



Subject card

Subject name and code	Dynamic Signals and Systems, PG_00058787						
Field of study	Electrical Engineering						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022	Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/2025		
Education level	first-cycle studies	Subject group					
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	3	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	5	ECTS credits			3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Katedra Inteligentnych Systemów Sterowania i Wspomagania Decyzji -> Faculty of Electrical and Control Engineering						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr inż. Bartosz Puchalski					
	Teachers	dr inż. Bartosz Puchalski dr inż. Tomasz Rutkowski					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM	
	Number of study hours	45	3.0		27.0	75	
Subject objectives	The objective of the course is for the student to acquire adequate knowledge and skills in the signal analysis and processing.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome			Method of verification		
	K6_W08	Performs frequency analysis of continuous and discrete signals. Determines relationships between spectra of sampled signals and analog originals. Models and analyzes linear continuous and discrete dynamic systems in the time and frequency domain. Determines relationships between spectra of analog reconstructions and discrete originals.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
	K6_U04	Computes the discrete Fourier transform (DFT) for analyzing discrete signals and sampled continuous signals. Designs and implements digital filters.			[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information		
Subject contents	<p>LECTURE Continuous-time and discrete-time signals. Sampling. Frequency of discrete-time signals. Sampling theorem. Complex exponential signal. Fourier series of continuous-time signals. Fourier series of discrete-time signals. Fourier transform of continuous-time and discrete-time signals. Discrete Fourier transform. Z transform. Basic properties of systems. Representing linear dynamic systems: differential and difference equations, transfer function, frequency response, discrete convolution. Transmission of signals through linear systems. Basic structures of digital filters. Digital filter design by analog prototyping. Reconstruction of analog signals. Downsampling and upsampling.</p> <p>LABORATORY Fourier series. Implementation of discrete Fourier transform (DFT). Using sampling and DFT for the analysis of selected continuous-time signals (square wave, sawtooth etc.). Spectral analysis of distorted signals in three-phase systems. Computing the total harmonic distortion (THD) of these waveforms. Design, implementation and testing of selected digital filters. Implementation and analysis of the phase-locked loop (PLL) algorithm.</p>						

Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Reports and tests related to laboratory exercises	50.0%	50.0%
	Test of lecture-related knowledge	50.0%	50.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>1. Śleszyński W.: Sygnały i systemy dynamiczne. Politechnika Gdańska, Wydział Elektrotechniki i Automatyki, Gdańsk 2010.</p> <p>2. Wojciechowski J. M.: Sygnały i systemy. WKŁ, Warszawa 2008.</p> <p>3. Zieliński T.P.: Cyfrowe przetwarzanie sygnałów. WKŁ, Warszawa 2007.</p> <p>4. Oppenheim A. V., Willsky A. S., Nawab S. H.: Signal and Systems. Prentice-Hall, 1997</p> <p>5. Chen C.-T.: System and Signal Analysis. Saunders College Publishing, 1994</p>	
	Supplementary literature	<p>1. Szabatin J.: Podstawy teorii sygnałów. WKŁ, Warszawa 2000.</p> <p>2. Izydorczyk J., Płonka G., Tyma G.: Teoria sygnałów. Helion, Gliwice 1999.</p> <p>3. Gabel R., Roberts R. A.: Sygnały i systemy liniowe. WNT, Warszawa 1978</p> <p>4. Lyons R.G.: Wprowadzenie do cyfrowego przetwarzania sygnałów. Warszawa: WKŁ 2000.</p> <p>5. Oppenheim A. V., Schafer R.W.: Cyfrowe przetwarzanie sygnałów. WKŁ, Warszawa 1979</p> <p>6. Franklin G.F., Workman M.L., Powell D.: Digital Control of Dynamic Systems. Addison-Wesley, 1998.</p>	
	eResources addresses	<p>Adresy na platformie eNauczanie: SYGNAŁY I SYSTEMY DYNAMICZNE [ET][2024/25] - Moodle ID: 39834 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/moodle/course/view.php?id=39834</p>	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<p>1. A periodic sequence of period N is made of the following samples (per period): 4, 2, 0, 3, 0, -3, 2, 0. Find the Fourier series coefficient c2.</p> <p>2. Draw a block schematic of the discrete-time system defined by a given transfer function.</p> <p>3. Find the difference equation of the dynamic system defined by a given transfer function. Compute the first 6 samples of the response of the system to a given input sequence.</p> <p>4. Find the difference equation an transfer function of the filter defined by a given block schematic. Compute the filter gain for selected frequencies.</p> <p>5. Using the "Euler backward" method ($s = (1 - 1/z) / T$), digitize the PI controller with the following transmittance: $R(s) = K_p + K_i / s$. Give the differential equation of the controller. Calculate the steady-state value of the impulse response and the starting value of the step response.</p>		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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