

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Medical rehabilitation, PG_00057497							
Field of study	Mechanical and Medical Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	February 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject		2024/2025			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study			
						Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits		4.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment			
Conducting unit	Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		Dominika Szalewska					
	Teachers Dominika Szalewska							
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	30.0	0.0		0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	dy hours Learning activity Participation in didactic classes included in study plan			Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	45		10.0		45.0		100
Subject objectives	Developing and deepening knowledge and social competences obtained during engineering studies in the field of medical rehabilitation. Familiarizing with the methods and objectives of rehabilitation as a medical and socio-professional process, indications and contraindications for rehabilitationin cardiovascular diseases, in respiratory diseases, in diseases of the nervous system, audiology, phoniatry and diseases of the musculo-skeletal system. Presentation of the latest technological and ICT solutions used in medical rehabilitation.							

professional process. Rehabilitation of patients with diseases of internal organs, including the cardiovascul and respiratory systems, audiology, phoniatrics, gynecology and obstetrics. Medical rehabilitation of patien with diseases of the nervous system. Rehabilitation in diseases of the musculoskeletal system. Adapted physical activity as a supplement to the rehabilitation offer for people with disabilities. Discussion of diagnostic and therapeutic devices used in cardiac and pulmonary rehabilitation, including bicycle	Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
knowledge related to the diagnoses techniques and medical procedures in the scope of the field of study of mechanical- medical engineering describes the principal indications to medical rehabilitation, discussess basic diagnostic techniques like cardiopulmonary exercise test on treadmill or cycleergometer, knows is use knowledge gained from the subject [K7_U01] He/she is able to teach himself/herself, to acquire knowledge referring to the papers, databases and other sources, also in foreign languages, to solve engineering tasks. He/she can integrate and interpret information, to draw conclusions and justify his/ her own opinions The student uses the correct nomenclature of medical rehabilitation. Explains the rehabilitation. [SK4] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [K7_K01] He/she is aware to acquire the knowledge through the whole life, is able to inspire and to organize to teach himself/herself and others in cooperation and in leading position The student is able to use the acquire the knowledge through the interest and she need of cooperation of rehabilitation, nurse, physiotherapist, psychologist, occupational therapists, speech-terapists, rehamanagers, etc. [SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness Subject contents In-depth knowledge of devices and systems used in medical rehabilitation, nurse, physiotherapist, psychologist, occupational therapists, speech-terapists, rehamanagers, etc. In-depth knowledge of devices and systems used in medical rehabilitation, including the cardiovascul and respiratory systems, audiology, phoniatrics, gynecology and obsterics. Medical rehabilitation of patien with diseases of the nervous system. Rehabilitation in diseases of the musculoskeletal system. Ad		knowledge related to diagnosis techniques and medical procedures in the scope of the field of study of mechanical-	present methods of rehabilitation applicable in patients with circulatory system diseases, respiratory system, orthopedic disorders and neurological system				
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acquire the knowledge through the whole life, is able to inspire and to organize to teach himself/herself and others in cooperation and in leading positioninternet search engines in order to find scientific papers concerning medical rehabilitation, understands the need of cooperation of rehabilitation team members: the specialist in physical medicine in rehabilitation, nurse, physiotherapist, psychologist, occupational therapists, speech-terapists, rehamanagers, etc.communication skills, including language correctnessSubject contentsIn-depth knowledge of devices and systems used in medical rehabilitation. Rehabilitation as a medical-soc professional process. Rehabilitation of patients with diseases of internal organs, including the cardiovascul and respiratory systems, audiology, phoniatrics, gynecology and obstetrics. Medical rehabilitation of patient with diseases of the nervous system. Rehabilitation offer for people with disabilities. Discussion of diagnostic and therapeutic devices used in cardiac and pulmonary rehabilitation, including bicycle		himself/herself, to acquire knowledge referring to the papers, databases and other sources, also in foreign languages, to solve engineering tasks. He/she can integrate and interpret information, to draw conclusions and justify his/	nomenclature of medical rehabilitation. Explains the principles of apparatus and devices applicable in medical	use knowledge gained from the			
professional process. Rehabilitation of patients with diseases of internal organs, including the cardiovascul and respiratory systems, audiology, phoniatrics, gynecology and obstetrics. Medical rehabilitation of patien with diseases of the nervous system. Rehabilitation in diseases of the musculoskeletal system. Adapted physical activity as a supplement to the rehabilitation offer for people with disabilities. Discussion of diagnostic and therapeutic devices used in cardiac and pulmonary rehabilitation, including bicycle		acquire the knowledge through the whole life, is able to inspire and to organize to teach himself/herself and others in cooperation and in	internet search engines in order to find scientific papers concerning medical rehabilitation, understands the need of cooperation of rehabilitation team members: the specialist in physical medicine in rehabilitation, nurse, physiotherapist, psychologist, occupational therapists, speech-terapists,	communication skills, including			
Discussions on the construction and operation of the spiroergometer. Discussion of the construction and operation of devices for spirometry and exercise assessment of gases in the exhaled air, paying attention t the differences in devices from different manufacturers. Presentation of devices used to measure or estima physical capacity, i.e. sets for exercise tests with the use of cycloergometers and a mobile treadmill as well as an echocardiograph as a device for assessing adaptive changes in the heart muscle in athletes and sick people. Attention is drawn to the differences in the concepts of: physical capacity and physical fitness. Learning methods of muscle strength measurement, muscle structure model, biomechanical and structural parameters of the human locomotor system, Hill's theory. To familiarize students with the balance platform for assessing balance and conducting proprioceptive training with visual and acoustic biofeedback. The ACX.rehab system, which is a concept of modern rehabilitation and diagnostics in virtual reality, combining classic rehabilitation methods with the possibilities of modern technology. Rehabilitation in diseases of the respiratory system. Rehabilitation of patients suffering from various diseases; rehabilitation after coronary aortic bypass procedures, after heart valve replacement, after heart transplantation. The role of education and rehabilitation. Rehabilitation management specialist as a new member of the rehabilitation team. Telemedicine in neurological and cardiological rehabilitation. Limb prostheses. The role of rehabilitation education, schrole, cybernand - the prosthesis of the future; the most common orthoses of the upp limb. Prostheses and orthoses of the lower limb - general structure, division due to construction, types, application, modern knee joints; c-leg - prosthesis of the future; the most common orthoses of the upp limb. Prostheses and orthoses of the lower limb - general structure, division due to construction and application, modern knee joints; c-leg		physical activity as a supplement to the rehabilitation offer for people with disabilities. Discussion of diagnostic and therapeutic devices used in cardiac and pulmonary rehabilitation, including bicycle ergometers, treadmill and armchair for endurance training, sets for strength training and physical therapy. Discussions on the construction and operation of the spiroergometer. Discussion of the construction and operation of devices for spirometry and exercise assessment of gases in the exhaled air, paying attention to the differences in devices for motifferent manufacturers. Presentation of devices used to measure or estimate physical capacity, i.e. sets for exercise tests with the use of cycloergometers and a mobile treadmill as well as an echocardiograph as a device for assessing adaptive changes in the heart muscle in athletes and sick people. Attention is drawn to the differences in the concepts of: physical capacity and physical fitness. Learning methods of muscle strength measurement, muscle structure model, biomechanical and structural parameters of the human locomotor system, Hill's theory. To familiarize students with the balance platform for assessing balance and conducting proprioceptive training with visual and acoustic biofeedback. The ACX.rehab system, which is a concept of modern rehabilitation and diagnostics in virtual reality, combining classic rehabilitation methods with the possibilities of modern technology. Rehabilitation after coronary aortic bypass procedures, after heart valve replacement, after heart transplantation. The role of rehabilitation. Rehabilitation management specialist as a new member of the rehabilitation team. Telemedicine in neurological and cardiological rehabilitation. Limb prostheses. The role of rehabilitation exolution, Rehabilitation management specialist as a new member of the rehabilitation team. Telemedicine in neurological and cardiological rehabilitation and applications, control; cyberhand - the prosthesis of the future; the most common o					
		Knowledge, skills and social competences in the subject: motor rehabilitation engineering or in the subjects:					
Assessment methods and criteriaSubject passing criteriaPassing thresholdPercentage of the final gradeodsetek prawidłowych odpowiedzi60.0%100.0%		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· · ·			

Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. Kwolek A. (red.). Rehabilitacja medyczna Tom I i II, Wyd. EdraUrban&Partnen,Wrocław 2011.2. Ryszard Piotrowicz, Anna Jegier, Dominika Szalewska i wsp.Rekomendacjew zakresie realizacji kompleksowej rehabilitacjikardiologicznej:stanowisko ekspertów Sekcji RehabilitacjiKardiologiczneji Fizjologii Wysiłku Polskiego TowarzystwaKardiologicznego, Wydawnictwo AsteriaMed, 20	
	Supplementary literature	1. The White Book (WB) of Physical and Rehabilitation Medicine (PRM)inEurope,20182. Cifu D., Lew H.: Braddoms 2. Rehabilitation care: a clinical handbook.Elsevier,1st edition 2017. 3. Giermek i wsp.: Wyroby medyczne	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Discuss the use of the exoskeleton in rehabilitation. Present clinical conditions requiring the use of cranes, wheelchairs, hoists, orthoses and prostheses. List the stages of rehabilitation after a heart attack. List the methods of rehabilitation after ischemic stroke. contaminate devices used for functional diagnostics of patients with cardiovascular diseases. Indicate the medical equipment needed in the rehabilitation of patients after spinal cord injury. Discuss the need for rehabilitation in audiology and laryngology.		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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