

表 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Models in spatial development, PG_00053610							
Field of study	Spatial Development							
Date of commencement of studies	February 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/2025		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits			2.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Urban Design and Regional Planning -> Faculty of Architecture							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor	rvisor dr inż. Robert Skrzypczyński						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
of instruction	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	30
	E-learning hours incl							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation i classes includ plan		Participation i consultation h		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	30		2.0		18.0		50
Subject objectives	To acquaint students with various types of models used in spatial management, methods of their creation and application.							neir creation
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification		
	K7_U04		model based on digitized tools, which is appropriate to the task related to spatial planning and identified spatial conditions			[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools		
	K7_U02					[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information		
Subject contents	 The concept and types of models and their role. Iconographic and descriptive (ideological, conceptual) models concerning cities historical and contemporary. Models in urban, region and country planning - creation and application. Models of tourism development. Systemic views of cities and other social territorial systems. Population models. Partial and comprehensive quantitative models (mathematical and simulation models of cities): model classifications, Lowry model, models: gravity, flow, Land-Use Transportation Interactions (LUTI), cellular automata, Agent-Based Models, microsimulation models. The paradigm of Zipser spatial decisions, ORION. Predictive models based on machine learning tools and neural networks. Data sources applicable for quantitative models. Models of regional growth. Spatial processes, selected theories of spatial management - model approaches. City control models. Application of models in scenarios. Classical theories of urban analysis in quantitative big data based-models. 							
Prerequisites and co-requisites								
Data wydruku: 13 05 2024						Strona	172	

Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and criteria	Activity during lectures - tests (quizzes)	50.0%	20.0%			
	Colloquium (test)	50.0%	80.0%			
Recommended reading	Basic literature	 Carta, S., Big Data, Code and the Discrete City Shaping Public Realms, Routledge, 2020 Domański R., Gospodarka przestrzenna. Podstawy teoretyczne (rozdz. 9), WN PWN, Warszawa 2006. Kitchin R., Lauriault, T.P., McArdle, G., Data and the City, Routledge, 2018 Malisz B., Teoria kształtowania układów osadniczych, Arkady, Warszawa 1981. Mironowicz I., Modele transformacji miast, Oficyna Wyd. Politechniki Wrocławskiej, Wrocław 2016. Offenhuber, D., C., Decoding the City: Urbanism in the Age of Big Data, MIT, 2014 Prezentacje do wykładów (pliki pdf). Shi, W., Goodchild, M., Batty, M., Kwan, MP., Zhang, A. (red.), Urban Informatics, Springer, 2021 Suchecki B., Ekonometria przestrzenna. Metody i modele analizy danych przestrzennych, Wyd. C.H, Beck, 2010 van Nes, A., Yamu, C., Introduction to Space Syntax in Urban Studies, Springer, 2021. Majda T., Mironowicz I. (ed.), Manifesty urbanistyczne, Biblioteka 				
		Urbanisty 15, Warszawa 2017. 2. Zipser T, Sławski J. Modele procesów urbanizacji, Studia KPZK PAN XCVII, PWE, Warszawa 1988.				
	eResources addresses					
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	 Types of models from the point of view of: the way of expressing reality / the goals of their construction In which phases of the planning process the models can be used? What can models refer to in designing the spatial structure of the city? What submodels does the LUTI Model contain? What data can supply quantitative models? How big data can enhance the process of shaping cities? How the "space syntax" methodology can be applicable in the planning practice? List examples of the use of machine learning and neural networks as a tools helping to understand urbanization processes. 					
Work placement	Not applicable					