

## 关。GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY 创 OF TECHNOLOGY

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Photophysics and introduction to molecular spectroscopy, PG_00061307								
Field of study	Nanotechnology								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2020		Academic year of realisation of subject			2023	2023/2024		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	4		Language of instruction			Polish	Polish		
Semester of study	7		ECTS credits			2.0	2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			asses	assessment		
Conducting unit	Instytut Nanotechnol	ogii i Inżynierii I	Materiałowej -> Faculty of Applied Ph			iysics a	nd Mathemat	ics	
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Agnieszka Witkowska						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers	dr hab. inż. Agnieszka Witkowska							
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	ct	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		15.0	30	
	E-learning hours incl	uded: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation ir classes includ plan				Self-study SUM				
	Number of study hours	30		0.0		0.0		30	
Subject objectives	The aim of the cours radiation and matter,								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	K6_U06		Preparing and presenting a seminar, the student acquires the ability to present in a simple and understandable way technological and scientific issues and problems related to the properties and application of nanostructures.			[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task			
	K6_K05		Preparing and presenting a seminar, the student acquires the ability to clearly present the effects of her/his work. Participating actively in the discussion after each presentation and participating in the presentations evaluation, she/he is able to communicate, perform self- evaluation and constructively evaluate the effects of other people's work. The student acquires knowledge in the field of optical properties of materials and nanomaterials, learns spectroscopic methods of		[SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation				
			learns spectroscopic methods of studying the structural and physico-chemical properties of materials and nanomaterials.			contained in presentation			

Subject contents	Lecture:						
	<ol> <li>Introduction. The nature of EM radiation (classical electrodynamics and Maxwell's equations, waveparticle duality); nature and structure of matter (Waveparticle duality, quantum mechanics, atomic and molecular orbitals, energy states in a molecule); interaction of EM radiation with matter (electric dipole approximation, Einstein coefficients, selection rules for optical transitions).</li> <li>Jabłoński diagram of photophysical processes: radiative transitions (fluorescence and phosphorescence, Kasha's rule, mirror symmetry rule for absorption and emission spectra, Stokes shift, quantum efficiency and lifetime of fluorescence and phosphorescence decay), non-radiative transitions (vibrational relaxation, intersystem crossing). Types of luminescence.</li> </ol>						
	3) Spectroscopy methods: classification of spectroscopy methods; Beer-Lambert law, transmittance, absorbance, absorption coefficient, attenuation length; measurement methods (continuous wave and Fourier Transform methods); absorption and emission spectrometer; spectrum, basic parameters of spectral lines and their physical meaning. Infrared absorption spectroscopy vs. Raman spectroscopy. UV-Vis spectroscopy.						
	<ul> <li>Seminar (sample topics):</li> <li>1. Photobiology (pigments and natural colorants, bioluminescence)</li> <li>2. Photomedicine: photodynamic diagnostics and therapy</li> <li>3. Applied photochemistry (photochemical synthesis methods, photopolymerization, photochemical removal of pollutants, atmospheric photochemistry)</li> <li>4. Photocatalytic water decomposition by visible light: review of opportunities, progress and challenges</li> <li>5. Photosensors and color-changing sensors for temperature, pressure, the presence of metals and viruses</li> <li>6. Color and light in architecture and art</li> <li>7. Spectroscopic methods and art and cultural heritage</li> <li>8. Nanophotonics from biochemistry to telecommunications</li> </ul>						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Basic knowledge of electromagnetism, modern physics, atomic and molecular physics and solid state physics.						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	Seminar preparation and presentation	50.0%	40.0%				
	Written test in the lecture part	51.0%	60.0%				
	Participation in the seminar	75.0%	0.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	[1] D.L.Andrews, Molecular Photophysics and Spectroscopy, Morgan & Claypool Publ. [2] J.Sadlej, Spektroskopia molekularna, WNT, Warszawa (in polish)					
	Supplementary literature	[3] H.Haken, H.Ch.Wolf, Molecular Physics and Elements of Quantum Chemistry, Springer					
	[4] D.L.Pavia i in., Introduction to Spectroscopy, Brooks/Cole						
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Fotofizyka i podstawy spektroskopii molekularnej 2023 - Moodle ID: 22566 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=22566					

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ol> <li>Using Maxwell's equations, prove that light is an electro-magnetic wave.</li> <li>List and describe a few types of molecular orbitals.</li> <li>List and briefly discuss mechanisms of light absorption in the molecule.</li> <li>Describe term symbol which characterize atomic states under Russell-Saunders coupling condition. Discuss the excited Singlet and Triplet state.</li> <li>Explain the phenomena of absorption, spontaneous and stimulated emission. What is the probability of individual processes occurring and what parameter allows to assess this probability.</li> <li>Photophysical vs. photochemical processes state the difference between them.</li> <li>Present the Jabloński diagram and use it to discuss the basic photophysical processes.</li> <li>Explain Kasha's rule</li> <li>Fluorescence: basic rules, laws, quantum yield and the fluorescence decay time.</li> <li>Spectroscopy: definition, types of spectroscopy methods.</li> <li>Specify and describe physical meaning of the parameters that characterize spectral line shape.</li> <li>Define: transmittance, absorbance and absorption coefficient. Descibe the relations between them.</li> <li>Raman spectroscopy: discuss the origin and the idea of the phenomenon and describe shape of the Raman spectra.</li> <li>What is the auxochrome and how it can change the UV-Vis spectrum.</li> </ol>
Work placement	Not applicable