



Subject card

Subject name and code	Management of Database Systems, PG_00047963						
Field of study	Informatics						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024	Academic year of realisation of subject			2027/2028		
Education level	first-cycle studies	Subject group			Optional subject group Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study		
Mode of study	Full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	4	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	7	ECTS credits			3.0		
Learning profile	general academic profile	Assessment form			assessment		
Conducting unit	Department of Software Engineering -> Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Informatics						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr inż. Grzegorz Gołaszewski					
	Teachers	dr inż. Grzegorz Gołaszewski					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	45
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	45		3.0		27.0	75
Subject objectives	Subject aims at practical knowledge and skills of database systems administration, including security, efficiency and integrity management.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[K6_W44] knows and understands, to an advanced extent, architecture, design principles and methods of hardware and software support for local and distributed information systems, including computing systems, databases, computer networks and information applications, as well as the principles of human-computer interaction, the operation and evaluation criteria of data processing, storage and transfer methods, including computational algorithms, artificial intelligence and data mining as well as standards and methods of IT systems administration, monitoring of processes and robustness to undesirable phenomena and activities	The student knows the issues of administering database systems, including: - rules of user and permissions administration, - rules for database and instance management, - rules for tracking and optimizing database performance, - rules for creating data copies and data recovery.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge
	[K6_U12] is able, to an advanced degree, to analyze the operation of components and systems related to the field of study, and to measure their parameters and study their technical characteristics, as well as to plan and carry out experiments related to the field of study, including measurements and computer simulations, and to interpret the obtained results and draw conclusions	The student demonstrates the ability to administer database systems, in particular: - to analyze and audit the security policy of the database system, - to measure of query performance, - to monitor database instance performance.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment
	[K6_U07] can apply methods of process and function support, specific to the field of study	The student is able to perform tasks in the field of administering database systems, including: - demonstrates the ability to install the Oracle database system, - demonstrates database and instance management skills, - demonstrates the ability to manage users, - demonstrates the ability to track and optimize database performance - demonstrates the ability to restore a database after a failure.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment
	[K6_U09] can carry out a critical analysis of the functioning of existing technical solutions and assess these solutions, as well as apply experience related to the maintenance of technical systems, devices and facilities typical for the field of studies, gained in the professional engineering environment	The student is able to assess the state and performance of the database and instance.	[SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment
Subject contents	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction to database systems management. DBA tasks. 2. Database system architecture, an example of Oracle DBMS 3. Management of logical and physical database structures. 4. Database system security: privileges, roles and users 5. Database system security: creating archives and restoring 6. Database system performance: tracking 7. Database system performance: database tuning, capacity planning 8. Database system performance: query optimization mechanisms 9. Database system performance: clusters 10. Failure models of database systems and restore processes. Bug tracking and problem solving. 11. Automation of DBA tasks 		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Midterm colloquium	50.0%	50.0%
	Practical exercise	50.0%	50.0%

Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>Lecture:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Christian Antognini, "Troubleshooting Oracle Performance", Apress 2008 2. Elke Phelps, Paul Jackson, "Oracle Applications DBA Field Guide", Apress 2006 3. Ron Ben Natan, "HOWTO Secure and Audit Oracle 10g and 11g", Taylor & Francis Group 2009 4. Sam R. Alapati, "Expert Oracle Database 11g Administration", Apress 2009 <p>Laboratory:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Oracle Database 2 Day DBA, 19c. 2. Oracle Database Database Administrators Guide, 19c 3. Oracle Database Database Installation Guide, 19c for Linux 4. Oracle Database Database Client Installation Guide, 19c for Linux 5. Oracle Database Database 2 Day + Performance Tuning Guide, 19c 6. Oracle Database Database Performance Tuning Guide, 19c 7. Oracle Database SQL Language Reference, 19c
	Supplementary literature	No requirements
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauzanie:
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Design a security policy in accordance with the given requirements and implement it. 2. Describe the storage structures used in the Oracle system and explain their mutual relations. 3. Why is an inconsistent copy of data is called an online copy? How can you restore consistent data from an inconsistent backup? 	
Work placement	Not applicable	

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