

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Computer Networks in Robotics, PG_00038330								
Field of study	Automation, Robotics and Control Systems								
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group			Specialty subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study			
Mode of study	Part-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university			
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish			
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits			3.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form			assessment			
Conducting unit	Faculty of Electrical and Control Engineering								
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		prof. dr hab. inż. Grzegorz Redlarski						
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers								
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM	
	Number of study hours	10.0	0.0	10.0	0.0		0.0	20	
	E-learning hours included: 0.0								
	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:								
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM	
	Number of study hours	20		7.0		48.0		75	
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is an acquisition of the knowledge skills and competences in the field of design, administration and maintenance of computer networks used, among others, in industrial distributed systems.								
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome			Method of verification			
	[K7_W08] has in-depth knowledge of program development and design of complex systems automation systems using PLC and SCADA, transmission and processing of signals occurring in a variety of physical objects								
	[K7_K02] can interact and work in a group assuming various roles and identify priorities for the achievement of a specific task					[SK2] Assessment of progress of work			
	[K7_U07] is able to use analytical, simulation and experimental methods to formulate and solve engineering tasks and simple research problems in the field of automation and robotics		The student is able to use specialized computer tools supporting the solution of a specific task			[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			

 Models of the computer networks The physical and logical topologies of computer networks 4. Network and subnetworks Power distributed computer systems The tools to the support of the process of computer systems designing. 						
The basic knowledge of numeral systems (binary, decimal, hexal and octal).						
Subject passing criteria Test - lecture part	Passing threshold 60.0%	Percentage of the final grade 50.0%				
Laboratory report	60.0%	50.0%				
Basic literature	[1] Cisco Networking Academy program, CCNA 1 and 2 Companion Guide, 3 rd Edition. Cisco Systems Inc., 2004.					
Supplementary literature [1] Cisco Networking Academy program CCNA 3 and 4 Companion Guide, 3 rd Edition. Cisco Systems Inc., 2004.						
eResources addresses						
1. Similarities and differences between models: OSI and TCP/IP						
2. Basic networking devices - the essence of an action						
3. The physical topology of computer networks						
4. The logical topology of computer networks						
5. The essence of the division of the networks into subnetworks						
Not applicable						
	 2. The physical and logical topologie 3. Power distributed computer system 4. The tools to the support of the product of the product of the part of	2. The physical and logical topologies of computer networks 4. Network 3. Power distributed computer systems 4. The tools to the support of the process of computer systems designing The basic knowledge of numeral systems (binary, decimal, hexal and oc Subject passing criteria Passing threshold Test - lecture part 60.0% Laboratory report 60.0% Basic literature [1] Cisco Networking Academy pr Guide, 3rd Edition. Cisco Systems I Supplementary literature [1] Cisco Networking Academy pr Guide, 3rd Edition. Cisco Systems I supplementary literature [1] Similarities and differences between models: OSI and TCP/IP 2. Basic networking devices - the essence of an action 3. The physical topology of computer networks 4. The logical topology of computer networks 5. The essence of the division of the networks into subnetworks				

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