

Subject card

Subject name and code	Mechanics of materials, PG_00059365							
Field of study	Mechanical Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	February 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject		2023/2024			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific			
					research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Part-time studies		Mode of delivery		blended-learning			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits		4.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		exam			
Conducting unit	Zakład Mechaniki, Wytrzymałości i Sterowania Złożonych Obiektów Technicznych -> Institute of Mechanics and Machine Design -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk					
	Teachers		dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk					
			mgr inż. Grzegorz Banaszek					
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
of instruction	Number of study hours	18.0	18.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	36
	E-learning hours included: 18.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	activity Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	36		10.0		54.0		100
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic issues related to the strength of materials and strength of structures: 1.Fundamentals of applied mechanics - models of loads, models of materials and structures, methods of strength of materials and structures; loads, structure, stress and strain. 2.Types of structures, design and operation. 3.Environment, models and changes of loads. 4.Strength of materials and structures. Loads on structures, methods of predicting the stress in structure. 5.Specific issues related to strength of materials and structures.							

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Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification	
	[K7_U06] when solving engineering problems on design, technology and operation of machines is able to assess and classify typical methods and tools, define systemic and ex-technical aspects using modern calculating methods and design tools or modifying the current ones	The student has the ability to solve basic problems related to the strength of materials, including the performance of simple engineering tasks. A student is able to solve hiperstatic and non hiper-static problems of strength of the bars, beams and structures of a elstoplastic character. A student is able to investigate the mechanical characteristics of the structures. A student is able to solve the 2-D and 3-D finite element strength of materials problems. A student is able to solve the strength of materials problems in different fields of technology.	[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment	
	[K7_W02] possesses a wide and profound knowledge on continuum mechanics and materials strength within the range of modelling and simulating multi-function mechanical systems	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This includes the topics mentioned in the subject purpose and later. The student has the ability to assess the usefulness of the presented content both from the point of view of designing technical objects and their operation in the broadly understood technology, energy and environmental protection. A student is able to consider the phenomena of the loads impact on the elsto-plastic fixed body for the complex state of strength of structure. A student is able to assess the complex state of loads and stress. A student is able to assess the complex states of loads, stress and deformation using the strength hypotheses and enery-based methods.	[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge	
	[K7_W01] possesses a profound mathematical knowledge useful in the analysis and description of the operation of complex mechanical systems, technological processes and operating properties of machines and devices; is familiar with the main development trends	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This applies to the topics mentioned in the purpose of the subject. Many of these topics relate to mechanical and medical engineering. A student may consider the complex problems concerning the strength of materials as the complex tension, compresion, torsion and bending problems. A student is able to consider the complex problems of strength of materials associated with the thinwalled and thick shells.	[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge	
Subject contents	Lectures concern the presentation of selected issues, including: the basics of strength of materials, strength of a straight bar, strength analysis for statically indeterminate bar systems, torsional strength of bars, bending strength of beams, deformations of bent beams, shearing of bars, states of stresses and strains, methods of stress determination and deformations for statically indeterminate bar systems, evaluation of the strength of bars and bar systems using energy methods, bar buckling, complex strength problems, strength of curved bars, strength of thin-walled bars, calculation of statically indeterminate bar (beam) systems using the force or three-moment method, strength analysis plates and coatings, strength of tanks, strength of thickwalled coatings, stresses in press-fit joints, cracking and fatigue strength, vibrations of linear-elastic systems and the finite element method FEM (MES).			
Prerequisites and co-requisites	The student should have basic information in the field of applied physics and mathematics, mathematical analysis, numerical methods, solid state mechanics, including kinetics and dynamics, technical drawing and the basics of programming. A student is able to solve the ordinary and partial differencial eguations. A student has the selected knowledge in maths: linear algebra, analitical geometry, trygonometry, differencial and integral calculus. A student has the selected knowledge in general mechanics: statics, kinetics, dynamics. A student has the knowledge in strength of materials at a level of B.Sc. course - WMI and WMII.			
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Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade	
and criteria half term exam, final exam		56.0% 100.0%		
Recommended reading	Basic literature Supplementary literature	Literatura: 1. Bąk R., Burczyński T.: Wytrzym ujęcia komputerowego. WNT, V 2. Dyląg Z., Jakubowicz A., Orłoś WNT, Warszawa, t. I 1996, t. II 3. Misiak J.: Mechanika techniczn materiałów. WNT, Warszawa 1 4. Kaliński K. J.: Nadzorowanie pr mechanicznych. Gdańsk: Wyda 5. Gallagher R. H.: Finite element Prentice Hall 1975. 6. Niezgodziński M.E., Niezgodziń wytrzymałościowe. Warszawa: 7. Walczyk Z.: Wytrzymałość materi. II 2001. 8. Żmuda J.: Projektowanie konstrinacje wykłacie wy	nałość materiałów z elementami Varszawa 2001. Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. 1997. a. Statyka i wytrzymałość 996. rocesów dynamicznych w układach aw. PG 2012. analysisfundamentals. New Jersey: riski T.: Wzory, wykresy i tablice WNT 1996. eriałów. Wyd. PG, Gdańsk t. I 2000, rukcji stalowych. Wydawnictwo rukcji stalowych. Wytrzymałość rtoryjne z wytrzymało ci materiałów. Butterworth-Heinemann, 2001. George J Bruce, Butterworth- W Mandal, Nisith Ranjan, Springer	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: Mechanika materiałów, PG_000593 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodl Mechanika materiałów, C, MiBM, so niestacjonarne, (PG_00059365) - N https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodl	e/course/view.php?id=37531 em. 01, letni 23/24, II stopień, Moodle ID: 38576	

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Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	1. Assembly stresses - arise as a result of correcting dimensional differences of the connected elements of the structure. Example. To install a bar of length I between two vertical walls, increase its length by D. A tensile force N appears in the cross-section of the bar, which causes assembly stresses.
	2. Example. A beam with a length of 2l and stiffness El, pinned at its ends, is loaded with a uniformly distributed load q acting on length l. Formulate the equation of deflection angles and deflection axis and determine the deflection angle and deflection at point B.
	Additionally:
	Analysis of combined stress of a bar under bending and tension (compression).
	Analysis of stress of a bar under oblique bending.
	Analysis of stres of hiper-static structures by the force method.
	Analysis of stress and deformations of plates under bending.
	Application of FEM method to solve the 2-D and 3-D structures stress problems.
Work placement	Not applicable

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