

§ GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY § OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Numerical modeling of thermal-flow processes, PG_00057392							
Field of study	Mechanical Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies			Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/2025		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			5.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			exam		
Conducting unit	Department of Energy	y and Industria	Apparatus ->	Faculty of Med	hanical	Engine	ering and Shi	o Technology
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Paweł	Ziółkowski				
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	ect Seminar		SUM
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	30.0		0.0	60
	E-learning hours inclu	uded: 0.0		;				
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes includ plan		Participation i consultation h		Self-st	udy	SUM
	Number of study hours	60		10.0		55.0		125
Subject objectives	Presentation of issues concerning mathematical modelling of power installations, including thermodynamic cycles and selected devices of power installations using commercial codes, so that the student is able to properly model the process and interpret the results. Presentation of capabilities of CFD code.							
Learning outcomes	Course out	Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K7_W09] possesses profound knowledge on the directions of development of construction of machines, devices, calculating methods and systems aiding the design, materials and their properties, manufacturing methods and diagnostics, control- measurement equipment		Students acquire knowledge about the possibilities of designing and optimizing the operation of heat- flow devices using numerical modeling.			[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	[K7_U06] when solving engineering problems on design, technology and operation of machines is able to assess and classify typical methods and tools, define systemic and ex-technical aspects using modern calculating methods and design tools or modifying the current ones [K7_W03] possesses a profound knowledge on thermodynamic processes and their simulation, knows simulation methods and programs aiding the design and operation of power generating machines and process equipment, including renewable energy sources, air conditioning and cooling renewable energy sources, air conditioning and cooling		student is able to theoretically and experimentally formulate mathematlical model of technical problem, is conscious of the role and apply mathematical model linearization, knows standard mathematical models, can adapt standard mathematical model to the technical problem student is able to transform technical problem into mathematical model, applies apropriate mathematical simulation methods		[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			

Subject contents	Repeat the information on thermodynamic cycles and broaden the information on their modeling with the use of commercial tools. Presentation of balances, constitutive equations, the way of setting conditions in CFD codes. Regulation and control of devices in the context of heat exchangers. Presentation of capabilities of CFD and CFM code.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Thermodynamics. Mathematics I,II, III, physics, fluid mechanics, solid mechanics						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	Written exam	56.0%	70.0%				
	Laboratory	56.0%	30.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Ziółkowski, Learning materials Also available in electronic form Stephen Turns: Thermal-Fluid Sciences an integrated approach. Cambrige University Press, New York 2006.					
		Wolfgang Altmann: Practical process control for engineers and technicians. Newnes, Oxford 2005.					
		Rolf Kehlhofer: Combined-cycle gas & steam turbine power plant. The Fairmont Press, Lilburn, 1991					
		https://www.imp.gda.pl/en/imp-pan-publishing/transactions-of-the- institute-of-fluid-flow-machinery/articles/by/129/					
		https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1742-6596/1101/1/012050/pdf					
		http://journals.pan.pl/dlibra/publication/119103/edition/103642/content					
		https://www.mdpi.com/1996-1073/13/7/1656					
		https://www.e3s-conferences.org/articles/e3sconf/pdf/2019/63/ e3sconf_rdpe2019_01023.pdf					
		https://www.imp.gda.pl/files/transactions/139/04_paper.pdf					
		https://www.imp.gda.pl/files/transactions/138/138_03.pdf					
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:					

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Balance of mass, momentum and energy in 0D and 3D approach.
U I	Analysis of the physical phenomenon and the possibility of analysis in the numerical code.
	Solving engineering problems using advanced commercial tools.
	Creating a numerical model
	Discretization of numeric model - types of mesh and their main characteristics
	Ways of defining of thermal and flow boundary conditions
	Analysis of received the results of numerical simulations and their interpretation
Work placement	Not applicable