



Subject card

Subject name and code	Thermodynamics, PG_00055279						
Field of study	Design and Construction of Yachts						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022	Academic year of realisation of subject			2023/2024		
Education level	first-cycle studies	Subject group					
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	4	ECTS credits			3.0		
Learning profile	practical profile	Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Institute of Ocean Engineering and Ship Technology -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Damian Bocheński				
	Teachers		dr inż. Patrycja Puzdrowska				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	45		10.0		20.0	75
Subject objectives	acquaint with the basic concepts of classical thermodynamics, laws of thermodynamics, properties of thermodynamic substances, energy and exergy balances for thermodynamic systems, ideal cycles of thermal machines, and explain the importance of lecture subjects in engineering practice						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome			Method of verification		
	K6_K01	The student applies knowledge of thermodynamics to solve technical problems.			[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice		
	K6_W03	The student knows the basic concepts of the terminology used in thermodynamics. It describes the properties of thermodynamic systems using zero and first and second laws of thermodynamics. Shows the energy metabolism in the system work and entropic systems. Specifies balances: mass, energy, and exergy. Presents the ideal gas law and describes the properties of the energy of IC engines, steam power plant, refrigeration and heat pumps with respect to their theoretical circuits.			[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		
Subject contents	LECTURE Introduction. Fundamentals of thermodynamics. The zeroth law of thermodynamics. The principle of conservation of amount of substances. The first law of thermodynamics. Energy balance. Equations of ideal, semi-ideal and real states. Entropy. Changes in ideal gases. The second law of thermodynamics. Theoretical cycles in internal combustion piston engines. Theoretical cycles in internal combustion turbine engines. Thermodynamics of solids and fluids. Thermodynamics of steams. Theoretical cycles in steam power plant. Theoretical cooling cycles and heat pumps.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Subject knowledge of Physics, Fluid Mechanics, Mathematics						
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold			Percentage of the final grade		
	test	60.0%			100.0%		

Recommended reading	Basic literature	Pudlik W.: Termodynamika. Wyd. PG, Gdańsk 1995. 2. Szargut J.: Termodynamika. PWN, Warszawa 1980. 3. Szargut J.: Termodynamika techniczna. PWN, Warszawa 1991. 4. Szargut J.: Termodynamika techniczna. PWN, Warszawa 1998. 5. Wiśniewski S.: Termodynamika techniczna. WNT, Warszawa 1980. 6. Wiśniewski S.: Termodynamika techniczna. WNT, Warszawa 1999. 7. Wiśniewski S., Wiśniewski T.S.: Wymiana ciepła. WNT, Warszawa 1994. 8. Pudlik W., Grudziński D., Cieśliński J., Jasiński, W.: Termodynamika zadania i przykłady obliczeniowe. Gdańsk 2008
	Supplementary literature	Buchowski H, Ufnalski W.: Podstawy termodynamiki, WNT, Warszawa 1998. 2. Domański R., Jaworowski M., Redow M., Kołdyś J.: Wybrane zagadnienia z termodynamiki w ujęciu komputerowym. PWN, Warszawa 2000. 3. Staniszewski B.: Termodynamika. PWN, Warszawa 1982.
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	1. Present the First Law of Thermodynamics in descriptive and analytical terms, 2. Describe the entropy of solids and liquids, 3. Draw a simple Joule cycle diagram and show graphs of such a cycle in "T-s" and "i-s" systems, and determine the formula for its efficiency, 4. Prove that the work performed by a piston machine in isothermal transformations is not equal for the same piston displacement, 5. Draw a heat graph for water, excluding heat of its pushing, and mark on it the heat	
Work placement	Not applicable	