

## 。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Strength of Materials, PG_00062069							
Field of study	Civil Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject		2023/2024			
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group					
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of	nguage of instruction			Polish	
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits			6.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessmer	ssessment form			exam	
Conducting unit	Katedra Wytrzymałości Materiałów -> Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor	prof. dr hab. inż. Magdalena Rucka						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr inż. Łukasz Pachocki					
			dr inż. Karol Daszkiewicz					
		dr inż. Erwin Wojtczak						
			dr inż. Tomasz Ferenc					
			prof. dr hab. inż. Wojciech Witkowski					
			prof. dr hab. inż. Jacek Chróścielewski					
			prof. dr hab. inż. Magdalena Rucka					
			mgr inż. Tomasz Wiczenbach					
			mar inż. Błażej Meronk					
			ar inz. Marcin Nowak					
			dr inż. Dawid Bruski					
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project		Seminar	SUM
of instruction	Number of study hours	45.0	30.0	0.0	15.0		0.0	90
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in classes includ plan	didactic Participation in ed in study consultation hours		n Iours	Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	90		0.0		0.0		90
Subject objectives	Determination of stresses, strains and deflections in bar elementsIdentification of the problems of Strength of MaterialsAnalysis of complex stress statesStability analysis of structural elementsAssessment of limit load-carrying capacity of cross-sections of bar elements.							

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	[K6_W02] Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the processes and established methods of analysis / solution of engineering issues & problems in the field of civil engineering and of their limitations.	The student has knowledge of structural statics and strength of materials, describes the behaviour of structures under external influences and analyses the extent to which analytical models are valid. The student recognises basic material models and identifies strength cases.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_W05] Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of research methods (obtaining information, simulations, experimental methods) in the field of civil engineering.	The student transforms stresses and strains in plane states. The student determines stresses based on internal forces in bar systems. The student dimensions sections of members due to ultimate and serviceability limit states. The student recognises elastic and plastic/boundary state dimensioning. The student analyses the stability of a structure and its components.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K6_U01] Apply knowledge and understanding of mathematics as well as sciences and engineering disciplines underlying civil engineering to solve engineering problems and issues.	The student uses knowledge of mathematics, physics, structural statics and strength of materials to solve problems in structural mechanics, including solving computational tasks	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			
	[K6_U05] Conducts research (obtaining information, simulations, experimental methods) in the field of construction in order to solve specific tasks and report research results.	The student solves tasks and design issues. The student prepares a report on the calculations made.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
	[K6_K03] Can effectively, clearly and unambiguously convey information, describe activities and communicate their results/ outcomes to engineers or a wider audience using appropriate communication methods and tools.	The student presents the results of the calculations carried out in an understandable way and gives clear and adequate answers to the questions concerning them.	[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice [SK3] Assessment of ability to organize work [SK4] Assessment of communication skills, including language correctness			
Subject contents	Assumptions and the scope of Strength of Materials (SM). Stress and strain - definitions. Plane stress and plane strain. Three-dimensional stress and strain state. Hookes law (constitutive relations). Boundary problem of linear elasticity theory. Classification of problems of Strength of Materials. Axial tension (compression), statically indeterminate cases, stress concentration. Results of laboratory tests of materials: tension/compression, core of the cross-section, eccentric compression with the tension zone excluded. Free torsion of rods. Circular and rectangular cross-sections. Open thin-walled cross-sections, closed thin-walled cross-sections, shear centre (bending centre). Compound and multiple beams. Composite beams tension/ compression, bending. Deflection line of a beam. Eulers equation, integration methods. Moment-area method (Mohrs method). Redundant cases. Potential energy of elastic strain. Clapeyrons theorem. Unit energy of elastic strain (shear, compression, bending, torsion). Castiglianos theorems calculating deflections (beams, frames, trusses), graphical integration. Stability of beams. Elastic and inelastic buckling. Design of axially compression, bending, tension/compression with bending). Plasticity zones of a beam. Cables. Stresses perpendicular to the beam axis under bending. Curvilinear beams, tension/compression, bending, tension/compression, bending, tension/compression, bending. Tension/compression, bending, tension/compression, bending. Plasticity zones of a beam. Cables. Stresses perpendicular to the beam axis under bending. Curvilinear beams, tension/compression, bending. Figure attension/compression, bending, tension/compression with bending). Plasticity zones of a beam. Cables. Stresses perpendicular to the beam axis under bending. Curvilinear beams, tension/compression, bending. Elements of rheology, time-dependent material models. Results of laboratory tests of materials: creep, relaxation and fatigue tests. Restrained torsion of open-shaped thin-walled cross-sections.					
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Course Engineering Mechanics shou should be taken.	uld be completed. Course Experimen	tal Methods in Strength of Materials			
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and criteria	Written exam	60.0%	80.0%			
	Project tasks	60.0%	20.0%			

Recommended reading	Basic literature	Bielewicz E.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. Politechnika Gdańska, Gdańsk 1968, 1972, 1977, 1980, 1984, 2001, 2006,			
		,,,,,			
		Szymczak Cz., Skowronek M., Witkowski W., Kujawa M.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. Zadania. PG, Gdańsk 2002, 2009.			
		Dyląg Z., Jakubowicz A., Orłoś Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów, tom I, Wydawnictwa Naukowo-Techniczne, 2003.			
		Chróścielewski J.: Materiały pomocnicze do wykładu z Wytrzymałości Materiałów (na portalu eNauczanie).			
	Supplementary literature	Piechnik S.: Wytrzymałość materiałów, podręcznik dla studentów wyższych szkół technicznych. PK, Kraków 2000.			
		Jastrzębski P., Mutermilch J., Orłowski W.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. Arkady, Warszawa 1974.			
		Orłowski W., Słowiański L.: Wytrzymałość materiałów, przykłady obliczeń. Arkady, Warszawa 1978.			
		Jakubowicz A., Orłoś Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa 1968.			
		Magnucki K., Szyc W.: Wytrzymałość materiałów w zadaniach, PWN, Warszawa-Poznań 1987.			
		Dyląg Z., Jakubowicz A., Orłoś Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów, tom II, Wydawnictwa Naukowo-Techniczne, 2003.			
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:			
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Determine axial forces in a truss / truss-frame system, determine stresses and deflections. Draw the normal stress diagram at a cross-section of a beam at bending, determine the allowable load due to elastic load-carrying capacity. Determine buckling load of a bar, given boundary conditions and a cross-section, perform the elastic buckling check.				
Work placement	Not applicable				

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