

## SDAŃSK UNIVERSITY 的 OF TECHNOLOGY

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Spectroscopic methods for identification of organic compounds, PG_00053340								
Field of study	Biomedical Engineering, Biomedical Engineering, Biomedical Engineering								
Date of commencement of studies	February 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/	2023/2024		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the	at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish	Polish		
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			3.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			asses	assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Chemistry and Technology of Functional Materials -> Faculty of Chemistry								
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Ewa Wagner-Wysiecka						
	Teachers		dr hab. inż. Ewa Wagner-Wysiecka						
			dr inż. Natalia Łukasik						
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	ct	Seminar	SUM	
of instruction	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	30	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity Participation ir classes includ plan				Self-study		SUM		
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		43.0		75	
Subject objectives	Acquiring the ability to use NMR and IR spectroscopy and mass spectrometry to determine the structure of organic compounds								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K7_W53] Knows and understands, to an increased extent, selected aspects of biomedical diagnostics.		Has knowledge of the characterization and identification of organic substances			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_W06] Knows and understands, to an increased extent, the basic processes taking place in the life cycle of devices, facilities and technical systems.		He understands the principle of operation of the apparatus used to characterize organic substances			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_U05] can plan and conduct experiments related to the field of study, including computer simulations and measurements; interpret obtained results and draw conclusions		Can plan experiments and interpret the obtained results			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject			
	[K7_K02] is ready to provide critical evaluation of received content and to acknowledge the importance of knowledge in solving cognitive and practical problems		Understands the importance of knowledge in solving practical problems			[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice			

Subject contents	Isolation from complex post-reaction mixtures or natural raw materials and purification of preparations to obtain the desired organic compound in pure form. Introduction to spectroscopic methods. Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy: theoretical basis. Proton Magnetic Resonance ( <sup>1</sup> H NMR): theoretical basis, ranges of chemical shifts for individual classes of organic compounds. Spin coupling. Calculation of chemical shifts for aromatic protons. Problem solving. <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectroscopy, theoretical basis, chemical shifts and the structure of an organic compound. DEPT method. Solving sentences using, among others calculating carbon shifts in the benzene ring. 2D NMR correlation spectroscopy. NMR spectroscopy of other spin <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> nuclei. Application of the NMR method in medicine. Infrared (IR) spectroscopy theoretical introduction. Characteristic absorption bands for individual classes of organic compounds. Techniques for making IR spectra. IR spectroscopy problem solving. Mass spectrometry (MS) theoretical basis. Apparatus. Introduction to ionization methods. Electron ionization (EI): molecular ion and isotope ions, characteristic fragmentation of individual classes of organic compounds. Other ionization methods: CI method and ESI method. Problem solving.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge of organic chemistry and knowledge of basic laboratory techniques						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	Lecture: written final test	50.0%	50.0%				
	Laboratory: completion of three reports and one test	50.0%	50.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol> <li>R. M. Silverstein, F. X. Webster, D. J. Kiemle, Spektroskopowe metody identyfikacji związków organicznych, PWN, Warszawa 2007.</li> <li>W. Zieliński, A. Rajca (red.), Metody spektroskopowe i ich zastosowanie do identyfikacji związków organicznych, WNT, Warszawa 2000.</li> <li>J. McMurry, Chemia organiczna, PWN, Warszawa, 2003.</li> <li>E. Białecka-Floriańczyk, J. Włostowska, Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne z chemii organicznej, Wyd. SGGW, Warszawa 2007.</li> <li>J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren, P. Wothers, Chemia organiczna. WNT, Warszawa 2009.</li> <li>P. Suder, J. Silberring (red.), Spektrometria mas, Wyd. UJ, Kraków 2006.</li> </ol>					
	Supplementary literature	1. Free spectral databases available on the Internet, eg Spectral Database for Organic Compounds SDBS					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:					