



Subject card

Subject name and code	Supramolecular chemistry and medicine, PG_00053339						
Field of study	Biomedical Engineering, Biomedical Engineering, Biomedical Engineering						
Date of commencement of studies	February 2025		Academic year of realisation of subject		2024/2025		
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group		Optional subject group Specialty subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	1		ECTS credits		3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Chemistry and Technology of Functional Materials -> Faculty of Chemistry						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Ewa Wagner-Wysiecka				
	Teachers		dr hab. inż. Ewa Wagner-Wysiecka				
			dr inż. Radosław Pomećko				
			dr hab. inż. Robert Tylingo				
			dr inż. Agata Sommer				
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		3.0		42.0	75
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the broadly understood aspects of the interdisciplinary field of science - supramolecular chemistry - with particular emphasis on application areas in medicine and related sciences.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[K7_K02] is ready to provide critical evaluation of received content and to acknowledge the importance of knowledge in solving cognitive and practical problems		The student interprets the results of the obtained research, drawing constructive conclusions in relation to the data presented in the world literature		[SK5] Assessment of ability to solve problems that arise in practice [SK2] Assessment of progress of work		
	[K7_U02] can perform tasks related to the field of study as well as formulate and solve problems applying recent knowledge of physics and other areas of science		Student is able to prepare a design concept illustrating the use of modern supramolecular chemistry in medicine		[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task		
	[K7_W51] Knows and understands, to an increased extent, selected aspects of chemistry and biochemistry constituting general knowledge in the field of biomedical engineering.		Student defines concepts related to supramolecular chemistry and its applications which is part of the knowledge in the field of biomedical engineering - Student describes techniques and methods used in the field of biomedical engineering - using the achievements of modern supramolecular chemistry		[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge		

Subject contents	<p>Lecture: Definition of supramolecular chemistry. Types of complexing molecules; the concepts of ligand, substrate, receptor, host, guest. Types of interactions in supramolecular systems. Examples of synthetic host molecules, complexing compounds (podandss, coronands, cryptands, spherands, calixarenes, hetero- and homo-calixarenes, metalloporphyrins and others). The complexation of cations, anions and molecules. Effects: chelate, macrocyclic and cryptic. Pearson's theory of hard and soft acids and bases (HSAB). Strategy for the synthesis of macrocyclic compounds. Factors promoting cyclization (template effect, preorganization of substrate molecules, dilution method). Self-organization and molecular recognition. Chemistry of macromolecules (polymers), basic properties of macromolecules, types of polymerization reactions. Macrocyclic ligands: cyclodextrines and their complexes, dendrimers, cyclophanes and steroids. The phenomenon of preorganization, systems containing a large number of hydrogen bonds (rosettes, tapes - ribbons, fibers and two-dimensional networks, capsules with hydrogen bonds, gas hydrate clathrates). Supramolecular interactions exemplified with polysaccharide biopolymers (chemistry of chitosan, alginate, starch), protein biopolymers (collagen, fibrinogen). Self-organization of nucleic acids (DNA and RNA chemistry), types of supramolecular interactions occurring in biopolymers and the possible uses of these interactions. Intermediate systems between chemical molecules and cells of living organisms, lipid membranes, microemulsions, micelles, fibers, nanotubes, liquid crystals. Examples of the application of supramolecular chemistry in the food and cosmetics industries. Supramolecular systems occurring in nature (biological systems) and their role; examples of natural complexing compounds (antibiotics, siderophores, etc.). Supramolecular biomimetic systems: enzymes, cells, channels. Applications of supramolecular chemistry in medicine: a) diagnostics - optical and fluorescent sensors, logic gates, electrochemical sensors, imaging systems; multifunctional nanoparticles b) therapeutics - chelate therapy, drug delivery and controlled release systems, supramolecular antibiotics. (Nano)Molecular machines.</p> <p>Laboratory:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Modification of bacterial cellulose for imparting antimicrobial properties. 2. Immobilization techniques of bioactive materials used in medicine - encapsulation polysaccharide-based hydrogel 3. Supramolecular interactions in constructing III generation dressings 4. Supramolecular polymers interactions used in 3D-bioprinting 5. Supramolecular analytical chemistry - applications in biomedical analysis 		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Knowledge and skills (applies also to the practical part of the subject - laboratory) in the field of organic, analytical, physical chemistry, and biochemistry.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Performing of the laboratory classes and passing tests	100.0%	50.0%
	colloquium on the lecture material (written or oral)	51.0%	50.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Jonathan W. Steed, David R. Turner, Karl Wallace: "Core Concepts in Supramolecular Chemistry and Nanochemistry", Wiley 2009 2. Katsuhiko Ariga, Toyoki Kunitake: "Supramolecular Chemistry - Fundamentals and Applications: Advanced Textbook", Springer Science & Business Media, 2006 3. Peter J. Cragg "From Biological Inspiration to Biomedical Applications" Springer Science+Business Media B.V. 2010 4. "Wybrane aspekty chemii supramolekularnej", Praca zbiorowa pod redakcją Grzegorza Schroedera, BETAGRAF P.U.H. Poznań 2009 5. "Kompleksy typu gość-gospodarz" red. Grzegorz Schroeder, SERIA: Chemia Supramolekularna, BETAGRAF Poznań, 2003 6. Aktualne pozycje literatury światowej zamieszczane w materiałach wykładowych 	
	Supplementary literature	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Grzegorz Schroeder, Joanna Wyrwał: "Maszyny molekularne", SERIA: Chemia Supramolekularna, BETAGRAF Poznań 2004 2. Błażej Gierczyk, Joanna Kurczewska, Grzegorz Schroeder, "Pracownia z chemii supramolekularnej. Fizykochemia receptorów molekularnych", Poznań 2008 3. Materiały supramolekularne Praca zbiorowa pod redakcją Grzegorza Schroedera, BETAGRAF P.U.H. Poznań 2008 	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:	

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<p>Describe the basic relationships characteristic for guest-host chemistry.</p> <p>List and illustrate with examples the types of interactions in supramolecular systems (giving examples of systems occurring in nature and synthetic ones).</p> <p>Discuss drug delivery and controlled release systems based on supramolecular interactions.</p>
Work placement	Not applicable

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