

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Strenght of materials towards applications , PG_00053661							
Field of study	Mechanical Engineering							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2022		Academic year of realisation of subject			2024/2025		
Education level	first-cycle studies		Subject group					
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	3		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	6		ECTS credits		2.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessme	essment form		assessment		
Conducting unit	Institute of Mechanics and Machine Design -> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering and Ship Technology							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. inż. Mirosław Gerigk					
	Teachers							
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	30		0.0		0.0		30
Subject objectives	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic issues related to the strength of materials, from the basis of material strength, simple strength cases, complex strength to energy methods in strength and the basics of the FEM method.							

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Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	K6_U07	The student has the ability to solve basic problems related to the strength of materials, including the performance of simple engineering tasks using the adequate methods, models, tools and design criteria based on regulations.	[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
	K6_W06	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This applies to the topics mentioned in the purpose of the subject. Many of these topics relate to mechanical engineering.	[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	K6_W12	The student has the ability to analyze the basics of material strength, the compressive / tensile strength of a straight bar, strength analysis for statically indeterminate bar systems, torsional strength of bars, beam strength - bending, deformation of a bent beam, bar shear (shear bar), stress states, stress state and deformations, methods of determining stresses (shear forces, bending moments) and deformations for statically indeterminate bar systems, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of bars and bar systems - energy methods, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of beams and frames using the Maxwell method -Mohra, bar buckling, basics of the finite element method FEM. The student has the ability to model issues related to the strength of materials in the field of rigid bodies, biomechanics, mechanical systems, vibrations and basic mechanical structures.	[SW3] Assessment of knowledge contained in written work and projects [SW2] Assessment of knowledge contained in presentation [SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	K6_U01	The student has the ability to analyze basic issues related to the strength of materials in the field of theory and solving simple tasks and practical problems. This includes the topics mentioned in the subject purpose and later. The student has the ability to assess the usefulness of the presented content both from the point of view of designing technical objects and their operation in the broadly understood technology, energy and environmental protection.	[SU5] Assessment of ability to present the results of task [SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools [SU3] Assessment of ability to use knowledge gained from the subject [SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information [SU1] Assessment of task fulfilment			
Subject contents	The lectures concern, in turn: the basis of material strength, the compressive / tensile strength of a straight bar, strength analysis for statically indeterminate bar systems, torsional strength of bars, beam strength - bending, deformation of a bent beam, bar shear (shear bar), stress states, state of stress and deformations, methods of determining stresses (shear forces, bending moments) and deformations for statically indeterminate bar systems, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of bars and bar systems - energy methods, determination of elastic energy, stresses and deformations of beams and frames using the Maxwell method -Mohra, bar buckling, basics of the finite element method FEM.					
Prerequisites and co-requisites	The student should have basic information in the field of applied physics and mathematics, mathematical analysis, numerical methods, solid state mechanics, including kinetics and dynamics, technical drawing and the basics of programming.					
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
and criteria	Half term and final egzam	56.0%	100.0%			

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Recommended reading	Supplementary literature	<ol> <li>Bąk R., Burczyński T.: Wytrzymałość materiałów z elementami ujęcia komputerowego. WNT, Warszawa 2001.</li> <li>Dyląg Z., Jakubowicz A., Orłoś Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa, t. I 1996, t. II 1997.</li> <li>Misiak J.: Mechanika techniczna. Statyka i wytrzymałość materiałów. WNT, Warszawa 1996.</li> <li>Kaliński K. J.: Nadzorowanie procesów dynamicznych w układach mechanicznych. Gdańsk: Wydaw. PG 2012.</li> <li>Gallagher R. H.: Finite element analysisfundamentals. New Jersey: Prentice Hall 1975.</li> <li>Niezgodziński M.E., Niezgodziński T.: Wzory, wykresy i tablice wytrzymałościowe. Warszawa: WNT 1996.</li> <li>Walczyk Z.: Wytrzymałość materiałów. Wyd. PG, Gdańsk t. I 2000, t. II 2001.</li> <li>Żmuda J.: Projektowanie konstrukcji stalowych. Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, 2016.</li> <li>Ship Construction by D. J. Eyres, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2001.</li> <li>Elements of Modern Ship Construction by David J. House, 2010.</li> <li>Ship Construction 7th Edition, by George J Bruce, Butterworth-Heinemann, May 2012.</li> <li>Ship Construction and Welding by Mandal, Nisith Ranjan, Springer Series on Naval Architecture, Marine Engineering, Shipbuilding and Shipping.</li> </ol>			
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:			
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Assembly stresses - arise as a result of correcting dimensional differences of the connected elements of the structure. Example. To install a bar of length I between two vertical walls, increase its length by D. A tensile force N appears in the cross-section of the bar, which causes assembly stresses.  2. Example. A beam with a length of 2I and stiffness EI, pinned at its ends, is loaded with a uniformly distributed load q acting on length I. Formulate the equation of deflection angles and deflection axis and determine the deflection angle and deflection at point B.				
Work placement	Not applicable				

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