

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Physics of materials, PG_00061913								
Field of study	Materials Engineering]							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2023		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024	2024/2025		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific			
							research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the	at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish	Polish		
Semester of study	4		ECTS credits			4.0	4.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			exam	exam		
Conducting unit	Division of Nanomaterials Physics -> Institute of Nanotechnology and Materials Engineering -> Faculty Applied Physics and Mathematics						> Faculty of		
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Barbara Kościelska						
	Teachers		dr inż. Sebastian Wachowski						
	prof. dr hab. inż. Barbara Kościelska								
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	ct	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	30.0	0.0		0.0	60	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation ir classes include plan				Self-study		SUM		
	Number of study hours	60		5.0		35.0		100	
Subject objectives	The goal is to gain fundamental knowledge in materials physics (metals, semiconductors, dielectrics)								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K6_K01] Understands the need to improve professional and personal competencies; is conscious of own limitations and knows when to turn to experts, properly establishes priorities helping to accomplish tasks defined by oneself or others.		Understanding the need to improve competences, awareness of one's own knowledge and the ability to use the knowledge of experts.			[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice			
	[K6_W03] Has knowledge of materials science and can relate the properties of materials with their structure and composition, knows the theoretical description of phenomena occurring in materials subjected to external factors.		Knowledge of the physics of materials, allowing one to approach the material as a whole, characterized by various properties.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U01] Can properly use selected analytical, simulation and experimental methods, as well as devices for measuring the fundamental properties of materials and technological processes.		The ability to select and use methods enabling the measurement of basic quantities characterizing materials and technological processes.			[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			
	[K6_U06] Can integrate obtained information, interpret it and draw conclusions, as well as formulate and justify opinions.		The ability to integrate information and, based on it, the ability to draw and formulate conclusions and opinions.			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject			

Subject contents	1. A short introduction to atomic and quantum physics.2. Crystal binding energy. Bonds: ionic, covalent, metallic, molecular. Crystal structure.3. Thermal properties of solids. Atomic vibrations in crystals - phonons. Phonon statistics. Density of states. Specific heat: Dulong-Petit law, Einstein and Debye models. Thermal conductivity of solids. Thermal expansion.4. Classical theory of free electrons in metal. Electrical conductivity of metals. Quantum models of electrons in a crystal. Density of electronic states. Band structure of a crystal. Electronic thermal conductivity and specific heat.5. Semiconductor crystals. Electron statistics - concentration of intrinsic carriers. Fermi level in an intrinsic semiconductor. Intrinsic conductivity. Impurity states. The equation of electrical neutrality of a semiconductor. The Fermi level in a doped semiconductor. The ionization energy of the dopant. Dopant conductivity.6 Examples of semiconductor devices.7. Glasses and amorphous materials and their preparation. Short-range ordering, transition from the liquid phase to the glass phase.8. Dielectrics. Macroscopic and microscopic description of magnetic materials. Diamagnetism, paramagnetism, ferromagnetism.10. Superconductivity, properties of the superconducting state, type I and II superconductors, Cooper pairs, high-temperature superconductors. Josephson phenomena.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge in physics and analytical mathematics						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	Written exam	50.0%	50.0%				
	Passing all laboratory exercises	50.0%	50.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	 B.N. Buszmanow, J.A. Chromow, Fizyka Ciała Stałego Wyd. N-T 1973 C. Kittel, Wstęp do fizyki ciała stałego PWN (or any other book) P.A. Tipler, R.A. Llewellyn, Fizyka współczesna PWN 2012 (or any other book) D. Halliday, R. Resnick, J. Walker, PodstawyFizyki t.5 PWN 2003 					
	Supplementary literature	S.O. Kasap "Principles of electronic materials and devices", McGraw- Hill, 2006, 3rd ed.					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Fizyka materiałów - Moodle ID: 44095 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=44095					
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Amorphous and crystalline solids. Bonding energy in crystals. Types of bonds: lonically and covalently bonded solids. Metallic and molecular bonding. Thermal properties of solids. Atomic vibrations in crystals. Phonons. Heat capacity, thermal expansion, thermal conductivity of solids. Classical theory of free electrons in metals. Fundamentals of band theory. Quantum model of free electrons in metals. Fermi-Dirac distribution. Density of states. Band theory of electrical conductivity. Macroscopic properties of superconductors. Classification of solid in the frame of band theory of solids. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors. Effective mass. The role of doping. Electrical conductivity. Magnetic properties of materials. Lasers						
Work placement	Not applicable						

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