

Subject card

| Subject name and asds | Physical methods of | materials testir | ng PG 000589 | 939 | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|------------|--|---------|-----|--|--|
| Subject name and code | Physical methods of materials testing , PG_00058939 | | | | | | | | | |
| Field of study | Fizyczne metody badań materiałów | | | | | | | | | |
| Date of commencement of studies | October 2024 | | Academic year of realisation of subject | | | 2025/2026 | | | | |
| Education level | first-cycle studies | | Subject group | | | Obligatory subject group in the field of study | | | | |
| | | | | | | Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study | | | | |
| Mode of study | Full-time studies | | Mode of delivery | | | at the university | | | | |
| Year of study | 2 | | Language of instruction | | | Polish | | | | |
| Semester of study | 3 | | ECTS credits | | 2.0 | | | | | |
| Learning profile | general academic profile | | Assessme | nt form | | assessment | | | | |
| Conducting unit | Institute of Nanotechnology and Materials Engineering -> Faculty of Applied Physics and Mathematics -> Wydziały Politechniki Gdańskiej | | | | | | | | | |
| Name and surname | Subject supervisor | | prof. dr hab. inż. Wojciech Sadowski | | | | | | | |
| of lecturer (lecturers) | Teachers | prof. dr hab. inż. Wojciech Sadowski | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | dr inż. Piotr Okoczuk | | | | | | |
| | dr hab. inż. Marcin Łapiński | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | dr inż. Kamil Kolincio | | | | | | | | |
| Lesson types | Lesson type | Lecture | Tutorial | Laboratory | Projec | t | Seminar | SUM | | |
| | Number of study hours | 30.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 30 | | |
| | E-learning hours included: 0.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| | eNauczanie source addresses: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Moodle ID: 2110 Fizyczne metody badań materiałów 2025 https://enauczanie.pg.edu.pl/2025/course/view.php?id=2110 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Additional information: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Zajęcia prowadzone są w formie prezentacji wykładowej wraz z komentarzem. | | | | | | | | | |
| Learning activity and number of study hours | Learning activity Participation in classes included plan | | | | Self-study | | SUM | | | |
| | Number of study hours | 30 | | 2.0 | | 18.0 | | 50 | | |
| Subject objectives | The aim of the course physical interaction of | | | | | | | | | |

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| Learning outcomes | Course outcome | Subject outcome | Method of verification | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | [K6_W07] has systematic knowledge of the physical and chemical principles of nanotechnology (methods of obtaining nanostructures, types of nanostructures, their properties, basic research methods). | The student has systematic knowledge of the physical and chemical foundations of nanotechnology (basic research methods). | [SW1] Ocena wiedzy faktograficznej | | | | |
| | [K6_W09] Has knowledge of the structure and operation of scientific instruments, measuring and test equipment and in the field of planning and conducting a physical experiment and critical analysis of its results. | The student has knowledge of the construction and operation of physical instruments, measuring and research equipment, as well as of conducting a physical experiment and critically analyzing its results. | [SW1] Ocena wiedzy faktograficznej | | | | |
| | [K6_U02] can analyze and solve simple scientific and technical problems based on possessed knowledge, applying analytical, numerical, simulation and experimental methods. | The student is able to analyze simple scientific and technical problems based on existing knowledge, using analytical and experimental methods. | [SU3] Ocena umiejętności wykorzystania wiedzy uzyskanej w ramach przedmiotu | | | | |
| Subject contents | Introduction to the physical foundations of materials research. Interaction of primary beams with matter: electromagnetic waves, acoustic waves, and corpuscular particles. Optical studies microscopic methods. Acoustic and thermal studies. Electrical studies. Diffraction studies. Studies of electronic structure. Studies of magnetic properties. Spectroscopic methods for chemical composition studies. Optical spectroscopy and photometry. UV-Vis and FTIR spectroscopy. Tunneling microscopy and spectroscopy. Application of lasers in materials research. | | | | | | |
| Prerequisites and co-requisites | Fundamentals of materials science. Introduction to nanotechnology. Physics. | | | | | | |
| Assessment methods and criteria | Subject passing criteria | Passing threshold | Percentage of the final grade | | | | |
| | Written assessment | 60.0% | 70.0% | | | | |
| | Participation in classes | 70.0% | 30.0% | | | | |
| Recommended reading | Basic literature | Concise Encyklopedia of Materials Characterization. Ed. R.W. Cahn. Perrgamon Press, 1993. | | | | | |
| | Supplementary literature | Fizyczne metody diagnostyki medycznej i terapii. Pod red. A.Z. Hrynbkiewicza i E. Rokity. PWN, 2013. Encyklopedia of materials characterization. Surfaces, Interfaces, Thin Films. Ed. C.Richard Brundle et al. 1992. | | | | | |
| | eResources addresses | | | | | | |

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| Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed | Primary beam sources used in research; measurement signal detectors, measurement signal analyzers. Interaction of primary beams with matter: electromagnetic waves, acoustic waves, corpuscular particles: electrons, atoms, ions, protons, neutrons, positrons. |
|--|--|
| | Electrical studies: Ohm's law macroscopically and microscopically, two-point, four-point, and six-point methods, electrical conductivity and resistance as a tensor, Hall effect. |
| | Diffraction studies: X-ray diffraction of polycrystalline and single-crystalline samples, powder diffraction, the rotating crystal method, the Laue method, the Bragg method, and the Ewald construction. |
| | Electronic structure studies: ARPES spectroscopy. |
| | Magnetic properties studies: magnetization and magnetic susceptibility. |
| | Diffraction studies: X-ray diffraction of polycrystalline and single-crystalline samples, powder diffraction, rotating crystal method. |
| | Scanning probe microscopy techniques: surface morphology imaging techniques, SPM techniques for structural studies, SPM techniques for electrical and magnetic properties, tunneling spectroscopy. |
| | Laser applications in materials research |
| Practical activites within the subject | Not applicable |

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