

## SDAŃSK UNIVERSITY 的 OF TECHNOLOGY

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Designing of energetical installations, PG 00057251								
Field of study	Power Engineering								
Date of commencement of studies	February 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/2024			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits			3.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit	Faculty of Ocean Eng	ineering and S							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor				ski				
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers		dr hab. inż. Marian Piwowarski dr hab. inż. Marian Piwowarski						
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	:t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	0.0	15.0		0.0	30	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation i classes includ plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study hours	30		10.0		35.0		75	
Subject objectives	Gaining knowledge o	n industrial inst	allations and p	ossibilities of a	pplying	them ir	n energetics		
Learning outcomes	Course outcome Subject outcome Method of verification					erification			
			The student is able to use the theoretical knowledge of energy installations to design its elements			[SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation			
	[K7_W03] knows advanced aspects of automation and automatic control of power systems or transmission networks and internal installations		The student is able to characterize the methods of automatic regulation of energy systems			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_K05] is aware of the impact of engineering activities on the environment		The student is able to assess the impact of the operation of specific energy installations on the environment			[SK1] Assessment of group work skills			
	[K7_U02] is able to use known mathematical and numerical methods to analyze and design elements, systems and power transmission networks and internal installations		The student is able to apply the learned mathematical relationships to the analysis and design of energy installations			[SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject			
Subject contents	Review of the most important Industrial energetic installations. Including of the auxiliary equipment to the energetic installations. Steam-water installations. Oil and fuel installations. Construction of the energetic pipelines. Pumping installations. Pneumatic and ventilation installations. Application of the pumps and compressors to the energetic installations.								
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge on therma	al turbines and	their thermal c	ycles.					
Data wydruku: 20.05.2024	00.07					Strong	a 172		

Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
	lecture test	60.0%	50.0%			
	project	100.0%	50.0%			
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Głuch J. (red), <i>Cieplno-przepływowe relacje diagnostyczne w ruchowych warunkach przemysłowych,</i> Politechnika Gdańska WOiO, Monografia, Gdańsk 2007				
		Szuman R., Urządzenia elektrowni cieplnych, WNT Warszawa 1974				
		Zembaty W., <i>Systemy i urządzenia chłodzące elektrowni cieplnych,</i> WNT, Warszawa 1993.				
		Kosowski K, <i>Ship Turbine Power Plans</i> , Wyd. PG Delft University, Gdańsk 2004				
		Kosowski K, <i>Introduction to the theory of marine turbines</i> , Wyd. PG Delft University, Gdańsk 2004				
		Andrzejewski M., <i>Projektowanie elektrowni parowych</i> , WNT, Warszawa 1994				
	Supplementary literature	Worlds Technical Press				
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:				
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Why condenser cooling water pumps of closed coolig systems has larger power need for pumping compared with such pumps in open cooling systems?					
Work placement	Not applicable					