

。 GDAŃSK UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Subject card

Subject name and code	Methods of remote sensing analysis, PG_00045751							
Field of study	Geodesy and Cartography							
Date of commencement of studies	February 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject		2024/2025			
Education level	second-cycle studies		Subject group					
Mode of study	Full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university			
Year of study	1		Language of instruction		Polish			
Semester of study	2		ECTS credits		5.0			
Learning profile	general academic profile		Assessment form		assessment			
Conducting unit	Department of Geodesy -> Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering							
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr inż. Anna Sobieraj-Żłobińska					
	Teachers		dr inż. Anna Sobieraj-Żłobińska					
			dr inż. Krystyna Michałowska					
Lesson types and methods of instruction	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Projec	t	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	30.0	15.0	0.0		0.0	75
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	75		10.0		40.0		125
Subject objectives	Acquisition of knowledge and skills in the field of advanced processing methods for images obtained from aerial and satellite platforms, as well as the analysis and interpretation of multispectral and multitemporal remote sensing studies							

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification			
	[K7_U03] can make the interpretation of aerial and satellite photos and develop products based on remote sensing data	He possesses the ability to analyze and interpret raw and processed remote sensing data obtained from aerial and satellite platforms. He is capable of preparing multitemporal studies in the form of thematic maps (land cover/use, changes in selected environmental factors), index maps for selected parameters (vegetation, soil, temperature, etc.), and performing extraction and analysis of information based on the prepared products.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			
	[K7_U04] can use the techniques of digital image processing in digital photogrammetry and remote sensing	He is capable of using digital processing methods for remote sensing images to create orthophotos, perform filtering, calibration, classification, calculate indices, and generate thematic maps and spatial databases.	[SU4] Assessment of ability to use methods and tools			
	[K7_W03] has knowledge of the basic physical remote sensing; knows the available photographic materials and satellite data as well as their potential uses; knows the basics of digital image processing and analysis of aerial and satellite image; has deep knowledge of remote sensing applications including knowledge of the usage of remote-sensing methods and technologies of data acquisition for the construction of topographic and thematic databases purpose	He has advanced knowledge of remote sensing and its applications in the visible, infrared, and microwave ranges. He is familiar with advanced methods for processing remote sensing images and correcting geometric and radiometric distortions. He is also knowledgeable in technologies for creating thematic maps and databases based on remote sensing data.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_W04] has knowledge of the digital image processing basics	He possesses the ability to analyze and interpret raw and processed remote sensing data obtained from aerial and satellite platforms. He is capable of preparing multitemporal studies in the form of thematic maps, index maps for selected parameters, and conducting information analysis based on the prepared products.	[SW1] Assessment of factual knowledge			
	[K7_U05] can choose, depending on the nature of the study, methods for assessing the quality of photogrammetric and remote sensing products and elaborations.	He possesses the skills to analyze the accuracy and quality of remote sensing data based on the geometric and radiometric parameters of images and is capable of selecting the appropriate source data specifications to achieve optimal results in remote sensing studies.	[SU2] Assessment of ability to analyse information			
Subject contents						
	 Processing of remote sensing images: panchromatic, multispectral, and radar for thematic information extraction. Creation of thematic studies using image filtering techniques, image classification, object-based classification, index calculation, and multitemporal image analysis. Preparation of remote sensing products in the form of thematic maps (land cover/use, changes in selected environmental factors), index maps for selected parameters (vegetation, soil, temperature, etc.), and spatio-temporal variability maps. Spatio-temporal analyses and interpretation of raw and processed remote sensing data obtained from aerial and satellite platforms. Extraction and analysis of information based on multispectral and multitemporal remote sensing products. 					

	Ctudente ebould sesses breis he	owledge of remote services in the time	a concente related to data acquisition				
Prerequisites	Students should possess basic knowledge of remote sensing, including concepts related to data acquisition from satellite and aerial sensors, and the fundamentals of imaging across different spectral ranges.						
and co-requisites	nom sateme and achar sensors, and the fundamentals of imaging across different spectral ranges.						
Assessment methods	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade				
and criteria	Subject passing criteria	ů v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v	<u> </u>				
	Report 2	60.0%	15.0%				
	Report 4	60.0%	10.0%				
	Report 5	60.0%	10.0%				
	Report 6	60.0%	10.0%				
	Assessment Test	51.0%	35.0%				
	Report 3	60.0%	10.0%				
	Report 1	60.0%	10.0%				
Recommended reading	Basic literature						
Recommended reading							
		Adamczyk J Bedkowski K ·	Digital Methods in Remote Sensing.				
		SGGW Publishing House, W	arsaw 2005.				
		 Kurczvński Z.: Aerial and Sat 	tellite Imaging of the Earth: Publishing				
		House of Warsaw University of Technology, Warsaw 2006.					
		 Michałowska, K.; Pirowski, T.; Głowienka, E.; Szypuła, B.; Malinverni, E.S. Sustainable Monitoring of Mining Activities: Decision-Making Model Using Spectral Indexes. Remote Sens. 					
		2024, 16, 388.					
		 Sanecki J. (Ed.): <i>Remote Sensing: Data Acquisition</i>. WNT, 2006. Jensen J. R.: Remote Sensing of the Environment. An Earth Resource Perspective. Prentice Hall, 2000. Lillesand T.M., Kiefer 					
		R.W.: Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation. John Wiley &					
		Sons, 2004					
	Cumplementer viliterature	-					
	Supplementary literature						
			Remote Sensing. Introduction to GIS.				
		 PK Publishing House, 2004. Pirowski T · Ranking of Meth 	ods for Integrating Remote Sensing				
		Images of Different Resolution	ons Evaluation of Photointerpretation				
		Qualities of LANDSAT TM a	nd IRS-PAN Data Fusion, Archives of				
		Photogrammetry, Cartograph	hy, and Remote Sensing; 2010.				
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie	2:				
Example issues/	Geometric and atmospheric correction of satellite images.						
example questions/	Calculation of indices based on multispectral and SAR data: vegetation, moisture, backscatter (sigma0, bate). Beteintermetation and evaluate of actallite actall actallite actallite actallite actallite actallite actallite ac						
tasks being completed	 beta0, gamma). Photointerpretation and analysis of satellite and aerial images. Supervised and unsupervised image classification, object-based classification analysis of results along with accuracy assessment. 						
	Spatio-temporal analyses based on optical and SAR radar images application of "change detection"						
	algorithms.						
Work placement	Not applicable						
work placement							

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