement	Not applicable											